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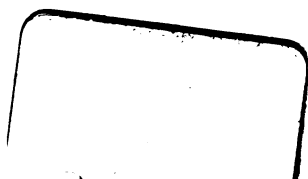


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GIFT OF

Massachusetts Prison Commission

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FOURTH ANNUAL REPORT c7
OF THE
BOARD OF PRISON COMMISSIONERS
OF
MASSACHUSETTS,

INCLUDING THE REPORTS OF THE

WARDEN OF THE STATE PRISON,
SUPERINTENDENT OF THE MASSACHUSETTS REFORMATORY, AND
SUPERINTENDENT OF THE REFORMATORY PRISON FOR WOMEN.

FOR THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1904.

JANUARY, 1905.



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FEB 27 1917

NOTE ON THE CONTENTS.

This document begins with a general report of the Prison Commissioners, which briefly summarizes the ordinary affairs, but notes particularly important changes in legislation or management during the year. That part of the report also includes such recommendations and suggestions as it seems desirable to bring to the attention of the General Court.

The subdivisions containing the details of this document are briefly summarized as follows :—

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The statistics relating particularly to the State Prison and reformatories are included in the respective reports of the warden and superintendents. Statistics that are common to all prisons will be found in the general tables. The index contains a reference to every separate topic of the report.

BOARD OF PRISON COMMISSIONERS,
STATE HOUSE, BOSTON.

FREDERICK G. PETTIGROVE, *Chairman,*
MARGARET P. RUSSELL, MARY V. O'CALLAGHAN,
HENRY PARKMAN, ARTHUR H. WELLMAN,
Commissioners.
J. WARREN BAILEY, *Secretary.*

List of State and County Prisons.

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

NAME OF PRISON.	Location.	Name and Title of Principal Officer.	Annual Salary.
State Prison,	Boston; P. O., Charlestown.	Benjamin F. Bridges, Warden.	\$4,000 00
Massachusetts Reformatory,	Concord; P. O., Concord Junction.	Charles S. Hart, Superintendent.	3,500 00
Reformatory Prison for Women, . . .	Sherborn; P. O., South Framingham.	Mrs. Frances A. Morton, Superintendent.	2,000 00
State Farm,	Bridgewater; P. O., State Farm.	Hollis M. Blackstone, Superintendent.	3,000 00
Temporary Industrial Camp for Prisoners.	Rutland; P. O., West Rutland.	William A. Witham, Superintendent.	1,500 00

JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.

COUNTY.	Location.	Name of Keeper or Master.	Annual Salary.
Barnstable,	Barnstable,	George H. Cash, . . .	\$600 00
Berkshire,	Pittsfield,	C. W. Fuller, Sheriff, .	1,000 00
Bristol,	New Bedford,	J. Arthur Taylor, . . .	2,000 00
	Taunton,*	I. Granville Carrier, .	900 00
Dukes County,	Edgartown,*	Eben D. Earle, . . .	200 00
Essex,	Ipswich,†	Howard G. Lane, . . .	1,200 00
	Lawrence,	Charles A. Stillings, .	1,300 00
	Newburyport,*	Charles L. Ayers, . . .	1,200 00
	Salem,	Sam'l A. Johnson, Sheriff,	1,000 00
Franklin,	Greenfield,	Charles S. Richardson, .	1,000 00
Hampden,	Springfield,	Embury P. Clark, Sheriff,	1,000 00
Hampshire,	Northampton,	Jairus E. Clark, Sheriff, .	1,000 00
Middlesex,	Cambridge; P. O., East Cambridge.	John R. Fairbairn, Sheriff,	1,000 00
	Lowell,*	Alvah S. Baker, . . .	1,500 00
Nantucket,	Nantucket,	Frederick F. Parker, .	50 00
Norfolk,	Dedham,	Samuel H. Capen, Sheriff,	1,000 00
Plymouth,	Plymouth,	Henry S. Porter, Sheriff, .	1,000 00
Suffolk,	Boston; Charles Street,*	Fred H. Seavey, Sheriff, .	1,000 00
	Boston; Deer Island, Boston Harbor.†	James R. Gerrish, . . .	2,500 00
	Fitchburg,	B. D. Dwinell, . . .	1,400 00
Worcester,	Worcester,	R. H. Chamberlain, Sheriff,	1,000 00

NOTE.—Places marked with a * are jails only; those marked with a † are houses of correction only. All others have a jail and house of correction combined. In every case the keeper or master is provided with a residence free of rent, and in a few instances the other living expenses are paid by the county.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

STATE HOUSE, BOSTON, Jan. 7, 1905.

To the Honorable the Senate and the House of Representatives in General Court assembled:

The Board of Prison Commissioners respectfully submits its fourth annual report, which relates to the year that began Oct. 1, 1903, and ended Sept. 30, 1904. The separate reports on institutions give itemized information concerning the condition of the prisons; and detailed statements as to arrests, probation, and all criminal matters are set forth under special heads in this report.

During the period above named there were committed under sentence to all prisons 29,694 persons, and this was an increase of 2,350 as compared with the preceding year. On Sept. 30, 1904, there remained in custody 6,890 persons, — 221 more than were held at the close of the year before. Of this number, 338 were awaiting trial, being 33 less than were held in that way last year.

The whole number of arrests in all the cities and towns for the year was 113,162, being an increase over the preceding year of 6,734. This increase was almost wholly accounted for by the larger number of arrests for drunkenness in the cities, which amounted to 65,268, — an increase of 6,287. In the towns there was an increase in the total arrests, but a decrease of 522 in the number arrested for drunkenness.

The particulars as to criminal prosecutions will be found in the tabulated statements in later pages of the report; and it there appears that in the superior court the cases begun and pending amounted to 8,822, which was 167 more than in 1903. There were 117,868 cases before the police, municipal and district courts and trial justices in the year, and 62,658 sentences were imposed by them. The number of sentences in the superior court was 2,504, — a slight decrease from last year.

The figures show that there was an increase of 650 in the number of cases disposed of by being placed in the care of the probation officer in the police, municipal and district courts. There was also an increase of 147 in the number of cases that were treated in this way by the superior courts.

Chapter 363 of the Acts of 1904 revised the law relative to the religious instruction of prisoners so that it reads as follows : —

An inmate of any prison or other place of confinement or public charitable or reformatory institution shall not be denied the free exercise of his religious belief and the liberty of worshipping God according to the dictates of his conscience, in the place where he is confined ; and he shall not be required to attend any other service or religious instruction other than that of his own religious belief : *provided*, that religious services and instructions of his own belief are regularly held at the institution ; and he may, in illness, upon request to the warden, keeper or master, receive the visits of any clergyman whom he may wish. The officers and boards of officers who have the management and direction of such institutions shall make such regulations as may be necessary to carry out the intent and provisions of this section. The provisions of this section shall not be so construed as to impair the discipline of any such institution, so far as may be needful for the good government and safe custody of its inmates, nor prevent the assembling of all the inmates, who do not attend a regularly held religious service of their own belief, in the chapel thereof for such general religious instruction, including the reading of the Bible, as the board having charge of the institution considers expedient.

In conformity with the requirements of the act, the Prison Commissioners adopted the following regulation : “ Whenever a prisoner is committed to a prison where religious services of more than one belief are held, such prisoner shall be asked to elect the service he will attend ; and he will be required to attend such service regularly during the term of his imprisonment. In case the prisoner declines to make such election, he shall be required to attend such service as may be designated by the warden, superintendent, master or keeper, as the case may be.” This act made no change in the State Prison, because for many years the plan proposed by the above-quoted law and rule has been substantially followed at that place. In the Massachusetts Reformatory and the Reformatory Prison for Women, and in such of the jails and houses of correction as have two religious services, the act has been carried into full effect.

State Prison.

At the beginning of the year there were 812 prisoners at the State Prison, and at the end of the year there were 872 in custody there. The population at that place now exceeds the single-cell capacity of the main buildings. It has been necessary for the greater part of the year to occupy all the rooms in the building provided in 1894 for the separate imprisonment of such convicts as could not safely be kept at work in the congregate workshops. The building has not been needed to any great extent for its original purpose, and it is therefore available for the accommodation of the overflow from the cell blocks. The rooms in the separate building are large and well lighted, and when the crowded condition makes it unavoidable that two prisoners shall be kept in one cell, as is the case at Charlestown from time to time, these rooms are used for that purpose instead of the old cells. But the law expressly requires that there shall be as many separate cells as there are prisoners; and if the present rate of commitments to the State Prison continues, and there is no marked lessening of the number of sentences, or shortening of the terms imposed by the courts, it will be necessary to enlarge the accommodations of the prison. It would be unwise, however, to make any further extension of the old buildings at Charlestown. The prison is now in good condition, in regard to all matters of discipline, and nearly all the prisoners have some work. But there are nevertheless some conditions, due to the situation of the buildings and their inadequacy, that prevent the carrying out of some plans that might be put into operation if more space and more modern facilities could be provided. The proximity of this place to the railroad must have a harmful effect upon some of the prisoners, and the restricted area of the yard prevents the enlargement of the workshops. It is not the purpose, however, to recommend that a new prison shall be constructed unless it can be provided substantially without expense to the State. But whenever the prison property now owned by the Commonwealth in Charlestown shall become so valuable for business purposes as to be salable for a reasonable price, the State Prison should be established where ample space can be provided for large and commodious workshops, in which industries that do not involve the use of machinery may be extended and amplified, and where employment on the land may

be available for all prisoners who can with advantage be engaged in that work.

No changes have been made in the buildings, but the extension of one of the shops, mentioned in the last report, has been completed. The room for the exhibit of prison-made articles has been fitted up, and samples of all goods for public use made in any of the prisons can now be inspected at the State Prison. This department has proved to be of great convenience to the purchasing officers of the different public institutions.

Chapter 303 of the Acts of 1904, which was based upon the recommendation of the commissioners, changed the law relative to the punishment of habitual criminals so that it now reads as follows:—

Whoever has been twice convicted of crime and has been sentenced and committed to prison in this or another state, or once in this and once or more in another state, for terms of not less than three years each, and does not show that he has been pardoned for either crime on the ground that he was innocent, shall, upon conviction of a felony in this Commonwealth, be considered an habitual criminal and be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for the maximum term provided by law as a penalty for the felony for which he is then to be sentenced.

This act was approved on May 6, 1904, and in the following month a prisoner who had twice before been sentenced to the State Prison was convicted of the crime of breaking and entering, and given the maximum penalty of twenty years. The last sentence under the old law was imposed late in December, 1903, upon a prisoner who was already under sentence in the State Prison. During the year 4 prisoners serving terms as habitual criminals were given permits to be at liberty by the Governor and Council. One prisoner so released was returned for violating the terms of his permit, and 13 habitual criminals now remain under sentence.

Massachusetts Reformatory.

The Massachusetts Reformatory had 51 more prisoners at the end of the year than were held Oct. 1, 1903. The number on Sept. 30 was 954; but, unlike the State Prison, the institution is not crowded; it has separate cell capacity for more than a thousand prisoners, and it is not probable that this number will be exceeded in the near future.

When the reformatory was opened, a great many prisoners were committed for the offence of drunkenness. In recent years the number of commitments for that offence has diminished, but there are still received some cases of that kind that might well be disposed of otherwise. It might be advisable also to discontinue the practice of sending cases of stubbornness to the reformatory, unless, as happens in some instances, that term is merely used to cover offences of a more serious name. A boy convicted of stubbornness simply, seems hardly a fit subject for the reformatory, which was intended as a place for the correction of persons convicted of crime. It often happens that, when the parents appear against a stubborn boy, they get the impression that if sent to Concord he will be held only a short time, and that they can readily obtain his release upon application to the commissioners. There is so much misapprehension of this sort that it seems advisable to restate the method of obtaining a release from the reformatory.

In the first place, the law provides that a prisoner may obtain a release from the reformatory when it appears to the Prison Commissioners that he has reformed. And it is further stated that the commissioners shall make rules for dealing with these prisoners according to their conduct and industry. By the law, these rules must be approved by the Governor and Council. Under the regulations covering the release, all prisoners sentenced for felony are required to serve for at least twelve months, with a perfect record, and all for misdemeanors at least nine months. Many of them are held a longer time, on account of the loss of marks and for various infractions of the rules, but as far as permits by the commissioners are concerned, none serves a shorter time.

Constant occupation is provided for all the inmates, either in taking care of the buildings, in the workshops or in the trade schools. In fact, every prisoner who requires instruction, either in the trade schools or in the evening schools, is given an opportunity to improve himself as far as possible during his detention at this place. The prisoners who work in the third grade are necessarily deprived of many of the privileges granted to the other inmates; but, as the rules provide that a man may earn his release from the third grade by one month of good conduct, the deprivation of privileges need not last long. The use of the separate workrooms has been continued for the discipline of prisoners who could not be readily cor-

rected by loss of marks, and whose offences were not of such an aggravated nature as to warrant imprisonment in a punishment cell. The use of the single workroom in this way has often avoided a reduction to the third grade.

In the superintendent's report there is a reference to some changes and improvements that are needed at the reformatory; and it is recommended that the sum of \$6,000 be granted for repainting the iron work of the institution, for repairing the wall, for the removal of some farm buildings, and for making needed repairs on the houses occupied by the subordinate officers, and the walks adjacent to them.

Reformatory Prison for Women.

There has been a substantial diminution of the number of prisoners in the Reformatory Prison for Women, which had 219 prisoners at the beginning of the year, and only 190 on Sept. 30, 1904. The usual routine of employments has been followed throughout the year, and there has been no change in the methods. A few years ago the plan of keeping women in a separate department, known as "probation," for one month or two months after their admission, was discontinued, and during this year the method that was substituted for that plan has been systematized and refined to make it more serviceable to the requirements of the individual cases. At present a prisoner on her commitment is kept apart from the other inmates only for such a time as the physician thinks it may be necessary to keep her under special observation as to her physical and mental condition. The department in which this detention takes place is now known as the hospital annex, and is constantly under the supervision of the physician and her assistants. Whenever the physician reports that a prisoner can be safely put into the congregate part of the prison, the superintendent orders the removal and assignment to work. This explanation is given here because it does not appear to be clearly understood by court officials that it is now several years since the general use of the probation rooms was entirely abandoned.

The work of the sewing school has been continued, and in some instances has shown gratifying results. All the industrial features of the reformatory are established with a view to teaching habits of industry, and imparting such knowledge of work as may be beneficial to the inmates on their release.

When the office of treasurer and steward of the Reformatory Prison for Women was abolished, in 1883, an appointment of a steward by the superintendent was authorized. No such appointment was ever made, however, and last year the Legislature repealed the law on that subject.

The superintendent calls attention to the need of repairs on the driveways, and it is recommended that the sum of \$3,000 be appropriated for making such repairs as are required to put them in good condition.

Many years ago, when the act authorizing the expenditure for aiding discharged female prisoners was passed, it was intended to cover the Reformatory Prison for Women and the jails and houses of correction; it did not contemplate the Boston House of Industry, because ample provision was made by the city for the assistance of women discharged from that place. In 1896 the Deer Island institution became a house of correction, and since that time many of the prisoners from it have required assistance from the State appropriation. It will readily be understood that, with the large addition to the number of discharged prisoners, it has become a serious matter to find money enough to carry out the original purpose of the law. One other circumstance that makes the need of more money is, that the commissioners are expected to contribute somewhat from this appropriation to the support of the Temporary Asylum for Discharged Female Prisoners at Dedham. In some years the amount that could be spared to the asylum has been exceedingly small, and entirely out of proportion to a due consideration of this useful charity. The appropriation should be increased about \$500, to enable us to properly care for the work under existing circumstances.

Temporary Industrial Camp for Prisoners.

In the report of last year reference was made to the proposed experiment in reclaiming waste land, which is authorized by sections 63-68 of chapter 225 of the Revised Laws. Since that time the State has taken title to the lot of land mentioned in that report, and there has been established on that land an industrial camp for prisoners, substantially in accordance with the plan outlined in the last report. The camp buildings now consist of a dormitory 105 feet long and 30 feet wide, which is covered on the outside with

corrugated iron and on the inside with crimped iron, making it as nearly fireproof as is practicable in a building of cheap construction. In the front part of the building are four rooms for officers, and that section is separated from the prison dormitory by an iron grating which extends from the floor to the roof. All the windows are protected by iron gratings, and the dormitory affords all needed security for the safe-keeping of such prisoners as are removed to this place. Since the occupation of the camp a domestic building has been erected, about 75 feet long, giving accommodations for the kitchen, laundry, storeroom, and a dining-room with capacity for a hundred prisoners. On the land when it was taken was an old barn, which has been repaired and rearranged to accommodate the stock that is kept. Some sheds that were attached to the old house on the land have been moved to other parts of the premises, to be used in connection with the farm work. In order that the prisoners might safely and conveniently be allowed to remain out of doors as long as possible, even when they were not at work, a stockade 12 feet high has been built to enclose the yard, 175 feet by 100 feet.

The highest number of prisoners at any one time during the year was 53, which is about as many as the present dormitory building can accommodate without crowding. The work has consisted of clearing the land and getting some of it ready for cultivation. Wherever trees of good growth are found they are allowed to remain, and it is the intention to plant pine trees on such parts of the land as are not suitable for restoration to farming purposes. The superintendent reports that the land is very rocky, and it requires a great deal more time to remove the stones than it does to do the other part of the work. At the time of occupation there were a few acres of good grass land along the banks of the river which borders part of the premises. There are other pieces of land some of which will require drainage or other considerable work before being available for farm purposes. Such of the land as was cleared is badly worn out, and will need considerable fertilizing to make it of much value.

The camp was established on April 23, 1904, and within a week some prisoners were moved into the buildings. From that time to the first of October more than fifty acres of land had been cleared and cultivated more or less. Enough vegetables were raised to

supply the needs of the camp in the latter part of the year and during part of next year. A considerable quantity of potatoes was also shipped to the State Prison. Next year it is expected that a much larger crop will be produced. Some hay has been cut, although not a large quantity, because the land is run out, as a rule. There is a meadow on the land which produces a good crop of hay, but through a misunderstanding the meadow was flooded all last summer, and the grass could not be cut. A recent conference with the owners of the mill rights justifies the opinion that hereafter arrangements can be made to discontinue the flooding for a sufficient time to gather the hay.

Although the domestic arrangements of the camp are exceedingly primitive, they have sufficiently served their purpose, and the health of the prisoners has been well guarded. Every man who has spent a considerable time there has left in an improved condition for work, and, if he should be employed in an occupation similar to that provided at Rutland, he could be a useful worker.

From a general inquiry made within a few months it appears that in all the prisons together there are something less than a hundred prisoners who are afflicted with consumption or suffering from diseases of a tuberculous nature. Excepting at the State Farm, only a few can be found in any one place; but it is difficult to properly care for a consumptive, especially in one of the smaller prisons, and at the same time use proper precautions to protect the other inmates. It is suggested that it would greatly add to the safety of the prisons, and would be in the interest of the public health, if a prison were established in some suitable locality to which all the consumptive prisoners could be removed, and where they could receive the proper treatment and be given opportunities for out-door employment and exercise. A prison of this kind of sufficient strength and capacity could be provided at small expense, as it could be of very simple construction. On the land owned by the State in Rutland there are several situations either one of which would be admirably adapted for such an institution.

The last Legislature passed an act to amend the law relative to the identification of prisoners so as to extend the application of the Bertillon system to all prisoners who are serving for felony, and to

such tramps and vagrants as it may be deemed advisable to measure and describe for purposes of identification. The act of 1904 also authorizes the appointment of officers in the service of the county, as well as of the State, to make the measurements and descriptions. The only steps that have yet been taken relative to the law as to tramps and vagrants is to confer with some of the sheriffs about the appointments of the officers. It would be useless to appoint an officer until he was sufficiently familiar with the subject to make accurate measurements. Since the enactment of the law relative to the Bertillon system there has been developed a method of identification by finger prints, which, in the opinion of many experts, is destined to supersede the system of measurements invented by Bertillon. Many police officials are now more familiar with the fingerprint system than with the Bertillon method, and it may be desirable to authorize the prisons to use this later method, for the purpose of being in harmony with the practice elsewhere.

Several of the sheriffs have called attention to deficiencies in the law that prohibits the conveyance of articles into a jail or house of correction; and it is suggested that it might be well to revise the penalties in respect to county prisons, and also to extend the provisions to the Industrial Camp at Rutland and to the State Farm.

A slight change is needed in the law relative to the employment of prisoners on public work, as the language of the statute is not entirely clear on that subject. So many restrictions have been put upon the labor of prisoners in manufacturing industries that it seems desirable to use their work to the utmost in making articles and materials for public use, and in caring for the premises adjacent to the respective institutions.

The law might well be amended so as to provide suitable penalties for the destruction of property by prisoners. As far as the State Prison and the reformatories are concerned, this subject is well covered now; but additional safeguards should be provided for all other places where prisoners are employed.

The present condition of the laws relative to transfers confers upon the commissioners authority to remove prisoners to and from all the prisons in the State, excepting that a prisoner cannot be put

into the State Prison unless he was first sentenced to that place by the court. A few slight amendments to the law, however, would make it more convenient to administer; and it is suggested that the commissioners be given authority to remove prisoners directly from the reformatory and the State Farm to the Industrial Camp.

If there should be occasion in any of the prisons to proceed under chapter 314 of the Acts of 1904, "to regulate removals and suspensions from office and employment in the classified civil service," much difficulty would be found in administering that law. The provisions relative to a hearing are especially vague and inapplicable, and it would seem that a public record of removals and of the reasons therefor could be secured in a more direct way.

Estimates.

It is estimated that the sum of \$81,000 will be required for the salaries of the officers at the State Prison for next year, and that \$81,000 will be needed for the expenses.

The estimates for the Massachusetts Reformatory are \$82,000 for salaries of officers, \$24,900 for instructors, teachers, etc., and \$109,400 for other expenses.

For the Reformatory Prison for Women the estimates are as follows: salaries, \$25,000; other expenses, \$32,000.

It is expected that more prisoners will be employed at the Temporary Industrial Camp than were kept at work there last year, and it is estimated that the sum of \$17,500 will be needed for providing additional dormitory space, making suitable temporary quarters for the officers, and defraying the ordinary expenses of the camp.

Respectfully submitted,

FREDERICK G. PETTIGROVE,
MARGARET P. RUSSELL,
HENRY PARKMAN,
MARY V. O'CALLAGHAN,
ARTHUR H. WELLMAN,

Prison Commissioners.

J. WARREN BAILEY,
Secretary.

STATE PRISON.

BOSTON (post-office address, CHARLESTOWN, MASS.).

WARDEN'S REPORT.

CHARLESTOWN, Oct. 1, 1904.

To the Board of Prison Commissioners:

I have the honor to submit to you the annual State Prison report. It is with some degree of satisfaction that I find the net cost of maintenance somewhat less than in the year closing Sept. 30, 1903, while the population averaged 834, against 811. Discipline has been well maintained, and there seems to be an air of contentment everywhere about the institution which has never been more marked than during the past year.

The health of the inmates has been usually good. The various industries have offered almost constant employment for the population and show a slight increase in their income over last year.

I most respectfully commend the faithful officers associated with me in the work at this institution for their efforts to make our State Prison a credit to the Commonwealth. It is with deep feeling that I express my gratitude to all the officials who are authorized to supervise the institution for the hearty support and encouragement they have given me this year, as well as during the many years that I have served as warden of this institution.

The amount due from the rattan department has been carried for several years as an asset, the Phoenix Rattan Company having been in a state of liquidation. After this long time, without receiving any returns or report, I recommend carrying the account into profit and loss as a doubtful account, not to appear again unless there should be some returns from the court or assignees. We will carry the account on our books as of doubtful value until permanently disposed of.

I recommend the following appropriations for the maintenance of the prison and property connected with the same for the year 1905 : officers' salaries, \$81,000 ; repairs, \$7,000 ; provisions, \$35,000 ; bedding and clothing, \$7,500 ; education, \$600 ; discharged prisoners, \$600 ; fuel and lights, \$13,000 ; water, \$4,500 ; contingent and travelling expenses, \$12,800 ; total, \$162,000.

Very respectfully yours,

BENJAMIN F. BRIDGES,

Warden.

Names of Officers of the State Prison, Date of Appointments, Rank, Annual Salary and Amounts received during the Year.

NAME.	Date of Appointment.	Rank.	Salary per Annum.	Amount Received.
Bridges, Benjamin F.,	March, 1893,	Warden,	\$4,000 00	\$4,000 00
Allen, Nathan D.,	Nov., 1894,	Deputy warden, . .	2,000 00	2,000 00
Darling, Edward A.,	Aug., 1895,	Clerk,	2,000 00	2,000 00
Barnes, John W. F.,	Jan., 1881,	Chaplain,	2,000 00	2,000 00
McLaughlin, Joseph I.,	June, 1891,	Physician,	1,500 00	1,500 00
Currier, Edwin B.,*	April, 1894,	Engineer,	1,500 00	1,310 62
Greenough, Granville E.,	April, 1903,	{Engineer,	1,500 00	79 16
Evans, George A.,	Sept., 1904,	{Assistant engineer, .	1,000 00	947 22
Detheridge, Fred. W.,	April, 1902,	" "	1,000 00	52 78
Fraser, Alexander,	April, 1902,	Electrician,	1,200 00	1,200 00
Fraser, Alexander,	May, 1898,	Turnkey,	1,200 00	1,200 00
Fuller, Joseph,	Nov., 1866,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
McDonald, George,	June, 1878,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Piper, James H.,	July, 1868,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Aldrich, Charles E.,	April, 1885,	Watchman,	1,200 00	1,200 00
Anderson, Stephen E.,	Aug., 1892,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Benjamin, Frank E.,	May, 1882,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Buswell, Warren H.,	July, 1893,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Cass, Michael J.,	May, 1892,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Caswell, Levi L.,	July, 1885,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Chellis, Herbert E.,	June, 1889,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Crockett, Pembroke S.,	Feb., 1885,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Darling, Robert L.,	Aug., 1890,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Day, Arad E.,	Oct., 1889,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Devens, Thomas W.,	May, 1894,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Donovan, Thomas H.,	June, 1893,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Douglas, James S.,	July, 1892,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Drake, Frank H.,	Aug., 1890,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Durgin, Asa L.,	Jan., 1889,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Fraser, Peter G.,	Aug., 1883,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Goodwin, Frank W.,	July, 1893,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Gwinn, James W.,	Aug., 1890,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Harcourt, George C. J.,*	Jan., 1898,	"	1,200 00	1,035 48
Hemenway, Merrick,	May, 1898,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Hewitt, Fred. E.,	Feb., 1900,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Howard, Willie J.,	Aug., 1885,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Hunting, Herbert W.,	Nov., 1866,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00

* Resigned.

Names of Officers of the State Prison, etc. — Concluded.

NAME.	Date of Appointment.	Rank.	Salary per Annum.	Amount Received.
Hyde, Edwin O.,	May, 1884,	Watchman, . .	\$1,200 00	\$1,200 00
Kiely, Lawrence E.,*	Aug., 1892,	" . .	1,200 00	1,100 00
Lyman, Harry S.,	May, 1881,	" . .	1,200 00	1,200 00
McFarland, Sylvester,	Jan., 1885,	" . .	1,200 00	1,200 00
McGarigle, John B.,†	April, 1892,	" . .	1,200 00	873 33
Morley, Joseph A.,	Jan., 1893,	" . .	1,200 00	1,200 00
Morris, William W.,†	July, 1893,	" . .	1,200 00	126 67
Oates, John H.,	June, 1893,	" . .	1,200 00	1,200 00
O'Connell, Michael C.,	June, 1878,	" . .	1,200 00	1,200 00
Pillsbury, George B.,*	May, 1890,	" . .	1,200 00	606 45
Preston, Thomas,	April, 1885,	" . .	1,200 00	1,200 00
Sleeper, Eugene B.,	May, 1894,	" . .	1,200 00	1,200 00
Smith, William H. H.,*	Aug., 1875,	" . .	1,200 00	-
Stevens, Benjamin,	Jan., 1890,	" . .	1,200 00	1,200 00
Taft, Frank W.,	Nov., 1890,	" . .	1,200 00	1,200 00
Taylor, Dwight B.,	May, 1898,	" . .	1,200 00	1,200 00
Temple, Philip H.,	Nov., 1897,	" . .	1,200 00	1,200 00
Townsend, John H.,	Aug., 1885,	" . .	1,200 00	1,200 00
Witham, Edmund H.,	April, 1895,	" . .	1,200 00	1,200 00
Witham, Wood A.,	Aug., 1894,	" . .	1,200 00	1,200 00
York, Virgil D.,	Jan., 1882,	" . .	1,200 00	1,200 00
Clarke, William F.,	Dec., 1900,	" . .	{ 1,200 00 } { 1,000 00 }	1,011 66
Rogers, Charles E.,	Dec., 1898,	" . .	1,000 00	1,000 00
Taft, Jesse G.,	Sept., 1899,	" . .	1,000 00	1,000 00
Ball, Reno W.,	Nov., 1900,	" . .	{ 1,000 00 } { 800 00 }	983 34
Haynes, William F.,	April, 1901,	" . .	{ 1,000 00 } { 800 00 }	888 34
McLeod, Alexander J.,	April, 1901,	" . .	{ 1,000 00 } { 800 00 }	888 34
Stevens, Eugene C.,	Nov., 1900,	" . .	{ 1,000 00 } { 800 00 }	983 34
Godendorf, Herman,	May, 1902,	" . .	800 00	800 00
Hill, Roscoe C.,	March, 1903,	" . .	800 00	800 00
Temple, Charles S.,	March, 1903,	Ass't watchman,	{ 800 00 } { 700 00 }	805 55
Sanborn, Willie B.,	April, 1904,	" "	800 00	362 22
Loring, Edward W.,	Aug., 1904,	" "	750 00	100 81
Wood, Walter L.,	Aug., 1904,	" "	700 00	84 68
Downing, Michael J.,	Sept., 1904,	" "	700 00	36 94
				\$78,971 93

* Resigned.

† Deceased.

Maintenance Account of the State Prison for the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

DEPARTMENTS.	Dr.			Cr.			BALANCES.	
	Oct. 1, 1903.		Paid during Year.	Total Debits.	Receipts.	SEPT. 30, 1904.		Cr.
	Stock on Hand.	Out-standing Ac. counts.				Out-standing Ac. counts.	Stock on Hand.	
Clothing,	\$1,970 14	\$8 17	\$7,474 50	\$9,452 81	\$14 17	-	\$1,689 16	\$7,749 48
Discharged prisoners,	-	-	521 00	521 00	-	-	-	521 00
Education,	-	-	899 06	899 06	-	-	-	899 06
Expense,	5,850 13	381 60	17,602 14	23,703 87	366 37	\$346 60	6,114 80	16,877 10
Fuel and lights,	1,991 25	-	13,863 80	15,855 05	-	-	2,815 60	13,039 45
Provisions,	1,048 60	271 81	36,156 30	37,476 71	1,075 11	544 70	1,810 68	34,046 22
Repairs and improvements,	1,896 14	-	5,215 97	7,112 11	-	-	2,107 51	5,004 60
Salaries,	-	-	78,971 93	78,971 93	-	-	-	78,971 93
Rental,	-	-	-	-	3,335 00	-	-	-
Totals,	\$12,756 26	\$631 58	\$160,604 69	\$173,992 53	\$4,789 65	\$891 30	\$14,537 75	\$157,108 83

RECAPITULATION.

Dr.	Cr.		
	Received during year,		Cr.
	Stock on hand Oct. 1, 1903,	Outstanding accounts Oct. 1, 1903,	
Stock on hand Oct. 1, 1903,	\$12,756 26	631 58	\$4,789 65
Outstanding accounts Oct. 1, 1903,	-	160,604 69	891 30
Paid for departments as above,	-	-	14,537 75
			\$20,218 70
			153,773 83
			\$173,992 53

*Details of Expenditure for State Prison Industries during the Year ending
Sept. 30, 1904.*

INDUSTRIES.	Materials.	Salaries.	Tools and Implements.	Totals.
Box,	\$3,962 82	\$1,467 48	\$53 28	\$5,483 58
Brush,	9,419 51	2,335 06	15 25	11,769 82
Cloth and clothing,	32,002 31	3,270 01	165 66	35,437 98
Hand-made shoe,	16,353 25	2,002 54	548 35	18,904 14
Harness,	13,605 47	2,901 31	43 48	16,550 26
Hosiery,	4,718 00	1,171 24	1,127 49	7,016 73
Shoe,	197,677 60	9,842 48	3,278 43	210,798 51
Trunk,	5,075 95	1,333 74	47 74	6,457 43
Totals,	\$282,814 91	\$24,323 86	\$5,279 68	\$312,418 45

*Details of Inventory of Stock on Hand for State Prison Industries Sept. 30,
1904.*

INDUSTRIES.	Materials.	Tools and Implements.	Totals.
Box,	\$1,039 97	\$310 85	\$1,350 82
Brush,	4,933 39	300 00	5,233 39
Cloth and clothing,	19,113 19	3,330 07	22,443 26
Hand-made shoe,	3,902 96	1,461 12	5,364 08
Harness,	9,925 99	876 88	10,802 87
Hosiery,	3,757 51	1,647 13	5,404 64
Shoe,	21,982 92	8,279 01	30,261 93
Trunk,	4,598 46	243 00	4,841 46
Totals,	\$69,254 39	\$16,448 06	\$85,702 45

Statistics of Prisoners.

Number of prisoners Oct. 1, 1903,	812
Received under warrants from the courts during the year ending Sept. 30, 1904,	204
Returned by order of Prison Commissioners during the year,	4
Returned from State Asylum for Insane Criminals,	8
Returned from escape,	1
	<hr/> 217

Whole number in the year, 1,029

Discharged between Oct. 1, 1903, and Sept. 30, 1904:—

By expiration of shortened sentence (chapter 225, section 113, Revised Laws),	6
By expiration of minimum sentence,	111
Died,	7
Pardoned,	6
Released by permit (habitual criminals, chapter 225, section 116, Revised Laws),	4
Released by parole (chapter 225, section 114, Revised Laws),	3
Removed to State Asylum for Insane Criminals,	18
Escaped,	1
Transferred to Massachusetts Reformatory,	1
	<hr/> 157

Number remaining Sept. 30, 1904, 872

Largest number at any time during the year,	872
Smallest number at any time during the year,	806
Average daily number during the year,	834

Daily Average for Each Month.

October, 1903, 811	April, 1904, 836
November, 1903, 814	May, 1904, 840
December, 1903, 813	June, 1904, 847
January, 1904, 820	July, 1904, 854
February, 1904, 825	August, 1904, 856
March, 1904, 833	September, 1904, 858

Sentences of Prisoners received Last Year.

For 2½ to 3 years, 4	For 9 to 12 years, 3
2½ to 3½ years, 1	10 to 12 years, 1
2½ to 4 years, 9	10 to 13 years, 1
2½ to 5 years, 1	10 to 15 years, 7
3 to 3½ years, 1	11 to 14 years, 1
3 to 4 years, 20	12 to 15 years, 3
3 to 5 years, 25	13 to 15 years, 1
3 to 6 years, 2	14 to 17 years, 1
4 to 5 years, 23	14 to 20 years, 1
4 to 6 years, 8	15 to 20 years, 3
4 to 7 years, 8	18 to 25 years, 1
4½ to 5 years, 2	19 to 20 years, 1
5 to 6 years, 4	20 to 30 years, 1
5 to 7 years, 15	
5 to 8 years, 3	Total under maximum and
5 to 9 years, 1	minimum sentences, . . . 188
5 to 10 years, 1	
5½ to 7 years, 1	For 1½ years, U. S. prisoner, . . 1
6 to 7 years, 1	3 years, U. S. prisoner, . . 1
6 to 8 years, 5	5 years, U. S. prisoner, . . 3
6 to 10 years, 3	13½ years, U. S. prisoner, . . 1
6½ to 10 years, 1	20 years, habitual criminal, . . 1
7 to 8 years, 4	Life, 9
7 to 10 years, 10	
8 to 10 years, 9	Total under definite sen-
8 to 12 years, 1	tences, 16

Sentences of prisoners now in the prison expire as follows:—

In 1904, 1	In 1916, 1
1905, 5	1918, 4
1906, 9	1920, 3
1907, 10	1922, 1
1908, 2	
1909, 1	50
1910, 2	
1911, 4	Maximum and minimum, . . . 746
1912, 2	Life, 76
1913, 2	
1914, 1	Total, 872
1915, 2	

Crimes and Former Commitments of Prisoners received in the Year.

CRIMES.	WHOLE NUMBER OF COMMIT- MENTS.	NUMBER OF PRIS- ONERS HAVING FORMER COM- MITMENTS.	FORMER COMMITMENTS.			
			State Prison.	Massachu- setts Re- formatory.	Jail or House of Correc- tion.	State Prison in Other States.
Abortion,	3	1	-	1	-	-
Arson,	3	1	-	-	-	1
Assault, felonious,	1	-	-	-	-	-
Assault to abuse female child,	1	-	-	-	-	-
Assault to murder,	10	2	1	-	1	-
Assault to rape,	13	6	5	2	14	3
Assault to rob,	3	3	1	2	6	-
Assault and robbery,	2	1	-	1	-	-
Attempt to burn dwelling-house,	2	2	3	-	6	-
Breaking and entering,	43	36	11	31	50	9
Breaking and entering and larceny,	12	9	4	2	26	1
Burglars' tools, having in possession,	3	1	-	-	-	1
Carnal abuse,	1	-	-	-	-	-
Common and notorious thief,	9	4	1	-	10	1
Embezzlement,	1	-	-	-	-	-
Forgery and uttering,	5	5	2	2	3	-
Habitual criminal,	1	1	2	1	2	-
Incest,	1	1	-	-	1	-
Larceny,	8	3	2	-	4	1
Larceny from the person,	11	8	-	2	18	2
Larceny in a building,	6	5	1	2	8	4
Larceny of letters from post-office,	2	1	1	-	-	-
Malicious burning,	1	1	-	-	2	-
Manslaughter,	4	-	-	-	-	-
Murder,	9	1	-	-	1	-
Perjury,	5	1	-	-	1	-
Polygamy,	2	-	-	-	-	-
Rape,	4	1	-	-	2	-
Receiving stolen goods,	1	1	-	-	2	-
Robbery,	32	16	1	5	47	3
Sodomy,	1	1	-	1	-	-
Uttering and having counterfeit national bank notes,	4	-	-	-	-	-
Totals,	204	112	35	52	204	26

Of 872 prisoners now in prison, 135 are recommitments, viz. :—

For the second time,	94
For the third time,	32
For the fourth time,	5
For the fifth time,	4
Total,	135

Details concerning Prisoners committed during the Year to the State Prison for the Third Time.

Prison Number.	When Sentenced.	From what County.	Term of Sentence.	Crime.	Age.	Where Born.	When Discharged.
10548	Oct. 24, 1887,	Worcester,	Years.	Attempt at abortion,	-	Mass.,	Mar. 29, 1892.
12789	Oct. 19, 1900,	Essex,	5	Abortion,	-	-	April 18, 1903.
13304	Dec. 21, 1903,	Suffolk,	2½-4 8-10	Assault with intent to rape,	55	-	-
10967	July 24, 1890,	Berkshire,	3	Breaking and entering,	-	Mass.,	Mar. 4, 1893.
12752	July 17, 1900,	Berkshire,	2½-4	Assault with dangerous weapon,	-	-	Feb. 9, 1903.
13828	Jan. 21, 1904,	Berkshire,	3-4	Attempt to burn a dwelling-house,	36	-	-
12113	Jan. 16, 1897,	Essex,	3-5	Breaking and entering and larceny,	-	N. S.,	July 16, 1900.
12859	Feb. 27, 1901,	Middlesex,	2½-3	Larceny in a building,	-	-	Aug. 27, 1903.
13404	May 31, 1904,	Essex,	18-25	Assault with intent to rape,	25	-	-
11481	Oct. 2, 1893,	Hampden,	3	Burglary,	-	Conn.,	June 1, 1896.
12551	May 17, 1899,	Worcester,	4-6	Breaking and entering,	-	-	May 17, 1903.
13406	June 13, 1904,	Middlesex,	20	Breaking and entering (habitual criminal),	34	-	-
9234	May 24, 1878,	Hampden,	3	Larceny in a building,	-	Mass.,	Mar. 5, 1881.
10514	June 27, 1887,	Hampshire,	10	Breaking and entering,	-	-	Aug. 7, 1895.
13426	June 24, 1904,	Hampshire,	12-15	Breaking and entering and larceny,	47	-	-
11363	Oct. 31, 1892,	Middlesex,	3	Attempt to commit larceny and attempt to steal from safe,	-	Ire.,	June 8, 1895.
12751	July 9, 1900,	Suffolk,	4-5	Larceny,	-	-	July 9, 1904.
13442	Aug. 8, 1904,	Suffolk,	8-10	Breaking and entering,	57	-	-

NOTE.—On Dec. 29, 1903, number 13254, already under sentence, was sentenced to serve 25 years as an habitual criminal.

PHYSICIAN'S REPORT.

To the Board of Prison Commissioners:

The medical report of the State Prison for the year ending Sept. 30, 1904, is herewith respectfully submitted.

Patients admitted to hospital during the year,	85
Days' residence in hospital,	4,508
Out-patients (total daily applicants),	4,268
Men excused from labor for a day,	960
Patients in hospital Sept. 30, 1904,	15

HOSPITAL CASES.

<i>Medical.</i>		<i>Surgical.</i>	
Arterio-sclerosis,	1	Abscess, tubercular,	1
Bronchitis,	1	Amputation, fingers,	3
Catarrh, gastric,	1	Calculi, renal,	1
Catarrh, gastro-intestinal,	2	Circumcision,	1
Diarrhœa,	3	Eczema,	2
Gastritis,	1	Fissura, ani,	1
Grip,	1	Fracture, humerus,	1
Heart disease,	2	Fracture, nose,	1
Hemiplegia,	1	Fracture, rib,	1
Hemoptysis,	2	Fracture, tibia and fibula,	1
Insanity, delusional,	5	Hemorrhoids,	3
Mania, acute,	1	Paronychia,	1
Melancholia,	1	Sprain, ankle,	1
Monomania,	8	Sprain, wrist,	2
Nephritis, chronic,	1	Syphilis,	1
Nephritis and pleurisy, acute,	1	Tœnia,	1
Observation,	6	Urticaria,	1
Pleurisy, with effusion,	1	Wounds, incised,	1
Pneumonia,	2	Wounds, lacerated,	1
Pneumonia and nephritis,	1	Wounds, multiple,	1
Rheumatism,	2	Wounds, septic,	1
Rheumatism and cystitis,	1	Wounds, throat,	4
Sciatica,	1		—
Tuberculosis, pulmonary,	7	Total,	31
Typhoid fever,	1		
Total,	54		

There were seven deaths during the year, one a suicide, and two occurring suddenly from heart disease, outside of the hospital. Eighteen of the inmates were transferred to the State Asylum for Insane Criminals at Bridgewater, in accordance with chapter 225, section 101, of the Revised Laws. Eight of the prisoners who had recovered from their insanity were returned to the prison.

Respectfully,

JOSEPH I. McLAUGHLIN,
Physician and Surgeon, Massachusetts State Prison.

OCT. 1, 1904.

CHAPLAIN'S REPORT.

To the Board of Prison Commissioners:

Life and its conditions at the State Prison have been unusually good during the past year. The disciplinary conditions have seemed more natural, steady and quiet. The mental conditions have been fraught with enterprising activity in study and reading, running in lines of improvement in a way to give higher promise of the future, in a more manly life. The chapel has been filled with attentive listeners, who have desired to know "what is truth" and what it can do for men like themselves. As formerly, the service of the mass is held at 8.30 Sunday mornings, followed by Sunday school at 9.30, and general service, with sermon or address, at 10.30. Mrs. M. B. Booth of the Volunteers of America, Miss F. B. Adams, evangelist, Rev. L. T. Townsend, D.D., and Prof. M. D. Buell, D.D., of Boston University, and several others, including musicians and singers, with the Ashman family, have placed us under vital obligations for helpful service not to be forgotten as to its character or lightly esteemed as to the sympathy and good-will they represented.

The Rev. A. D. Malley, who succeeds Rev. J. G. Anderson in the Catholic interests of the prison, is constant in gracious service, supplementing from time to time his chapel service with helpful and gratifying musical selections of high order. The chapel has evidently been a place of enjoyment to many in the gladness, peace, lightening of burdens, grateful rest within, and better hope for the morrow that have been gained by some to the good of prison life as a whole.

The prayer meeting, held in the school-room for fifty minutes Saturday afternoons and holiday mornings during the liberty allowed in the yard, has proved a source of interest and strength of heart to many.

The visits of Rev. S. Stanley Searing, monthly, to meet in com-

munion service those who in outside life learned to find comfort in the Episcopalian service, giving also such counsel as may be needed by any who meet him, have been exceedingly helpful to all who have responded to his coming. The Hebrews in the prison have enjoyed special services in their own faith on the days of Atonement and Passover, and also the collection of books in Yiddish, religious and otherwise, provided for their use. It has been the constant endeavor of the chaplain to furnish every one who desired it with a bible or such other portion of the scriptures as they asked for, with such aids to reading them as seemed needful. Men of every tongue known to the prison have been so supplied. A large collection of aids to reading and understanding the scriptures have been on hand and in use at all times.

The library is in active use always, and is in sad need of new books of all kinds, with catalogues. The impossibility of meeting demands from its resources has led to the formation of a separate collection with catalogue. The issues of the main library have numbered 30,822, classified as follows: fiction, 7,032; travel and adventure, 5,871; bound periodicals, 4,763; history, 3,555; biography, 3,343; general literature, 3,079; classic and scientific, 1,959; religious, 1,220. There are 7,813 volumes in the library, 31 books are worn out or lost, 295 books were added, 357 books were newly bound, and 2,278 were covered. There are 535 volumes in the separate library, 428 readers of same, and 5,788 books taken. The total issues of both libraries were 36,610, which, divided by the daily average number of prisoners, 834, allows over 43 volumes for the year to each prisoner. One hundred and seventy-four men take no books from the main library. Reference and text-books of all required kinds are kept in the library, and as needed are loaned for use in the prison. A good list of best magazines and papers, scientific and otherwise, are provided for the special use of all teachers of either school, editors of the "Mentor," assistants and printers. After being read they are preserved in permanent form for general use.

A purchase by the prison of the "Youth's Companion," 75 copies weekly, to which are added 75 copies as a gift from the publishers, brings 150 copies of that highly intelligent and instructive paper to the use of all prisoners who desire it; "Sabbath Reading," weekly, 50 copies, at expense of the prison; "Volunteer's Gazette," Mrs.

M. B. Booth's paper, weekly, 100 copies, a gift to the prisoners; "The Parish Visitor," monthly, 100 copies, gift from the publishers; "Christian Advocate," weekly, 10 copies; "Zion's Herald," weekly, 10 copies; "Union Signal," 10 copies; "Dumb Animals," monthly, 10 copies; "Mariner's Advocate," 10 copies; "Christian Herald," weekly, 10 copies; several copies of the "Life Boat," and occasional bundles of the "War Cry," gifts of friends or the publishers, together with miscellaneous lots of magazines of the best character from generous donors of many classes, come to the prison as helps in meeting demands for "something to read." How much these and the personal subscriptions by prisoners to weekly papers and the best magazines help us to get on with conditions of the library, and to minister to the quiet and content felt in the prison, may not be expressed in terms, but is gladly felt by all.

This, with what is furnished for the Teachers' Association, is a direct aid to the highest mentality of the prison, stimulating naturalness, sincerity and manliness. More of this literature could be used to the highest advantage of all concerned.

The "Youth's Companion," the "Volunteer's Gazette," and sometimes the "Parish Visitor" and "Sabbath Reading" are sent fortnightly, after being well read in the prison, to other institutions for similar use. Thus the Lyman School for Boys, State Industrial School for Girls, Reformatory Prison for Women, House of Reformation at Rainsford Island, and house of correction at New Bedford have, in their proportion, received of "Youth's Companion," 5,098, and "Volunteer's Gazette," 3,293 copies during the year.

None but those who feel the strain of prison life can fairly appreciate the good done by this literature and its kindred books. The touches of real life, incentives to better use of time, the corroboration of best purposes, the gain of mental balance, the satisfaction and peace of mind, and finally, the good heart to rise and try again for the truest good met in this reading, are facts well felt. To this, following the influence of the schools and the "Mentor," we owe very much for the happy conditions suggested in the beginning of this report.

The prison school for illiterates and foreign-born prisoners is held on four afternoons in each week for about nine months in the year, for one hour. Thirty or more men attend, who, as they are able to read readily are passed on to the correspondence school to make place for other illiterates and to proceed in pursuit of the knowledge

that will make them acceptable in the future, keeping them from trouble that brings men to prison. Experience shows this elementary school prolific of best results in this particular, as its graduates are not found among those who come again to prison. The school of correspondence has more than "held its own," improving its execution and standards and affording vital encouragement to hundreds who will find themselves indebted to it for whatever advantages knowledge may bring them in the future.

The "Mentor" has risen like a sun of life on our prison world as was hoped, stimulating, inspiring and correcting mental existence and accomplishments to a degree that perhaps very few foresaw or could expect. It is the product solely of prison mentality, and by the mimeograph made possible to the reading by every prisoner. The school of correspondence came into being through forces represented in the "Mentor." In the exposition at St. Louis, now on, the "Mentor," with the school of correspondence, stands as the star of our educational hope, and stands here, a challenge to intellectual activity and renewal, steadiness in life and character, stirring the prison to thought of better grade and good mental work. It is gratifying to learn that the educational exhibit of the prison has been awarded at the exposition the grand prize, and the school of correspondence with the "Mentor," a gold medal.

The Teachers' Association, comprising all teachers, editors and assistants of the schools, "Mentor" and printing office, 34 men, is allowed Wednesday afternoon of each week, ninety minutes in which, as a parliamentary body, they read papers and discuss questions suggested by the daily life or the one they hope for, as others have done whose needs and ambitions made it necessary that the ways of life should be fairly understood. Literature before referred to is procured for their special use, ostensibly in aid of any effort to achieve higher standards of thought and work.

The correspondence of the prisoners is a privilege extended to all who observe the rules of discipline in the prison, allowing one letter each month and two letters each third month, or 16 letters in the year. Each prisoner of this class can receive all letters of proper character that come to his address. Under this privilege, 8,234 letters have been written while 18,769 have been received. How much this means to helpful hope, in some cases, cannot be told. Evils of gravest kind befall the prisoner who has none of it.

Music, whether instrumental or vocal, has a mission in the prison

to the sensibilities, of the highest character; and what has seemed almost miracles of good feeling and good heart have come of its influence. In this line of service the prison orchestra and band have played a highly commendable part; standing as a support to our chapel services, they have conferred many favors especially in our congregational singing. In spite of many obstacles, peculiar to prison life mostly, they have made a creditable success for their organization without which our best life would be hindered.

The hospital has shown its vital relation to the welfare of the prison in the recovery of the sick, making useful the bones that were broken or out of joint, and making truly operative the "Suffer ye thus far" uttered to the wounded, all of whom have been happily cared for. The singers who have visited the chapel have also at the close of that service visited the hospital, to the enjoyment and satisfaction of its inmates.

The suffering in the families of prisoners has been more than usually urgent, and consequently more a source of pain and burden in the prison. The conditions of some have been pitiful. If the miseries caused by arrest and imprisonment could be weighed into atonement for the offence committed, some degree of satisfaction might be gained. Whatever is done to relieve the prisoner, we must still count upon the constant unhappy conditions with tendencies to fret, worry and despair. Upon some men the strain is dreadful, even to threatening the stability of the nervous system; the simple, unavoidable results of imprisonment thus become occasion of the keenest suffering. It has led many to cry out "My punishment is greater than I can bear." With such, as with others, attempts have been made to induce salutary mental conditions, and all possible effort has been made to reduce suffering without, calling for such aid as can be secured. The Volunteers of America with their homes for children and for women and their personal ministrations have been of signal assistance, as their Hope Halls have also been to prisoners discharged.

The sanitary conditions of the prison seem to be all that the situation will allow. Cleanliness is always insisted upon and is everywhere apparent. The yard everywhere shows care, under which, with proper soil, brightness and beauty would be in every place. What is done gives promise of the time when "the desert shall rejoice and blossom like the rose." The playground is not surpassed

as the place for baseball and prison outings. The manner of its improvement is life, health and strength to the average prisoner, a godsend to the prison population. Its appearance Saturday afternoons and holiday mornings attests all this as vital fact.

It is matter for congratulation that the naturalness of men and things in the prison is noticed by visitors, experts and others acquainted with life in prisons, and that the discipline permits and suggests it. The consciousness of the presence of men, erring, sinful or criminal, but men still, capable of becoming all that men should be, is an inspiration when mingling with them. The relations of officers and inmates with the chaplain were perhaps never more favorable to improved prison life than now. It is a positive satisfaction as one scans prison conditions to find so many encouragements, with a trend to still larger improvements, to take heart and to do well. This twenty-fourth year of the chaplain's connection with the prison, almost at its close, though marked by some disappointments and failures, yet bringing with it such helpful gains from the increased struggle for better mentality and higher life, goes out leaving the impression that it has been the best in its conditions and progress. For this devout thanks are offered to the Father of all mercies, and full acknowledgment of all aid afforded by the warden and the officers of the prison and other helpers who cannot be forgotten.

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN W. F. BARNES.

STATE PRISON, October, 1904.

MASSACHUSETTS REFORMATORY.

CONCORD (post-office address, CONCORD JUNCTION, MASS.).

SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

CONCORD, Oct. 1, 1904.

To the Board of Prison Commissioners :

I herewith present the twentieth annual report of the Massachusetts Reformatory for the year ending Sept. 30, 1904. Although I did not assume the duties of superintendent until the first day of December, 1903, I was entirely conversant with the affairs of the institution during the two months reported upon previous thereto. My incumbency as superintendent being the first under the provisions of chapter 223, section 30 of the Revised Laws, my commission bears the signature of the chairman of the Prison Commission, and my selection for this important trust is the act of the commission. It is a matter of satisfaction that those who have kept so closely in touch with prison work and conditions in the Commonwealth should have seen fit to indorse my former service by this promotion and appointment.

In the statistical tables accompanying this report may be found an analysis of the receipts and expenditures, and tables pertaining to population and industries.

Upon assuming the superintendency of the reformatory I found but a meagre balance of the appropriation for 1903 left, and a storehouse in which there was but little available for the balance of the year. It is but fair to say that this condition was brought about by the endeavor of my predecessor to complete the year without a deficiency. A reference to previous reports (and this one also) will indicate the difficulty under which he labored. Owing to the increased cost of fuel, over \$12,000 more was spent in keeping the institution properly heated and lighted than in any previous year.

The financial statement of the current year from Oct. 1, 1903, to Sept. 30, 1904, which constitutes the institution year, is as follows:—

The appropriation for the calendar year of 1904 was \$216,600, of which \$165,676.11 have been expended. There remained unexpended from the appropriation for 1903, when the last report was made, \$48,819.26, of which there was expended \$48,042.96, making the total expenditure for the institution year, from Oct. 1, 1903, to Sept. 30, 1904, \$213,719.07. The profits of the industries, \$19,124.27, and the amount received from rents and sales, \$5,663.55, deducted, leave the net cost of the reformatory for the institution year just closed \$188,931.25.

The average number of prisoners for the year was 932, making the gross per capita per diem cost \$0.628 and the net per capita per diem cost \$0.555.

This, as will be seen, leaves unexpended from the appropriation for 1904, \$50,923.89, a small balance for the completion of the financial year, but abandoning the increasing of the supplies on hand, the indications are that there will be no deficiency. When it is considered that the price of a barrel of flour of given quality is \$1 more than last January, and that other provisions are proportionally high, the unfavorable conditions under which this result has been accomplished may perhaps be realized. It should also be considered that the average population of the institution has been 74 more than for the year previous, equivalent to a percentage of 8.6.

There were unexpended from the special appropriations Sept. 30, 1903, the sum of \$177.65 for providing additional shop room, and \$2,815 for the purchase of domestic animals. In the year ending Sept. 30, 1904, the sum of \$164.80 was expended for providing additional shop room, \$2,720.25 for the purchase of domestic animals, and \$3,364.76 for providing new boilers and a new roof on the boiler house, thus leaving unexpended \$12.85 for providing additional shop room, \$94.75 for the purchase of domestic animals, and \$11,635.24 for providing new boilers and a new roof on the boiler house.

There will be required for the maintenance of the reformatory for the calendar year 1905, \$216,300. Slight changes are made in estimates from the amount of the appropriation granted for the previous year. The item for food is increased \$200, the present prices warranting the belief that a higher rate will be maintained than in years past for many of the necessities of life. The miscel-

laneous item is reduced from \$17,500 to \$17,000, as I believe it is possible by strict economy to lessen the amount to that sum.

The appropriation of the above amount should be asked of the Legislature, divided as follows : —

Salaries and wages : —	
Officers,	\$82,000 00
Instructors, teachers and other employees,	24,900 00
	<hr/>
	\$106,900 00
Current expenses : —	
Food,	\$38,900 00
Clothing and clothing material,	16,000 00
Heat, light and power,	19,000 00
Repairs and improvements,	11,000 00
Furnishings,	3,500 00
Farm, stable and grounds,	4,000 00
Miscellaneous : —	
Stationery and office supplies,	500 00
Water,	3,500 00
Medical supplies,	500 00
Trade and evening schools,	4,000 00
Incidental, contingent and travelling expenses,	8,500 00
	<hr/>
	109,400 00
	<hr/>
Total,	\$216,300 00

Since the establishment of the reformatory there have been 14,239 commitments to it. Of these, 12,628 came directly from the courts ; 917 were transferred from other institutions ; 646 were returned for violation of permit ; and 48 from all other sources. During the same period there have been 13,285 releases : 11,646 were released by order of the Prison Commissioners upon permits ; 990 were released upon expiration of sentences ; 295 were transferred to other institutions ; 354 by pardon, escape, death, etc.

During the year 598 prisoners were committed by the courts ; 20 were returned by order of the Prison Commissioners ; 1 was removed from State Prison ; 14 were removed from the State Farm ; 24 were removed from jails and houses of correction ; 13 were removed from the Lyman School for Boys ; 1 was returned from State Asylum for Insane Criminals and 1 was returned from escape.

There were released during the year 621, which was an increase over last year of 33. There were released by order of the Prison Commissioners upon permit, 524 ; upon expiration of sentence, 65 ;

by transfer to other prisons, 11 ; by executive pardon, 10 ; by writ of habeas corpus, 1 ; 2 escaped and 1 died. Nearly all of these men were serving indefinite sentences, with a limit of 2 years for misdemeanants and 5 years for felons.

The critical time for a prisoner released from this institution or from any other prison comes almost immediately upon his departure from the prison. Many a man so departing is met by the companion of former days and invited to partake of refreshments, liquid or otherwise, or for other reasons detained from accomplishing immediately the object which he had in mind, of going to friends or to a situation, or in some other way getting directly upon the right path.

After many years of observation of the men who depart from this institution and others, I believe it to be a fact that nearly all of them leave with good intentions, but the good intentions, thought out perhaps through many weary and sleepless night hours in prison, need reinforcement upon the arrival of the individual in the outside world.

A great deal is done by Chaplain Batt and Rev. Father Twomey in communicating with clergymen, in the endeavor to have some one meet these young men when they arrive at their destinations, but the fact remains that in many cases the future of the discharged prisoner is practically determined within a few hours after he leaves an institution.

Prisons have always been considered as necessary to civilization. That they are so now, after many years of so-called civilization, is a painful fact, but one which cannot be controverted or ignored.

The prison or penitentiary idea has been that men were sent there solely for punishment for offences committed. Few efforts were made to rehabilitate as citizens men who were so committed. The reformatory idea primarily is that all may be reformed, and the secondary idea is that of confinement or punishment. Supplemented by the indeterminate sentence, this plan suggests itself to students of penological and social conditions as being to some degree ideal and effective. In these later days the difference between the reformatory and the old style prison is perhaps greater in the underlying idea than in its every-day administration of affairs.

It goes without saying that the man who steals five dollars and the man who steals fifty thousand dollars, or any other amount, may be morally on the same plane, and the only difference may be in

opportunity and capacity to do those things which by religion, morality and law are not to be permitted. It therefore follows that the different amounts abstracted should not furnish the measure of criminality or the length of time the offender should be sequestered from the ordinary walks of life.

When an individual is committed to a hospital it is that he may have skilful treatment, and with the hope that he may be cured of the physical ailment which causes him to be sent there. If one is committed to an insane asylum it is with the same idea. There can be no definite time limit in either case. It may be that in the hospital for physical ailments the indications of recovery may be more exact or more absolute than elsewhere. It may also be that in the asylum for the insane the return to sanity is more surely indicated than elsewhere; but the same principle should apply to a man committed to an institution for violation of the law, which in almost every case indicates moral insanity or inability to properly consider the rights of others.

When a man committed to the Massachusetts Reformatory has, by discipline, instruction or suggestion acquired the capacity to judge fairly the rights of others, and his personal relation to the great right upon which this nation is founded, "life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness," it is evident that he is fitted to return to society and assume his relationship to the body politic. It is immaterial whether he has abstracted from some individual of the body politic one dollar or some other sum; whether he has assaulted a man with his fist or with some other weapon; the central question with which the reformatory has to deal is the character and reformability of the man. There are many cases within the ken of the present superintendent, where, if offences were stated brusquely and simply they would sound serious or threatening, but when circumstances are looked into and compared with the every-day environment of the man, they will be found to be only mild, and perhaps ordinary derelictions.

That crime should be punished goes without saying. That it should be punished in such a way that the punishment should not only cause a present improvement but should have a future effect must suggest itself to any one who has made sociological questions a study. This is the problem which the reformatory of to-day has before it: to so deal with those who come to it that the protection

acquired by the incarceration of the criminal shall be extended beyond the date and time upon which he leaves the institution. The definite sentence in its result simply deals with the condition that has been. The reformatory idea deals with that which has been and which is to be.

There is no room for the pessimist in the reformatory theory ; he belongs elsewhere. No one who thinks ill of his race ; no one who believes that heredity cannot be overcome by environment, has any place in the reformatory or the ideas that lie behind it. The whole tendency, theory and accomplishment of the reformatory prison must be to uplift. No officer should be upon the roster of a reformatory institution who does not believe that, despite discouragement and despite failure, the prisoner committed to his charge can be brought into closer relation with right things.

To accomplish this end at the Massachusetts Reformatory agencies are employed which in all times and in all ages have been found to be effective ; instruction — religious, ethical, literary, intellectual, manual and physical. Of course, religious instruction and the religious idea occupy a primary place. With such a varied population as comes to the reformatory there is necessity that there should be varied religious influences.

The last Legislature passed an act to regulate religious instruction of prisoners. To carry out the purpose of that law an explanatory circular was prepared and issued to the officers, employees and prisoners.

The religious welfare of the inmates has had careful and faithful attention from the chaplain, Rev. Wm. J. Batt, and the Rev. Fathers Twomey and Scanlan, the former the rector and the latter the curate of the Concord parish. To them is especially due the thanks of the administration and of all those who have the welfare of the institution at heart. Mrs. Leland the organist, and the students from Andover Theological Seminary who come to us constantly throughout the year, are also deserving of commendation ; Mrs. Leland by her careful training of the prison choir adding much to the beauty and character of all the services.

The school statistics do not vary materially from former years. Perhaps the illiterates might be reduced a few in number by considering that they cannot speak the language of the country, but may be fairly educated in that of their own.

We have, as may be seen by reference to tables given elsewhere, inmates who come from Finland, Greece, Poland, Portugal, Russia, Syria and other countries, some of whom not only are not able to read or write in the English language, but cannot even express themselves in that language. It is my observation that the number of commitments of native born who are illiterate is continually decreasing, and of the number given in these tables as illiterates, I believe that not more than 10 per cent. are native born.

The kind of work done in the schools does not vary from former years. Schools of different grades, from the primary school classes to classes in moral ethics and civil government, are open to inmates of the reformatory. Attendance therein is compulsory, and practically the entire population attend from two to five evenings a week, according to their different needs.

Supplementing the school work of the reformatory, the societies, which are a distinctive feature of this institution, are an educational and reformatory measure of no little consequence. As an educational force they promote knowledge and good purposes, make the men self-reliant, mannerly, considerate and respectful, giving a zest to the members which stimulates them to greater effort and higher purposes, with benefit to both themselves and the institution. Saturday and Sunday evenings of each week are devoted to the meetings of these societies.

The different societies are conducted by the inmates under the constant supervision of the officers. First-grade men and such second-grade men as have had a good conduct record for two months are eligible to membership, and, upon approval by the superintendent, may be admitted. These societies have been in operation for years, under the most liberal restrictions, with no action which could cause regret, and have made most favorable progress towards excellence and efficiency. Their influence has gone with the men after leaving here, as again and again testified to by them, and many have attributed the beginning of their right purposes to the encouragement received in them.

There has been no material change in the industries or in the conditions surrounding them. The same classes of goods are made which are disposed of in the same way as formerly. Changes both in the trade schools and in the industries are contemplated at such times as they are deemed expedient and can be accomplished without material expense to the State.

The circulation of our library is over 1,500 volumes a week. It contains nearly 5,000 volumes of standard books, a large number having been added during the present year. There is also maintained a reading room, supplied with the current periodicals and magazines, to which a large number have access two evenings each week. The benefits derived from this and from the library are apparent. The influence of these books cannot be estimated, and they are "the silent companions of many a lonely hour."

From the printing department of the trade school "Our Paper" is issued each week. It is a sixteen-page paper, containing much of value to our population. The selected matter is taken from the current periodicals of the best type. The original matter is furnished by both officers and prisoners, on topics of special interest to our own people and in a good degree to the general reader. The reports which it contains of the different society meetings, and of the religious services which are given from time to time at the reformatory, are full and afford valuable reading. A copy of "Our Paper" is placed in the hands of every prisoner each week, and permission given to send it to friends after reading. Copies are also sent to State officials and people interested in penological matters throughout the United States.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

I respectfully recommend that there be asked from the Legislature a special appropriation of \$6,000 for repairs and improvements.

The iron work, bars, etc., of the cell house of the institution need repainting, as the rust is beginning to show. The wall surrounding the yard is in a precarious condition and I think there is no doubt but that portions of it will fall during the current winter and spring. There are other portions which need pointing in order to maintain their strength and efficiency.

The piggeries of the institution, which are a valuable adjunct to its plant, have become by time and usage much dilapidated. On account of their long usage and in connection with the increasing building of houses contiguous to the reformatory, they have created considerable of a nuisance, and it is not in accord with the spirit of the law, to say nothing of the letter, that they should remain where they are, within the reformatory enclosure. They should be removed to the farm instead, a distance of three-fourths of a mile. This will necessitate their being taken down and rebuilt. The barns also need repainting and roofs repaired.

The houses connected with the plant, which are at present paying to the State treasury an income equal to 10 per cent. of their original cost, need repainting and repairing in various ways. The walks in the vicinity of these houses, which the State has cared for, need relaying and general repairs.

For these purposes I believe the above appropriation to be necessary at this time, in order to prevent serious depreciation of the institution realty.

I desire to close this report with an expression of thanks, hearty and earnest, to the chairman and members of the Board of Prison Commissioners for their cordial support and interest in the affairs of the reformatory. I desire also to express my sincere appreciation of the faithful and efficient services of the deputy superintendent, the clerks, officers and employees of the reformatory, who have given their best energies to this work.

Respectfully submitted,

CHARLES S. HART,

Superintendent.

Names of Officers, with their Positions and Salaries.

NAME.	Date of Appointment.	Position.	Annual Salary.	Total Payments.
Joseph F. Scott,*	Jan. 20, 1892,	Superintendent,	\$3,500 00	\$583 34
Charles S. Hart,†	Dec. 1, 1903,	Superintendent,	3,500 00	2,916 66
	Feb. 1, 1892,	Deputy supt.,	2,000 00	838 34
Percy W. Allen,‡	Jan. 1, 1904,	Deputy supt.,	2,000 00	1,500 00
Charles W. Wales,	Mar. 1, 1892,	Clerk,	2,000 00	500 00
William J. Batt,	Jan. 1, 1904,	Clerk,	2,000 00	1,500 00
Theodore Chamberlin,	May 18, 1885,	Chaplain,	2,000 00	2,000 00
Peter H. Bullock,	Feb. 1, 1899,	Physician,	1,000 00	1,000 00
Robert W. Browning,	Dec. 20, 1884,	Engineer,	1,500 00	1,600 00
Walter S. Leland,	Dec. 20, 1884,	Turnkey,	1,200 00	1,200 00
George V. Ball,	Dec. 20, 1884,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Willard A. Parsons,	Nov. 3, 1891,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Frank H. Burrill,	Dec. 20, 1884,	Watchman,	1,200 00	1,200 00
Amos M. Elmes,	Dec. 20, 1884,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
B. Frank Howe,	Dec. 20, 1884,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Benjamin F. Russell,§	Dec. 20, 1884,	"	1,200 00	936 67
John Bordman,	Dec. 20, 1884,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
John H. Loring,	Dec. 20, 1884,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Calvin S. Robinson,	Dec. 20, 1884,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
William H. Wood,	Dec. 20, 1884,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Kenneth T. McKenzie,	Dec. 20, 1884,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Daniel N. Barrett,	Dec. 26, 1884,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
William Chaplin,	Feb. 1, 1885,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
John L. Bruce,	Feb. 1, 1885,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Wayne W. Blossom,	Mar. 6, 1885,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Henry H. Qua,	Mar. 30, 1885,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
George W. Young,	Mar. 31, 1885,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Fred W. Gale,	May 1, 1885,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Daniel A. Lakin,	Oct. 31, 1885,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Josiah H. Chase,	Jan. 1, 1886,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Herbert L. Greene,	Mar. 7, 1886,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Elmer E. Shattuck,	May 9, 1887,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Frank H. Watson,	May 13, 1887,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
George W. Bourne,	June 1, 1887,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
John D. Wilson,	Sept. 22, 1887,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
George F. Knowles,	Jan. 26, 1888,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Alberto E. Payson,	Oct. 1, 1888,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
S. Thompson Blood,	Jan. 1, 1889,	"	1,200 00	1,166 66
Milo B. Stearns,	Jan. 1, 1889,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Edgar H. Hatch,	May 1, 1889,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Alonzo Joy,	Aug. 1, 1889,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
George M. Bowker,	May 1, 1890,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Charles T. Judge,	Oct. 27, 1890,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
John V. Chapman,	Sept. 1, 1891,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Franklin E. Emery,	Aug. 10, 1892,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Walter A. Wright,	July 1, 1893,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
David L. Ball,	July 4, 1893,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
James R. Lawrence,	July 7, 1893,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Ellis J. S. Miller,	July 11, 1893,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
William A. Curley,	Jan. 24, 1894,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Patrick Prendergast,	April 24, 1895,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Robert Neff,	April 30, 1895,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
John P. Allen,	May 6, 1895,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Frederick W. Reed,	May 6, 1895,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Wisner Park,	April 13, 1896,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
John Bowers,	April 20, 1896,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Patrick Rowen,	April 22, 1896,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Lawrence P. Fallon,	May 4, 1896,	"	1,200 00	573 33
George W. Blake,	Feb. 16, 1898,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Charles H. Sweney,	Feb. 21, 1899,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
J. Frank Fuller,	Feb. 19, 1900,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
James N. Chase,	July 12, 1900,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
William Jenness,	Mar. 5, 1898,	"	{ 1,200 00 }	1,114 43
			{ 1,000 00 }	
Cornelius X. O'Connell,	May 2, 1904,	"	1,200 00	498 67
John J. Counorton,	July 1, 1899,	"	1,000 00	1,000 00
Marshall E. Wright,	Jan. 1, 1900,	"	1,000 00	1,000 00
Leon M. Harris,	Jan. 1, 1902,	"	1,000 00	1,000 00
Charles A. Kendall,	April 27, 1902,	"	800 00	800 00
Anson M. Hix,	May 17, 1904,	"	800 00	299 99

* Resigned Dec. 1, 1903.

† Appointed superintendent Dec. 1, 1903.

‡ Appointed deputy superintendent Jan. 1, 1904.

§ Resigned.

|| Died.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

Expenditure for Maintenance.

DEPARTMENTS.	Amounts.
Salaries and wages,	\$105,843 76
Food,	38,166 66
Clothing and clothing material,	15,027 42
Furnishings,	3,704 81
Heat, light and power,	18,927 84
Repairs and improvements,	9,330 79
Farm, stable and grounds,	5,021 11
Miscellaneous: —	
Stationery and office supplies,	\$783 68
Water,	2,498 21
Medical supplies,	370 14
Trade and evening schools,	1,603 61
Incidental, contingent and travelling expenses,	12,441 04
	17,696 68
Total,	*\$213,719 07

* The receipts on account of maintenance for rent of houses, board of United States prisoners, etc., amounted to \$5,663.55.

Farm Account.

To inventory, Oct. 1, 1903,	\$31,056 81	By inventory, Sept. 30, 1904,	\$32,693 09
hay and grain,	3,056 44	milk raised,	5,274 18
tools,	299 10	produce raised,	2,734 38
veterinary services,	153 25	sale of cattle,	224 50
blacksmithing,	77 19		
paid for cattle,	2,720 25		
seeds and fertilizer,	1,044 41		
harness repairs,	56 89		
carriages, wagons and			
repairs,	86 66		
sundries,	247 17		
balance,	2,127 98		
Total,	\$40,926 15	Total,	\$40,926 15

Financial Statement of Massachusetts Reformatory Industries for the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

INDUSTRIES.	Dr.				Cr.				Gain.
	Oct. 1, 1903.		Paid during Year.	Total Debits.	Receipts.	SEPT. 30, 1904.		Total Credits.	
	Stock on Hand.	Outstanding Accounts.				Outstanding Accounts.	Stock on Hand.		
Chair caning,	-	\$210 33	-	\$210 33	\$1,445 49	\$86 74	-	\$1,531 23	\$1,320 90
Cloth,	\$71,967 77	6,623 84	\$60,844 16	139,440 77	64,110 91	8,761 80	\$74,819 86	147,692 07	8,251 80
Printing,	200 50	97 60	94 96	393 06	412 60	210 75	139 40	812 75	419 69
Rattan chair,	1,176 35	5,761 43	-	6,936 78	-	5,761 43	1,175 35	6,936 78	-
Rush chair,	-	543 90	-	543 90	-	543 90	-	543 90	-
Shoe,	35,974 93	20 94	135,419 36	171,415 23	148,718 98	194 88	26,861 87	176,770 73	4,365 40
Sundries,	11,184 05	868 79	5,261 19	17,314 03	4,413 72	1,744 80	12,485 02	18,643 54	1,329 51
Wood chair,	131 51	6,266 19	33,202 85	39,600 55	40,412 06	2,068 90	566 96	43,047 92	3,447 37
Totals,	\$120,634 11	\$20,368 02	\$234,822 52	\$376,864 65	\$259,608 76	\$19,371 70	\$116,098 46	\$394,978 92	\$19,124 27

RECAPITULATION.

	Dr.				Cr.			
	Stock on hand Oct. 1, 1903,	Outstanding accounts Oct. 1, 1903,	Paid during the year,	Total	Received during the year,	Outstanding accounts Sept. 30, 1904,	Stock on hand Sept. 30, 1904,	Total
Balance,	-	-	-	-	\$120,634 11	20,368 02	234,822 52	\$259,608 76
	-	-	-	-	\$375,864 65	-	-	19,371 70
	-	-	-	-	19,124 27	-	-	116,098 46
	-	-	-	-	\$394,978 92	-	-	\$394,978 92

Details of Expenditure for Massachusetts Reformatory Industries during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

INDUSTRIES.	Materials.	Salaries.	Tools and Implements.	Totals.
Cloth,	\$49,648 00	\$8,752 32	\$2,443 84	\$60,844 16
Printing,	68 50	—	26 46	94 96
Shoe,	120,495 18	13,795 48	1,128 70	135,419 36
Sundries,	4,037 81	1,200 00	23 38	5,261 19
Wood chair,	29,272 61	3,907 86	22 38	33,202 85
Totals,	\$203,522 10	\$27,655 66	\$3,644 76	\$234,822 52

Details of Inventory of Stock on Hand for Industries of Massachusetts Reformatory Sept. 30, 1904.

INDUSTRIES.	Materials.	Tools and Implements.	Totals.
Cloth,	\$61,276 03	\$13,543 83	\$74,819 86
Printing,	—	189 40	189 40
Rattan chair,	—	1,175 35	1,175 35
Shoe,	21,781 36	5,080 51	26,861 87
Sundries,	9,415 52	3,069 50	12,485 02
Wood chair,	566 96	—	566 96
Totals,	\$93,039 87	\$23,058 59	\$116,098 46

Prisoners committed and discharged.

Number of prisoners in custody Oct. 1, 1903,	908
Committed by the courts during the year ending Sept. 30, 1904,	598
Returned by order of the Prison Commissioners,	20
Removed from State Prison,	1
Removed from State Farm,	14
Removed from jails and houses of correction,	24
Removed from Lyman School for Boys,	13
Returned from State Asylum for Insane Criminals,	1
Returned from escape,	1
	<hr/> 672
Whole number during the year,	1,575
Discharged by expiration of sentence,	65
Discharged by permit,	524
Removed to State Farm,	3
Removed to houses of correction,	8
Removed to State Asylum for Insane Criminals,	7
Died,	1
Pardoned,	10
Escaped,	2
Habeas corpus,	1
	<hr/> 621
Number remaining Sept. 30, 1904,	954
Average daily number during the year,	932

Daily Average for Each Month.

October, 1903,	911	April, 1904,	935
November, 1903,	925	May, 1904,	938
December, 1903,	924	June, 1904,	927
January, 1904,	938	July, 1904,	926
February, 1904,	948	August, 1904,	928
March, 1904,	939	September, 1904,	946

Sentences of Prisoners committed in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

Remainder of sentence (returned by Prison Commissioners),	20
Indeterminate sentence, limited to two years,	157
Indeterminate sentence, limited to five years,	434
Definite sentence (transfers and definite sentences by courts),	48
Minority (transferred from Lyman School for Boys),	13
Total,	<hr/> 672

Crimes and Ages of Prisoners sentenced to the Massachusetts Reformatory in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

CRIMES.	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26 to 30.	31 to 40.	Totals.
<i>1. — Against the Person.</i>														
Abuse of female child,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Assault,	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	1	6
Assault, indecent,	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	3
Assault to murder,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Assault to rape,	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Assault to rob,	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Assault with dangerous weapon,	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3
Assault and battery,	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	4
Carnal abuse,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
Manslaughter,	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Rape,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Robbery,	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Totals,	1	-	2	5	3	2	6	2	2	1	1	2	1	27
<i>2. — Against Property.</i>														
Breaking and entering,	3	1	11	7	18	11	10	5	5	2	5	7	2	87
Breaking and entering and larceny,	4	12	6	9	2	2	6	2	7	-	4	2	-	56
Common and notorious thief,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	2
Defrauding innkeeper,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Fraudulent conveyance of property,	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Larceny,	4	19	23	38	26	29	26	9	15	9	9	21	*7	236
Larceny from person,	-	-	3	-	1	4	2	-	1	1	-	1	-	13
Larceny from railroad car,	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	3
Larceny in a building,	1	-	1	1	2	2	1	2	1	1	-	2	-	14
Malicious mischief,	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Receiving stolen goods,	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Unlawfully taking letters, intent to obstruct mail,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Unlawful taking,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
Totals,	13	33	45	56	51	52	46	18	30	13	19	34	11	420
<i>3. — Against Public Order, etc.</i>														
Abortion and accessory,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	2
Adultery,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Disturbing the peace,	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Drunkenness,	-	1	1	1	2	3	2	6	2	2	1	9	†4	34
False fire-alarm, giving,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Forgery and uttering,	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	2	1	1	-	3	1	11
Idle and disorderly,	-	1	3	1	1	1	2	-	1	-	2	-	-	12
Lewdness,	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Making and aiding in making photographs and prints of parts of U. S. bills,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	2
Perjury,	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	3
Rescue,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Stubbornness,	5	18	18	9	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	55
Tramps,	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Vagrants,	1	3	4	6	4	3	-	3	-	-	1	-	-	26
Totals,	7	24	22	19	13	14	6	11	4	4	7	14	6	151

RECAPITULATION.

1. — Against the person,	1	-	2	5	3	2	5	2	2	1	1	2	1	27
2. — Against property,	13	33	45	55	51	52	46	18	30	13	19	34	11	420
3. — Against public order, etc.,	7	24	22	19	13	14	6	11	4	4	7	14	6	151
Totals,	21	57	69	79	67	68	57	31	36	18	27	50	18	598

* Includes one prisoner 45 years old who was later transferred to the Deer Island house of correction.

† Includes one prisoner 48 years old who was later transferred to the Salem house of correction.

PHYSICIAN'S REPORT.

CONCORD, Sept. 30, 1904.

To the Board of Prison Commissioners:

I herewith respectfully present the twentieth annual report of the medical department of the Massachusetts Reformatory:—

Number of patients admitted to hospital during year,	580
Whole number of days' residence in hospital,	6,309
Average residence of each patient,	11 days.
Number of patients transferred to State Asylum for Insane Criminals, . .	7
Applications for treatment in the daily line,	8,608
Daily average applications,	23

DEATHS.

12806, J — B —, June 17, 1904, Pulmonary tuberculosis.

CASES TREATED IN HOSPITAL.

<i>Medical.</i>	
Alcoholism,	5
Bronchitis,	6
Cephalalgia,	3
Colds,	37
Colic,	38
Debility,	8
Diarrhœa,	3
Ephemeral fever,	8
Epilepsy,	1
Heart, diseases of,	3
Indigestion,	12
Malaria,	4
Malingering,	4
Morphine habit,	2
Observation,	15
Pleurisy, dry,	5
Pleurisy, with effusion,	3
Rheumatism,	25
Syphilis,	16
Tonsillitis,	131
Tuberculosis, pulmonary,	6
Miscellaneous,	9
<i>Surgical.</i>	
Abscess of various regions,	17
Amputation of finger,	1
Appendicitis,	1
Burns,	2
Cellulitis of various regions,	7
Cervical adenitis,	2
Circumcision,	2
Ear, diseases of,	12

CASES TREATED IN HOSPITAL— *Concluded.*

<i>Surgical— Concluded.</i>			
Epididymitis,	3	Retention of urine,	2
Erysipelas,	5	Skin diseases,	65
Extraction of teeth,	3	Sprains of various regions,	17
Eye, diseases of,	13	Synovitis of knee,	2
Fractures of various regions,	5	Ulcer of leg,	1
Furuncles,	2	Vaccination,	5
Hemorrhoids,	2	Wounds of various regions,	24
Hernia,	1	Miscellaneous,	18
Hydrocele,	2		

The health of the institution continues to be good, there having been comparatively few cases of serious disease, only one death, and only two deaths in two years and a half.

The tubercular patients have done particularly well, for the reason probably that they have a large sun-room to themselves into which the out-door air freely enters night and day.

Respectfully,

THEODORE CHAMBERLIN, M.D.,
Physician.

REFORMATORY PRISON FOR WOMEN.

SHERBORN (post-office address, SOUTH FRAMINGHAM, MASS.).

SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

SHERBORN, Oct. 1, 1904.

To the Board of Prison Commissioners :

I have the honor to submit the twenty-seventh annual report of the Reformatory Prison for Women.

During the past year many changes have occurred among the co-workers, occasioned by sickness principally, and in the case of my deputy followed later on by death; but the ranks are soon filled and the work moves on, all earnestly striving toward the uplifting of the women from their lives of degradation into which they have fallen either by inheritance or environment.

The indeterminate sentence is fully established and it is hoped that a good effect will be produced on the lives of the women after their release by this system, and that the law will have a strong hold on their future conduct.

The department which has heretofore been known as "probation" has been discontinued, and in its place there has been established a new department, which is called "hospital annex." Every woman entering the institution is placed in the annex, remaining there until her mental and physical condition has been determined, and if pronounced good she is immediately transferred to the second-grade wing and assigned work in one of the work-rooms. At any time should an epidemic arise in any part of the State extra precaution would be necessary to protect the institution. Whenever special treatment is required the patient is removed to the hospital. The number of patients who will require special care during their entire

term of confinement has never been larger, perhaps not so large, as at the present time. These cases have so greatly increased within the past two years that the growing necessity for a new hospital building, apart from the main building, is coming to be a question of great moment. Attention has been called to this need in previous reports.

By means of the appropriation granted by the Legislature last winter each tenement house has been provided with toilet and bathrooms, thereby making safe from danger the sanitary condition of each house.

The prisoners' tables have never been so frequently supplied with a variety of fruits and vegetables in their season as during this year, all raised on our farm. Pleasant days the women are often taken out on the grounds for an hour of fresh air and recreation; also, almost daily, different companies are sent out for out-of-door work.

I recommend the following appropriations for the maintenance of the institution for the year 1905:—

Salaries,	\$25,000 00
Subsistence,	\$6,500 00
Clothing and bedding,	1,500 00
Furniture and furnishings,	1,500 00
Hospital cases,	500 00
Books and printing,	300 00
Fuel,	6,000 00
Lights,	200 00
Engineer's department,	1,500 00
Laundry,	500 00
General repairs,	2,000 00
Agriculture,	5,000 00
Stable and barns,	5,000 00
Miscellaneous,	1,500 00
	<hr/>
	\$32,000 00
Total,	<hr/>
	\$57,000 00

The need of an addition to the stock barn is of very great importance, to make comfortable quarters for our milch cows.

The institution driveways are in a bad condition and need to be repaired in a substantial and enduring manner. A very careful estimate for doing this work properly, with crushed stone, is placed at \$3,000.

We are under renewed obligations to many friends who have rendered us valuable service in a variety of pleasant ways; I assure our friends that their continued remembrances will always meet with hearty appreciation. I desire also to make appreciative mention of the cordial co-operation of the Board during the past year.

Respectfully,

FRANCES A. MORTON,
Superintendent.

Names of Officers of the Reformatory Prison for Women, Date of Appointment, Rank, Annual Salary, and Amount received during the Year.

NAME.	Date of Appointment.	Rank.	Annual Salary.	Amount Received.
Frances A. Morton,	Dec., 1899,	Superintendent, . . .	\$2,000 00	\$2,000 00
Frances W. Potter,	Nov., 1898,	Physician,	1,000 00	1,000 00
Emily L. Herndon,	Dec., 1900,	Chaplain,	1,000 00	1,000 00
Emma A. Pond,*	Mar., 1900,	Deputy supt.,	1,000 00	666 67
Cora C. Macbrien,	June, 1904,	" "	1,000 00	333 33
Susan P. Brooks,	May, 1884,	Clerk,	800 00	800 00
Gertrude Brannen,	Oct., 1879,	Matron,	400 00	400 00
Ada L. Batchelor,	Feb., 1899,	" "	400 00	400 00
Lena R. Ballou,	Aug., 1891,	" "	400 00	400 00
Jennie Mackie,	Aug., 1902,	" "	400 00	400 00
Sarah P. Kibbe,	July, 1901,	" "	400 00	379 50
Mary R. Fitch,	Mar., 1898,	Deputy matron, . . .	350 00	350 00
Augusta T. Martin,	May, 1896,	" "	350 00	350 00
C. Louise Starratt,	Sept., 1899,	" "	350 00	350 00
Helen B. Masters,	Oct., 1894,	Assistant matron, . .	300 00	300 00
Mary L. Partridge,	May, 1897,	" "	300 00	300 00
Julia R. Thompson,	Feb., 1899,	" "	300 00	300 00
Albina F. Ayres,	Aug., 1899,	" "	300 00	300 00
Elizabeth E. Grant,	Dec., 1899,	" "	300 00	300 00
Helen G. Brannen,	Jan., 1894,	" "	300 00	300 00
Edith E. Wood,*	April, 1901,	" "	300 00	300 00
Lilla M. Hutchinson,	Aug., 1901,	" "	300 00	300 00
Susie C. Stanley,	Nov., 1901,	" "	300 00	300 00
Alice J. Hayes,	April, 1902,	" "	300 00	300 00
Hattie B. Morton,	June, 1903,	" "	300 00	300 00
Estelle Redington,	Mar., 1903,	" "	300 00	300 00
Mary J. Sewall,*	Oct., 1901,	" "	300 00	175 00
Mary Barrie,*	Oct., 1900,	" "	300 00	75 00
Annie S. Murphy,*	Jan., 1904,	" "	300 00	77 50
Adena E. Harvey,*	Oct., 1903,	Employee,	240 00	60 00
Lillian E. Whiton,*	Aug., 1904,	" "	240 00	23 23
G. Henry Putnum,	May, 1890,	" "	240 00	29 23
Harlan J. Davis,	Oct., 1898,	Engineer,	1,200 00	1,200 00
Charles G. Parker,	April, 1898,	Fireman,	700 00	700 00
Charles H. Leland,	July, 1901,	" "	50 per mo.,	600 00
George A. Damon,	Dec., 1901,	" "	50 " "	600 00
Willard J. Turner,	Nov., 1900,	" "	50 " "	600 00
Irvine Mank,	May, 1901,	Stableman,	60 " "	720 00
Frank G. Proctor,	Jan., 1896,	Carpenter,	75 " "	900 00
George L. Works,	May, 1899,	Employee,	70 " "	840 00
Charles E. Hall,	June, 1899,	Watchman,	2 per day,	732 00
J. Hendry Flett,	Feb., 1900,	" "	2 " "	732 00
George Phinister,	Feb., 1901,	Foreman,	1,000 00	1,000 00
John Grimbleston,*	July, 1898,	Farmer,	55 per mo.,	660 00
William Lambertson,	July, 1897,	" "	55 " "	535 23
Joseph H. Saunders,	April, 1901,	" "	50 " "	600 00
Joseph H. Wheeler,	May, 1892,	" "	50 " "	550 00
Orrin F. Stone,	Nov., 1901,	" "	50 " "	50 00
William L. Sheridan,	Nov., 1899,	" "	50 " "	150 00
	-	" "	45 " "	135 00
				\$24,778 99

* Resigned.

Expenditures for Maintenance.

Salaries,	\$24,773 99
Subsistence,	\$5,124 87
Clothing and bedding,	1,899 71
Furniture and furnishings,	1,472 47
Hospital,	521 96
Books, printing, etc.,	250 70
Fuel,	6,010 03
Lights,	18 20
Engineer's department,	2,043 07
Laundry,	846 47
General repairs,	1,901 78
Agriculture,	4,850 94
Stable and barns,	5,254 85
Miscellaneous,	1,599 58
	<hr/>
	31,794 63
	<hr/>
	\$56,568 62

Income from Small Sales.

Sale of milk and cream,	\$226 10
fruit and vegetables,	71 23
pigs,	552 00
beef and poultry,	64 17
wood,	219 75
electric ties,	212 70
eggs,	282 01
rags and junk,	53 03
farm tools, etc.,	70 96
sundries,	22 87
Rent of electric lights,	20 00
	<hr/>
	\$1,794 82

Large quantities of vegetables and fruits have been raised on the farm, among the products being 1,272 bushels of potatoes, 445 bushels of turnips, 3,000 heads of cabbage, 113 bushels of beets, 77 bunches of asparagus, 150 heads of celery, 72 heads of cauliflower, 112 heads of lettuce, 160 barrels of apples, 738 boxes of strawberries, 75 boxes of blackberries, etc. Large amounts of poultry, pork, veal and beef were raised and used in the prison. Considerable wood was cut, part being used in the prison, and some sold. The farm produced 270 tons of hay, as well as rye straw and corn fodder. The sale of farm products amounted to a considerable sum, as will be noted in the preceding statement.

Financial Statement of Industries of the Reformatory Prison for Women for the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

INDUSTRIES.	PAID DURING THE YEAR.						Cr.			
	Oct. 1, 1903.			Total Debits.			Receipts.		Sept. 30, 1904.	
	Outstand- ing Accounts.			Totals.			Total Credits.		Total	
	Stock on Hand.	Materials.	Salaries.	Tools and Imple- ments.	Totals.	Total Debits.	Outstand- ing Accounts.	Stock on Hand.	Gain.	Total
Dairy,	-	\$3 00	-	\$6 49	\$9 49	\$9 49	\$1,817 08	-	\$1,807 59	\$1,817 08
Laundry,	-	349 63	\$252 21	35 75	637 59	637 59	5,137 85	-	4,500 26	5,137 85
Sewing,	\$1,505 68	1,628 98	240 00	4 63	1,873 61	3,782 04	2,941 27	\$1,492 46	1,123 44	4,905 48
Shirt,	20,099 54	23,351 63	4,824 60	42 26	27,218 49	54,920 07	40,984 19	9,237 58	246 83	55,166 90
Totals,	\$21,605 22	\$24,333 24	\$5,316 81	\$89 13	\$29,789 18	\$59,349 19	\$50,880 39	\$10,730 04	\$7,678 12	\$67,027 31

RECAPITULATION.

Dr.	Cr.		
	Received during the year,		
	Outstanding accounts Sept. 30, 1904,		
	Stock on hand Sept. 30, 1904,		
Stock on hand Oct. 1, 1903,	\$21,605 22		\$50,880 39
Outstanding accounts Oct. 1, 1903,	8,004 79		5,416 88
Paid during the year,	29,789 18		10,730 04
	\$59,349 19		
Balance,	7,678 12		
	\$67,027 31		\$67,027 31

Table showing the Number of Prisoners committed and discharged in All Ways during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

Number of prisoners in custody Oct. 1, 1903,	219
Committed by the courts during the year ending Sept. 30, 1904,	221
Committed from Industrial School for Girls,	4
Returned by revocation of permit,	5
Returned from insane hospital,	1
	<hr/> 231
Whole number during the year,	450
Discharged by expiration of sentence,	35
Discharged by shortened sentence,	49
Discharged by permit,	164
Removed to State Farm,	2
Removed to Industrial School for Girls,	1
Removed to insane hospital,	3
Pardoned,	5
Died,	1
	<hr/> 260
Number in custody Sept. 30, 1904,	190
Average daily number in custody,	203
Number in the prison Sept. 30, 1904,	190
Average daily number in prison,	194

Infants.

Number of infants admittèd with mothers,	7
Number of infants born in the prison,	5
Number of infants died,	2
Number of infants remaining Sept. 30, 1904,	12

Crimes and Ages of Prisoners sentenced to the Reformatory Prison for Women in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

CRIMES.	16	17	18	19	20	21 to 25.	26 to 30.	31 to 40.	41 to 50.	51 to 60.	61 to 70.	Above 70.	Totals.
<i>1. — Against the Person.</i>													
Abandoning child,	-	-	1	-	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	4
Assault and battery,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Kidnapping,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Manslaughter,	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	2
Totals,	-	1	1	-	-	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	8
<i>2. — Against Property.</i>													
Arson, attempt,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
Breaking glass,	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Larceny,	-	3	1	1	1	8	2	3	-	-	-	-	19
Receiving stolen goods,	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Totals,	-	3	1	1	1	10	2	4	-	-	-	-	23
<i>3. — Against Public Order, etc.</i>													
Abortion and accessory,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	-	-	4
Adultery,	-	-	-	-	-	1	6	2	-	-	-	-	9
Common night-walker,	1	-	1	2	5	12	5	2	-	-	-	-	28
Disorderly house, keeping,	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	1	-	-	-	4
Drunkenness,	-	-	1	1	1	25	13	23	9	3	2	1	79
Fornication,	-	1	1	2	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	8
Idle and disorderly,	-	2	1	2	1	12	3	1	1	-	-	-	23
Lewd cohabitation,	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	1	1	1	-	-	8
Lewdness,	1	-	-	2	2	4	-	2	-	-	-	-	11
Stubbornness,	1	6	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
Vagrants,	-	1	2	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	5
Totals,	3	10	8	12	12	59	29	35	15	5	2	1	191

RECAPITULATION.

1. — Against the person,	-	1	1	-	-	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	8
2. — Against property,	-	3	1	1	1	10	2	4	-	-	-	-	23
3. — Against public order, etc.,	3	10	8	12	12	59	29	35	15	5	2	1	191
Totals,	3	14	10	13	13	72	33	40	15	5	2	1	221

NOTE. — There were 2 definite sentences this year, one for 7 years for abortion, the other 3 years for accessory to abortion after the fact.

PHYSICIAN'S REPORT.

SHERBORN, Oct. 1, 1904.

To the Board of Prison Commissioners:

The following is the twenty-seventh annual report of the medical work of the Reformatory Prison for Women:—

Daily average of prisoners,	194
Daily average having medicine, not in hospital,	31
Daily average sick in rooms,	1
Daily average on sick call,	13

HOSPITAL CASES.

Medical.

Adenitis (tubercular),	1	Maligner,	3
Asthma,	2	Menorrhagia,	3
Cardiac lesions (valvular),	2	Morphinism,	3
Cocainism,	1	Neuralgia,	2
Delirium tremens,	2	Neuritis,	1
Diabetes mellitus,	1	Pleurisy,	1
Diarrhoea,	2	Rheumatism,	2
Dysmenorrhoea,	2	Syphilis,	3
Gastritis,	3	Tonsillitis,	2
Hysteria,	2	Tuberculosis,	3

Surgical.

Abscess,	5	Herpes zoster,	1
Anal fissure,	2	Iritis,	2
Carcinoma,	1	Pruritis,	1
Eczema,	3	Scabies,	2
Erysipelas,	1	Sprain,	2
Erythema nodosum,	1	Tapeworm,	1
Furunculosis,	1	Urticaria,	1
Hemorrhoids,	1		

HOSPITAL CASES — *Concluded.*

Obstetrical.

Labor,	6	Miscarriages,	2
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One prisoner has died of pleurisy with cardiac complications. Two infants have died, one of inanition, the other a premature infant which lived two weeks. Three prisoners have been removed to the hospital for insane.

Respectfully,

FRANCES W. POTTER, M.D.

CHAPLAIN'S REPORT.

SHERBORN, Oct. 1, 1904.

To the Board of Prison Commissioners :

I submit herewith my annual report as chaplain of the Reformatory Prison for Women.

THE SCHOOL.

Number admitted during the year,	71
Number who could read and write imperfectly,	22
Number who could read and write in their own language,	11
Number of illiterates,	38

In former reports I have given the general plan of the school work. The privileges of the day school are accorded only to illiterates and foreigners. The latter who read and write in their own language are a particularly hopeful set of pupils and seem to progress far more rapidly than our native born Americans. Special attention is given to letter writing, so that nearly every woman upon leaving school has been able to write her own letters. The exceptions are those whom age, defective eye-sight or other existing conditions have rendered unfit for study. Our evening school sessions are well attended and the progress made is quite marked.

THE LIBRARY.

Number of volumes in the general library,	1,381
Books replaced,	37
Books added (12 donated),	38
Number of volumes in the hospital library,	392
Books added (16 donated),	18

Many of our books are very much worn and are constantly needing to be repaired. With the aid of one of the women, I mend and cover many hundred volumes during the year. The increasing demand for reading matter is an evidence of the value of the library to the women. The addition of at least 100 volumes a year would not more than meet the demand and supply the deficit which a year of constant use occasions.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

The Rev. Father Garrahan has been untiring in his ministrations here. On several occasions he has brought some of his parish children with him and given entertainments in the chapel. He has also contributed literature and flowers, both of which have been much enjoyed by the women.

During the year I have endeavored to faithfully discharge all the duties connected with the chaplaincy, the details of which have been given in previous reports. I have, with the exception of two Sabbaths, personally conducted every service. I cannot help feeling that it would hardly be expected that the chaplain, Sunday after Sunday, could bring the gospel truths home to the hearts of these women as an occasional minister from the outside world would do.

I am happy, however, to report that there is deep interest shown in all our services, particularly in our Sabbath school lessons. There has been a large demand for Bibles, and I feel that there are those who have never before had any love or reverence for God's Word who will in the future make it a lamp unto their feet and a light unto their path, and who can say with the Psalmist, "Thy Word have I hid in my heart that I might not sin against Thee."

We are deeply grateful to all who at various times have kindly given entertainments and lectures and have contributed books, papers and flowers; these favors have been warmly appreciated by both officers and inmates.

Respectfully,

EMILY L. HERNDON,
Chaplain.

THE JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.

There are 5 separate jails, 2 separate houses of correction, and 14 other county prisons, each having a jail and house of correction combined. In the paragraphs below any changes or improvements in these prisons since the last report are briefly described. The facts concerning the details of expenditures for maintenance and the receipts from various sources, including the earnings, are set out in tabulated statements immediately following the text.

BARNSTABLE COUNTY.

Jail and House of Correction at Barnstable.

For several years it has been stated in the annual report of this prison that the only work except to keep the land and buildings in order is furnished by pumping water into the tank at the top of the court house, but this will shortly be discontinued as a regular employment because a tank is being erected that will be supplied by a wind-mill, and all the water for the buildings will be distributed from this place. At the close of the year there were 6 prisoners in custody, 4 less than last year. The prison has been provided with new bath-tubs and toilets, and the whole place has the appearance of being clean and well kept.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY.

Jail and House of Correction at Pittsfield.

The appearance of this prison has been greatly improved during the year by putting ground glass in the windows of the women's prison in place of the painted glass that had been there a long time. Other improvements consist of placing new sinks in the cell-block, laying asphalt walks in the prison yard and cleaning and painting various parts of the prison. The workshop has been screened and protected. In the report last year reference was made to the situa-

tion of the bath-room in the women's prison, which is so placed that it cannot be properly ventilated and lighted. It would be a great improvement if this were moved to another part of the wing. On September 30 the number of prisoners in custody was 79, being 10 more than last year.

BRISTOL COUNTY.

Jail and House of Correction at New Bedford.

The prison population of this place shows a great decrease as compared with last year. On September 30 there remained in custody 192 prisoners, being 99 less than were held at the close of the preceding year. No extraordinary repairs have been made on the buildings during the year, but they have been kept in good order and their appearance shows the constant attention of the master. During the year the asphalt floors in the corridors have been painted, and this treatment gives them a smooth surface that is quite satisfactory.

Jail at Taunton.

This place also shows a diminished population as compared with last year, the number held on September 30 being only 50, against 57 the year before. The only extraordinary repairs on the buildings consisted of a few changes in the steam-heating apparatus, but the repairs and changes of a few years ago greatly improve the appearance of this jail. There is a fine chapel here, but during the hot days of summer services cannot be held in it owing to great heat radiated from the iron roof.

COUNTY OF DUKES COUNTY.

Jail at Edgartown.

A new keeper has been appointed at this jail, but he returns no prisoners in custody at the close of the year. The jail buildings, although small, are well built and are sufficient for any emergency that is likely to arise in this small county.

ESSEX COUNTY.

House of Correction at Ipswich.

The good appearance of this prison, which was noted in the report of last year, has been maintained during this year. The prison has been kept clean, and as much work as possible has been provided.

The large crop of vegetables produced on the land not only furnished occupation for the prisoners but reduced the cost of support. On September 30 there were 42 prisoners in custody, being 7 less than last year.

Jail and House of Correction at Lawrence.

When this prison was built it was so constructed as to make it impossible to provide separate cells for the inmates except when the number of prisoners is very small. Nearly one-half the cells are of double size, and ordinarily the population is so large that 2 men must be kept in each of the larger cells. The condition in this respect is better than it was last year, there being on September 30 only 118 prisoners in custody, against 147 the year before. Extraordinary repairs during the year consisted of some work on the buildings at an expense of \$800, and the construction of a new fence which also cost \$800.

Jail at Newburyport.

The number of prisoners remaining in custody at the close of the year was only 7, being 10 less than last year. This jail is used mainly as a place of detention for prisoners awaiting trial, and it sometimes happens that only a few are held here. Occasionally, however, there will be a comparatively large number. The new prison, which was built about fifteen years ago, will furnish sufficient accommodations for this part of the county for a long time without using the old prison, which is always available in case of emergency. The only work is such as may be found about the buildings and in cultivating the exceedingly small lot of land connected with the jail.

Jail and House of Correction at Salem.

Like all the other prisons in this county, there is a reduction in the number of prisoners remaining as compared with last year. The number in custody here on September 30 was 129, whereas 137 were held at the close of the preceding year. Although the population shows this reduction, it is nevertheless a fact that the large number of commitments from the nearby cities and towns make an imperative need of more prison room at Salem. Some years ago a lot of land was purchased by the county commissioners for the purpose of making an enlargement, but nothing further has been done in this

direction. From time to time it has been suggested that one of the houses of correction in this county should be set apart exclusively as a women's prison. This prison is always clean and orderly, owing to the continued vigilance of the master and his assistants. A small expenditure has been made for retubing and resetting the boilers, and other slight repairs, such as painting and plumbing, have been done, but nothing has been accomplished towards making the important change of removing the boilers from under the prison buildings.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

Jail and House of Correction at Greenfield.

This prison has a larger number of inmates than at the close of last year, there being 49 in custody, against 31 in 1903. The farm has been cultivated to good advantage, and a large crop of vegetables has been raised for the consumption of the prisoners. The work here, besides farming, consists of cane-seating chairs, which is done in a large and well-lighted shop.

HAMPDEN COUNTY.

Jail and House of Correction at Springfield.

The changes in the ventilating apparatus which were mentioned in the last report have been completed during the year. Other repairs consist of new locks for the prison. This is one of the best of the county prison buildings, and is always clean and well kept. The number of prisoners remaining at the close of the year was 191, being a reduction of 40 as compared with the preceding year.

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY.

Jail and House of Correction at Northampton.

The changes at this place mentioned in the last report have been completed during the year at a cost of a little less than \$10,000. Under the immediate direction of the sheriff the prison has had a thorough overhauling, and presents a much better appearance than it has shown for a long time. The new heating apparatus adds greatly to the convenience of the prison. At the close of the year there were 46 prisoners in custody, 4 more than last year.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

Jail and House of Correction at Cambridge.

The premises of this prison are exceedingly restricted and there is no possibility of enlarging the area of the yard. All the available space, however, is utilized, and during the year an improvement has been made by the addition of a two-story brick building, to be used as a visiting and receiving room for prisoners. The place for visitors is the best room of the kind to be found in any prison in the State. The entire cost of the building was about \$1,300. Other repairs on the buildings to the amount of \$8,000 were made so as to keep them in good condition. The number of prisoners in custody on September 30 was 269, a decrease of 26 as compared with last year.

Jail at Lowell.

Although commitments to the prison department of the Lowell poor farm ceased during the year, and that department was closed entirely at the end of September, it is interesting to note that there has been no material increase in the number of prisoners in Middlesex County. This jail had 111 prisoners in custody at the close of the year, 27 more than last year, a gain that is off-set by the decrease at Cambridge. Repairs here consisted of the installation of a new drying-room in the laundry, at an expense of something over \$600. Ordinary repairs on the buildings to keep them in proper condition amounted to an expenditure of about \$3,000. In this prison it has been necessary to put 2 men in a few of the cells. This might have been avoided by transfers to Cambridge, but, on account of the short terms imposed, it was not thought advisable to put the county to the expense of transferring prisoners back and forth.

NANTUCKET COUNTY.

Jail and House of Correction at Nantucket.

There is nothing to say about this place except to repeat what has been said time and again. There were no prisoners in custody at the close of the year, and the only one committed during the year was a woman who had been sentenced to Sherborn, and was held in the jail pending her transportation to the mainland.

NORFOLK COUNTY.

Jail and House of Correction at Dedham.

The only repairs here during the year were such as have been necessary to keep the prison up to the good condition which was given to it a few years ago by the entire renovation that was made under the direction of the sheriff. The number of prisoners at the close of the year was 65, being 18 less than last year.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY.

Jail and House of Correction at Plymouth.

Since the last report some repairs have been made here which were recommended several years ago. New bath-tubs have been provided, plumbing has been put into the men's hospital, and a new hospital has been set apart for women. The laundry also has been refitted. These changes have added to the improved condition of this prison, which has been marked in recent years. The place is clean, orderly and well kept in every respect. At the close of the year there were 87 prisoners in custody, being 40 more than last year.

SUFFOLK COUNTY.

Jail at Boston.

In the report of last year there was quoted a letter of the sheriff in regard to the new prison, the construction of which completed the changes that have been in progress here for some years. Everything about the place at present is quite conveniently arranged with the exception of the hospital in the new prison, which is in the top of the building and unfortunately has no elevator. This jail receives a great many prisoners during the year, mostly those committed for trial, but only enough sentenced prisoners to keep the place in order. The number of prisoners in custody on September 30 was 223, being 12 less than last year.

House of Correction at Deer Island.

The largest prison in the State is situated on Deer Island in Boston harbor. At the close of the year there were 1,793 prisoners in custody, being 120 more than were held on Sept. 30, 1903. The greatest increase in the commitments to county prisons is found here, but the relative addition is not as great as in some other places. No

extraordinary expenditures are reported, but general repairs and improvements were made at an expense of about \$8,000. During the year the new prison for women has been occupied. It differs in construction from any other prison in the State, and is probably one of the most elaborate structures ever prepared for such a purpose. It contains enough separate cells for the imprisonment of as many women as are likely to be sent to this place for a long time, and its use will further improve the condition of this well managed prison.

WORCESTER COUNTY.

Jail and House of Correction at Fitchburg.

No special repairs have been made on the buildings here during the year, but a small sum has been expended for keeping the buildings in good order. Some years ago the commitments of women to this place were discontinued, and female prisoners in this county are all kept at Worcester. The small tract of land is cultivated by the prisoners, and yields good returns for their labor. Other inmates are employed in the shops at cane-seating chairs. At the close of the year the number of prisoners remaining was 112, as against 118 the year before.

Jail and House of Correction at Worcester.

The repairs on this prison consisted of doing some work on the stable, the roof of the prison, etc., at a cost of \$620. For a long time during the year no work was available here, but at the date of this report the prisoners are quite well employed in cane-seating chairs. The number of prisoners in custody on September 30 was 219, being 29 less than last year. Both the prisons in Worcester County are always kept in good order, and are economically managed.

As a rule, the county prisons are clean and well kept, but in a few instances great improvement in the appearance could be shown if the keepers and masters were allowed to make a small outlay at regular intervals for paint and like materials.

On the pages immediately following will be found tables of expenses and receipts, also a statement of prisoners received and discharged in all the jails and houses of correction.

Expenditures for Maintenance of Jails and Houses of Correction in Detail for the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

PRISONS.	Average Number of Prisoners.	Salaries of Officers, including Chaplains.	Provisions.	Clothing.	Beds and Bedding.	Medical Supplies.	Fuel and Lights.	Instruction of Prisoners, not including Salaries of Chaplains.	Expenses for Reading Matter.	Allowed to Discharged Prisoners.	All Other Purposes.	Total Amount expended.
Barnstable Jail and House of Correction,	10	\$960 00	\$1,638 51	\$103 70	\$9 00	\$22 55	\$120 00	-	\$55 53	\$25 55	\$26 87	\$3,006 88
Boston Jail,	227	23,564 98	14,989 91	1,686 97	186 33	292 95	5,944 17	-	59 85	3 00	5,996 21	57,423 05
Cambridge Jail and House of Correction,	293	33,323 10	18,843 80	6,594 43	898 91	274 60	*17,321 06	\$52 76	59 85	235 92	6,306 13	83,911 16
Dedham Jail and House of Correction,	90	8,353 36	3,917 16	650 28	32 83	136 16	-	-	52 84	52 84	2,065 94	15,208 06
Deer Island House of Correction,	1,552	68,048 33	70,166 29	19,630 25	3,280 56	2,999 19	19,467 56	37 08	196 47	759 72	22,491 41	202,777 36
Edgartown Jail,	-	200 00	365 00	12 75	-	-	22 00	-	-	-	3 93	603 93
Fitchburg Jail and House of Correction,	108	8,385 43	2,818 81	350 85	4 51	90 64	2,410 21	-	100 00	220 00	2,846 08	17,228 53
Greenfield Jail and House of Correction,	41	4,460 00	1,192 50	449 71	53 84	53 60	718 39	-	5 00	11 55	1,761 07	8,705 96
Ipswich House of Correction,	56	5,618 33	3,705 38	483 15	15 63	75 98	2,331 10	-	-	145 19	2,161 33	14,475 99
Lawrence Jail and House of Correction,	133	6,650 00	10,469 88	858 95	-	289 79	2,001 09	-	-	214 45	3,191 32	23,675 48
Lowell Jail,	108	9,179 85	3,765 96	795 81	92 31	285 90	2,103 93	-	-	109 79	1,724 96	18,058 51
Nantucket Jail and House of Correction,	-	50 00	19 80	-	-	-	1 38	-	-	-	9 64	80 82
New Bedford Jail and House of Correction,	237	21,164 27	10,903 29	1,211 99	52 84	340 12	5,433 18	-	139 75	407 05	3,751 73	48,434 22
Newburyport Jail,	16	2,877 11	1,051 26	165 45	44 67	25 15	640 25	-	-	1 00	547 08	5,351 97
Northampton Jail and House of Correction,	40	3,134 00	3,087 87	299 30	177 02	28 80	1,466 73	-	-	-	1,049 92	9,193 94
Pittsfield Jail and House of Correction,	72	7,931 42	5,990 74	1,254 34	205 79	681 98	4,903 20	25 00	-	88 06	2,179 29	22,869 82
Plymouth Jail and House of Correction,	69	7,800 00	3,994 61	439 61	262 37	53 10	1,620 22	-	-	13 45	625 58	14,908 86
Salem Jail and House of Correction,	147	8,334 68	6,988 99	652 12	91 28	169 05	3,142 52	-	-	444 21	2,447 31	21,290 26
Springfield Jail and House of Correction,	189	10,921 57	7,132 03	903 61	363 59	336 06	5,686 45	-	-	342 56	7,070 03	32,755 90
Taunton Jail,	46	5,708 00	2,388 56	145 50	60 22	229 93	1,420 85	-	18 50	66 96	702 41	10,547 96
Worcester Jail and House of Correction,	247	13,562 15	7,631 53	1,023 42	303 83	229 93	2,403 12	-	97 40	409 55	2,721 01	28,882 04
Totals,	3,681	\$245,266 58	\$185,921 79	\$37,712 19	\$6,138 53	\$6,112 50	\$78,868 11	\$115 84	\$72 50	\$3,551 05	\$66,319 25	\$833,757 84

* Fuel and lights are furnished for the county buildings.

† County commissioners expended \$5,927.76 for fuel and lights which are furnished in connection with the court house.

Expenditures, Receipts and Cost of Support in Jails and Houses of Correction for the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

PRISONS	EXPENDITURES.		RECEIPTS, EXCLUSIVE OF PAYMENTS OF FINES AND COSTS.			Average Number of Prisoners.	COST FOR EACH PRISONER.	
	Salaries and Wages.	Other Expenses.	Totals.	Earnings from Industries.	From Other Sources.		Gross.	Net.
Barnstable Jail and House of Correction,	\$960 00	\$2,046 58	\$3,006 58	-	\$221 77	10	\$300 66	\$278 48
Boston Jail,	28,564 98	28,368 07	57,423 05	-	2,042 60	227	252 96	243 97
Cambridge Jail and House of Correction,	33,823 10	50,588 06	83,911 16	\$1,771 58	20,098 64	293	286 39	211 74
Dedham Jail and House of Correction,	8,353 38	6,354 70	15,208 06	860 23	176 00	90	168 99	157 46
Deer Island House of Correction,	68,048 33	144,729 03	202,777 36	4,516 06	3,091 60	1,552	130 66	125 76
Edgartown Jail,	200 00	403 68	603 68	-	-	-	-	-
Fitchburg Jail and House of Correction,	8,385 43	8,841 10	17,226 53	3,520 36	857 58	108	159 60	118 97
Greenfield Jail and House of Correction,	4,490 00	4,245 96	8,705 96	964 06	621 35	41	212 34	173 67
Ipswich House of Correction,	5,618 33	8,857 66	14,475 99	-	445 51	56	258 60	250 64
Lawrence Jail and House of Correction,	6,650 00	17,025 48	23,675 48	-	330 75	133	178 01	175 52
Lowell Jail,	9,179 85	8,878 66	18,068 51	1,415 78	321 36	108	167 21	151 12
Nantucket Jail and House of Correction,	50 00	80 82	80 82	-	-	-	-	-
New Bedford Jail and House of Correction,	21,194 27	22,239 95	43,434 22	5,094 06	489 86	237	183 27	159 71
Newburyport Jail,	2,872 11	2,474 86	5,351 97	-	-	16	334 50	334 50
Northampton Jail and House of Correction,	8,134 00	6,059 64	9,163 64	384 88	242 00	40	229 84	214 17
Pittsfield Jail and House of Correction,	7,831 42	14,938 40	22,869 82	-	50 95	72	317 64	316 93
Plymouth Jail and House of Correction,	7,800 00	7,008 86	14,808 86	643 76	662 65	69	214 62	205 02
Salem Jail and House of Correction,	8,334 68	12,925 58	21,260 26	1,332 14	994 02	147	144 63	128 80
Springfield Jail and House of Correction,	10,921 57	21,834 33	32,755 90	4,064 51	576 47	189	173 81	148 76
Taunton Jail,	5,708 00	4,839 95	10,547 95	-	89 24	46	229 30	227 86
Worcester Jail and House of Correction,	13,562 15	14,819 89	28,382 04	2,097 78	275 99	247	114 91	105 30
Totals,	\$246,256 58	\$388,501 26	\$633,757 84	\$26,665 20	\$30,944 58	3,681	\$172 17	\$156 52

AVERAGE COST OF PRISONERS.

The preceding table gives the average cost of support in each jail and house of correction. The conditions in the different prisons are so varied that this table does not form a fair basis of comparison; no just estimate can be made without taking into account all the circumstances, such as the stock on hand, products from the land, etc. Moreover, in dividing the expenses, the larger prisons will always make the better showing. Similar considerations apply to the State institutions, in which the average net cost of support for the year was as follows: State Prison, \$143.86; Massachusetts Reformatory, \$202.72; Reformatory Prison for Women, \$242.76.

FINES AND COSTS.

Number committed for Non-payment of Fines and Costs, and Amount received.

PRISONS.	Number committed for Non-payment of Fines and Costs.	Number who paid Fines and Costs.	Amount received for Fines and Costs.
Barnstable Jail and House of Correction, . . .	11	7	\$164 14
Boston Jail,	359	177	2,305 00
Cambridge Jail and House of Correction, . . .	1,287	359	2,188 00
Dedham Jail and House of Correction, . . .	241	101	1,788 00
Deer Island House of Correction,	5,111	857	6,611 00
Edgartown Jail,	1	1	15 00
Fitchburg Jail and House of Correction, . . .	279	48	655 00
Greenfield Jail and House of Correction, . . .	59	16	330 00
Ipswich House of Correction,	17	1	10 00
Lawrence Jail and House of Correction, . . .	756	157	920 00
Lowell Jail,	981	233	1,727 30
Nantucket Jail and House of Correction, . . .	-	-	-
New Bedford Jail and House of Correction, . .	1,023	202	2,221 00
Newburyport Jail,	121	20	120 25
Northampton Jail and House of Correction, . .	131	59	479 00
Pittsfield Jail and House of Correction, . . .	359	42	332 84
Plymouth Jail and House of Correction, . . .	340	51	363 60
Salem Jail and House of Correction,	966	155	1,496 00
Springfield Jail and House of Correction, . . .	1,345	274	2,717 00
Taunton Jail,	585	142	1,048 00
Worcester Jail and House of Correction, . . .	1,189	262	2,782 00
Totals,	15,061	3,164	*\$28,173 13

* This applies only to fines paid to the masters and keepers.

Showing Number of Prisoners committed and discharged in Each Jail and House of Correction, in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

PRISONS.	Number of Prisoners Oct. 1, 1903.	Committed from Court during the Year.	Returned for Violation of Permit.	Removed from Other Prisons.	Returned from Escape.	Returned from Inmate Asylum.	Total Number in Prison during the Year.	Released on Permit or Otherwise Discharged.	Died.	Escaped.	Pardoned.	Removed to Inmate Asylum.	Removed to Other Prisons.	Total Number Discharged during the Year.	Number in Custody Sept. 30, 1904.	Average number in Jails and Houses of Correction.
Barnstable Jail and House of Correction,	10	63	—	—	—	—	63	67	—	—	—	—	—	67	6	10
Boston Jail,	235	6,624	—	—	—	—	6,636	6,636	—	—	—	—	—	6,636	223	227
Cambridge Jail and House of Correction,	295	2,781	12	125	2	1	3,216	2,896	3	1	—	5	42	2,947	269	293
Dedham Jail and House of Correction,	83	591	1	—	—	—	678	7604	2	—	—	—	—	613	65	90
Deer Island House of Correction,	1,673	10,839	40	5	1	—	12,558	10,690	16	3	8	—	48	10,765	1,793	1,652
Edgartown Jail,	—	22	—	—	—	—	22	22	—	—	—	—	—	22	—	—
Fitchburg Jail and House of Correction,	118	583	1	135	—	—	836	691	1	—	—	—	31	724	112	108
Greenfield Jail and House of Correction,	81	184	1	—	1	—	217	165	—	1	—	2	—	168	49	41
Ipswich House of Correction,	49	78	2	257	—	—	386	340	1	—	—	—	2	344	42	56
Lawrence Jail and House of Correction,	147	1,249	32	—	—	—	1,429	1,261	—	—	—	2	—	1,311	118	133
Lowell Jail,	84	1,484	25	25	—	—	1,566	1,369	—	—	—	—	114	1,484	111	108
Nantucket Jail and House of Correction,	1	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—
New Bedford Jail and House of Correction,	291	1,980	2	26	—	—	1,999	1,766	3	—	2	3	43	1,807	192	237
Newburyport Jail,	17	214	—	20	—	—	251	229	—	—	—	—	—	244	7	16
Northampton Jail and House of Correction,	42	382	—	—	—	—	424	375	—	1	—	—	2	378	46	40
Pittsfield Jail and House of Correction,	69	661	—	—	1	—	731	648	—	—	—	4	—	662	79	72
Plymouth Jail and House of Correction,	47	675	9	—	—	—	722	630	—	—	—	—	2	635	87	69
Salem Jail and House of Correction,	137	1,742	5	33	1	—	1,922	1,607	2	—	—	5	279	1,793	129	147
Springfield Jail and House of Correction,	231	2,442	6	35	1	—	2,680	2,475	2	1	1	—	—	2,489	191	189
Taunton Jail,	57	1,035	—	—	—	—	1,035	963	—	—	—	—	—	985	60	46
Worcester Jail and House of Correction,	248	2,601	2	33	—	—	2,884	2,470	1	1	2	4	190	2,665	219	247
Totals,	3,866	35,829	77	730	6	2	40,509	35,776	31	8	14	35	857	36,721	3,788	3,931

* Includes one removed on habeas corpus.

† Includes one discharged on habeas corpus.

‡ Pardoned by the President.

§ Includes one released on requisition by the Governor.

STATISTICS OF PRISONERS.

Statement showing the Number of Prisoners received and discharged in All Prisons, with the Removals to and from the Prisons included in this Report, for the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

Number of prisoners Oct. 1, 1903,	6,669
Committed from the courts,	38,832
Returned for violation of permit,	477
Received from other institutions,*	16
Removed from : —	
State Prison,	1
Massachusetts Reformatory,	11
Reformatory Prison for Women,	2
State Farm,	18
Temporary Industrial Camp for Prisoners,	10
Jails and houses of correction,	857
Reform schools,	17
Returned from : —	
State Asylum for Insane Criminals,	12
Escape,	15
	40,268
	46,937
Released on permit or otherwise discharged,	38,904
Removed to : —	
Massachusetts Reformatory,	52
Reformatory Prison for Women,	3
State Farm,	9
Temporary Industrial Camp for Prisoners,	121
Jails and houses of correction,	730
Reform school,	1
State Asylum for Insane Criminals,	95
Died,	70
Escaped,	27
Pardoned by Governor,	34
Pardoned by President,	1
	40,047
Number in custody Sept. 30, 1904,	6,890
Average number in prison,	6,633

* Includes 13 from the Lyman School for Boys and 3 from the State Industrial School for Girls; 1 was removed to the State Industrial School for Girls.

The foregoing statement shows the number of commitments to and discharges from all the prisons in the State, together with the State Farm and the Temporary Industrial Camp for Prisoners, during the year ending Sept. 30, 1904. All prisoners sentenced or received by transfer and all persons held for trial or as witnesses are included. The number committed, as compared with last year, shows an increase of 3,100. The number of prisoners in custody at the date of this report was 6,890, an increase of 221 over the number in all the prisons in the State a year ago. The following statistics refer to sentenced prisoners:—

Commitments to Jails, by Sentences and Sex of Prisoners, in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

CRIMES.	SENTENCES.														
	Fine and Costs.		Less than 6 Months.		6 and Less than 12 Months.		1 Year and Less than 2 Years.		2 Years and Less than 3.		3 Years and Less than 5.		5 Years and More.		Aggregates.
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
1. — Against the person, .	174	7	44	-	7	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	227 7 234
2. — Against property, .	172	18	76	15	24	3	5	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	278 36 314
3. — Against public order, etc.	1,608	154	552	122	29	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,189 287 2,476
Totals,	1,954	179	672	137	60	14	6	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2,694 330 3,024

Commitments to Houses of Correction, by Sentences and Sex of Prisoners, in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

CRIMES.	SENTENCES.														
	Fine and Costs.		Less than 6 Months.		6 and Less than 12 Months.		1 Year and Less than 2 Years.		2 Years and Less than 3.		3 Years and Less than 5.		5 Years and More.		Aggregates.
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
1. — Against the person, .	561	17	363	11	77	-	40	1	22	-	16	1	2	-	1,081 30 1,111
2. — Against property, .	785	37	826	54	286	18	153	4	68	2	24	1	-	1	2,142 117 2,259
3. — Against public order, etc.	11,144	801	6,200	1,231	565	211	89	29	20	1	6	-	-	-	18,024 2,273 20,297
Totals,	12,490	855	7,389	1,296	928	229	282	34	110	3	46	2	2	1	21,247 2,420 23,667

Commitments to Jails and Houses of Correction, by Sentences and Sex of Prisoners, in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

CRIMES.	SENTENCES.												
	Fine and Costs.		Less than 6 Months.		6 and Less than 12 Months.		1 Year and Less than 2 Years.		2 Years and Less than 3.		3 Years and Less than 5.		Aggregates.
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
1. — Against the person, . .	735	24	407	11	84	—	41	1	22	—	17	1	1,308
2. — Against property, . .	957	55	902	69	310	21	158	4	68	25	1	—	2,420
3. — Against public order, etc.	12,752	955	6,752	1,353	594	222	89	29	20	1	6	—	20,213
Totals,	14,444	1,034	8,061	1,433	988	243	288	34	110	3	48	2	23,941
													2,750
													26,691

Commitments to Jails and Houses of Correction, by Counties, in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

COUNTIES.	Population by Census of 1900.	1. — CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON.			2. — CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY.			3. — CRIMES AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.			AGGREGATE CRIMES OF ALL CLASSES.		
		M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
Barnstable,	27,826	4	—	4	1	—	1	12	2	14	17	2	19
Berkshire,	95,667	38	—	38	40	1	41	492	10	502	570	11	581
Bristol,	252,029	125	3	128	229	15	244	1,645	291	1,936	1,999	309	2,308
Dukes County,	4,561	—	—	—	1	—	1	1	—	1	2	—	2
Essex,	357,030	179	2	181	252	5	257	2,236	266	2,502	2,667	273	2,940
Franklin,	41,209	5	—	5	23	1	24	123	2	125	151	3	154
Hampden,	175,603	56	—	56	174	3	177	1,066	178	1,244	1,836	181	2,017
Hampshire,	58,820	11	—	11	9	—	9	217	7	224	237	7	244
Middlesex,	565,896	134	3	137	287	17	304	2,582	242	2,824	3,003	262	3,265
Nantucket,	3,006	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Norfolk,	151,539	35	1	36	60	1	61	342	13	355	437	15	452
Plymouth,	113,985	58	3	61	36	1	37	398	23	421	492	27	519
Suffolk,	611,417	575	24	599	1,105	101	1,206	8,552	1,453	10,005	10,232	1,578	11,810
Worcester,	346,958	88	1	89	203	8	211	2,007	73	2,080	2,298	82	2,380
Totals,	2,805,346	1,308	37	1,345	2,420	153	2,573	20,213	2,560	22,773	23,941	2,750	26,691

Commitments to the State Farm, by Crimes and Sex of Prisoners, in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

[Sentences are indeterminate.]

CRIMES.	Males.	Females.	Totals.	CRIMES.	Males.	Females.	Totals.
Common night-walker, . .	—	2	2	Tramps,	73	—	73
Drunkenness,	1,481	81	1,562	Vagabonds,	12	—	12
Escape,	6	—	6	Vagrants,	280	8	288
Idle and disorderly, . .	31	3	34	Totals,	1,885	95	1,980
Lewdness,	1	1	2				
Pilferer,	1	—	1				

Sentences of Prisoners committed to the Jails and Houses of Correction in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

PRISONS.	SENTENCES.													
	Fine and Costs.		Less than 6 Months.		6 and Less than 12 Months.		1 Year and Less than 2 Years.		2 Years and Less than 3.		3 Years and Less than 5.		5 Years and More.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Barnstable Jail and House of Correction,	10	47	3	2	2	64	1	1	1	1	1	1	17	19
Boston Jail,	364	29	246	64	21	94	29	1	1	1	1	1	632	746
Cambridge Jail and House of Correction,	1,213	61	997	51	94	21	29	6	11	1	1	1	1,947	2,054
Dedham Jail and House of Correction,	226	6	187	7	12	2	9	1	2	1	1	1	437	452
Deer Island House of Correction,	4,989	808	3,914	923	496	169	129	20	52	1	28	2	9,060	11,064
Edgartown Jail,	1	1	1	1	7	7	1	1	2	1	1	1	2	2
Fitchburg Jail,	278	148	148	1	7	1	7	1	2	1	1	1	443	443
Greenefield Jail and House of Correction,	60	48	48	1	34	1	7	1	1	1	1	1	161	164
Ipawitch House of Correction,	60	1	60	1	3	9	8	1	1	1	1	1	78	84
Lawrence Jail and House of Correction,	663	76	296	88	22	9	8	1	2	1	2	1	983	1,166
Lowell Jail,	844	94	188	60	21	11	3	1	1	1	1	1	1,066	1,211
Nantucket Jail and House of Correction,	106	106	802	73	71	16	9	3	2	1	1	1	1,265	1,523
New Bedford Jail and House of Correction,	103	5	99	2	3	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	165	172
Newburyport Jail,	180	2	89	6	13	6	2	1	2	1	1	1	237	244
Northampton Jail and House of Correction,	337	4	205	10	16	4	6	1	5	1	2	1	570	581
Pittsfield Jail and House of Correction,	339	12	121	10	15	4	8	1	6	1	3	1	492	519
Plymouth Jail and House of Correction,	963	47	405	34	43	6	28	1	4	1	1	1	1,431	1,518
Salem Jail and House of Correction,	1,225	113	655	62	23	5	19	1	12	1	2	1	1,836	2,017
Springfield Jail and House of Correction,	559	31	160	20	14	7	1	1	9	1	1	1	734	785
Taunton Jail,	1,254	44	477	30	88	7	24	1	1	1	1	1	1,856	2,087
Worcester Jail and House of Correction,	14,444	1,034	8,061	1,433	968	243	288	34	110	3	48	2	22,941	27,500
Totals,	14,444	1,034	8,061	1,433	968	243	288	34	110	3	48	2	22,941	27,500
														26,691

PRISONS.

Showing Number of Prisoners committed for *Non-payment of Fines and Costs* and on *Term Sentences* in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

CRIMES.	SENTENCES.																
	Fine and Costs.		Less than 6 Months.		6 and Less than 12 Months.		1 Year and Less than 2 Years.		2 Years and Less than 3.		3 Years and Less than 5.		5 Years and More.		Aggregates.		
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Tot.
1. — AGAINST THE PERSON.																	
Abuse of female child, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	1
Accessory after the fact to murder, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Assault, . . .	70	1	78	3	11	-	3	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	166	4	170
Assault, indecent, . . .	2	-	2	-	4	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	13
Assault on female child, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Assault on officer, . . .	17	-	23	-	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	44	-	44
Assault to carnally abuse, . .	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Assault to murder, . . .	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3
Assault to rape, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	2
Assault to rescue, . . .	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Assault to rob, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	2
Assault with dangerous weapon, . . .	16	-	27	1	11	-	13	-	5	-	5	-	-	-	77	1	78
Assault and battery, . . .	598	23	269	7	44	-	14	-	3	-	2	-	-	-	930	30	960
Libel, . . .	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Manslaughter, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	2
Murder, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	*9	-	9	-	9
Rape, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3
Robbery and accessory, . . .	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	6	-	4	1	2	-	15	1	16
Threats, . . .	22	-	5	-	6	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	34	-	34
Throwing missiles, . . .	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	10
Totals, . . .	735	24	407	11	84	-	41	1	22	-	17	1	11	-	1,317	37	1,354
2. — AGAINST PROPERTY.																	
Arson, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	1
Breaking and entering, . .	1	-	5	-	18	-	42	-	35	1	8	-	3	-	112	1	113
Breaking and entering and larceny, . .	1	-	2	-	4	-	15	-	6	-	3	-	-	-	31	-	31
Breaking glass, . . .	34	3	11	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45	4	49
Cheating and defrauding, . .	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3
Cigars, selling not properly stamped, . . .	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Common and notorious thief, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	3	-	-	-	6	-	6
Concealing leased property, .	2	-	2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	7
Concealing stolen property, .	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Defacing buildings, . . .	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4
Defrauding boarding house or inn keeper, . . .	7	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	1	9
Embezzlement, . . .	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Embezzlement of letter, . .	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Embezzlement of U. S. money, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Evading fare, . . .	91	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	92	-	92
False pretences, . . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Fraudulent conveyance of property, . . .	1	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4
Larceny, . . .	668	41	767	60	234	16	64	2	14	-	6	1	-	1	1,753	121	1,874
Larceny from a conveyance, . .	1	-	6	-	5	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	14	-	14
Larceny from person, . . .	-	1	25	6	23	4	15	2	6	1	2	-	-	-	71	13	84
Larceny from railroad car, . .	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Larceny from realty, . . .	2	-	11	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	16
Larceny in a building, . . .	1	-	9	1	12	-	10	-	3	-	1	-	-	-	36	1	37
Larceny of letters from post-office, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	2

* Sentenced for life.

Number of Prisoners committed, etc. — Continued.

CRIMES.	SENTENCES.																
	Fine and Costs.		Less than 6 Months.		6 and Less than 12 Months.		1 Year and Less than 2 Years.		2 Years and Less than 3.		3 Years and Less than 5.		5 Years and More.		Aggregates.		
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Tot.
2.—AGAINST PROPERTY																	
—Con.																	
Malicious mischief, . . .	35	5	26	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	62	7	69
Receiving stolen goods, . .	7	2	7	-	3	1	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	3	25
Selling property held on conditional sale, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Stealing, . . .	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	6
Stealing a ride, . . .	6	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	11
Stealing contents of letter from U. S. mail, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Trespass, . . .	69	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	71	1	72
Unlawfully taking letters with intent to obstruct mail, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Unlawful taking, . . .	12	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	15
Unlawful use of horse, . .	12	-	8	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	-	22
U. S. mail, using to defraud, .	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Totals,	957	55	902	69	310	21	160	4	68	2	25	1	4	1	2,426	163	2,579
3.—AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.																	
Abortion and accessory, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	2	2
Adultery,	-	-	4	3	17	9	15	6	3	1	-	-	-	-	39	19	58
Affray,	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4
Bastardy,	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Bathing rules, violating, . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Begging,	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Bonfires, making,	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3
Caucus and election laws, violating,	-	-	7	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	8
City ordinance or town by-laws, violating,	54	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	54	1	55
Common night-walker, . . .	-	1	-	74	-	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	99	99
Common nuisance, keeping, . .	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3
Common raller and brawler, . .	-	-	-	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	4
Contempt of court,	12	3	28	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42	3	45
Cruelty to animals,	23	-	3	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28	-	28
Dangerous weapon, armed with, when arrested, . . .	4	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	7
Default on recognizance, . . .	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Disorderly house, keeping, . .	2	8	16	13	3	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	24	49
Disorderly in public conveyance, . .	15	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	-	16
Distributing circulars, unlawfully,	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Disturbing a meeting,	3	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	7
Disturbing the peace,	314	27	87	16	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	404	43	447
Dog, keeping, unlicensed, . .	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	1	6
Drunkennes,	11,612	791	5,846	1,142	440	158	37	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,936	2,109	20,044
Erecting awning without permit,	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Escape,	-	-	4	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	6
False affidavit, making, . . .	-	-	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4
False fire-alarm, giving, . .	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4
False statements, making, . .	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
False statements, making, in obtaining marriage license,	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Fast driving,	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Fire-arms, using, unlawfully,	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Fish and game laws, violating,	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	5

Number of Prisoners committed, etc. — Continued.

CRIMES.	SENTENCES.															Aggregates.		
	Fine and Costs.		Less than 6 Months.		6 and Less than 12 Months.		1 Year and Less than 2 Years.		2 Years and Less than 3.		3 Years and Less than 5.		5 Years and More.					
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Tot.	
3. — AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC. — Con.																		
Food laws, violating, . . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	
Forgery and uttering, . . .	81	90	10	17	1	-	2	-	8	-	2	-	-	-	17	-	17	
Fornication, . . .	22	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	-	23	
Gaming and present at, . . .	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	3	
Giving liquor to prisoner, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	
Habitual criminal, . . .	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	11	
Health laws, violating, . . .	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	6	
Highway, obstructing, . . .	2	3	-	-	1	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	8	12	
House of ill-fame, keeping, . . .	11	3	69	35	6	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	86	45	131	
Idle and disorderly, . . .	14	-	19	-	10	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	46	-	46	
Indecent exposure, . . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	
Junk collecting, unlicensed, . . .	-	-	2	-	4	8	4	11	5	4	-	-	-	-	25	13	38	
Lewd cohabitation, . . .	10	6	11	17	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	23	45	
Lewdness, . . .	49	13	23	5	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	76	18	94	
Liquor, keeping and selling, illegally, . . .	4	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	10	
Liquor laws, violating, . . .	9	1	9	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	2	21	
Liquor nuisance, keeping, . . .	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	
Liquor, transporting, illegally, . . .	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	8	
Loitering around railroad station, . . .	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	6	
Loitering on street, . . .	43	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43	1	44	
Lord's Day, violating, . . .	3	-	1	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	7	
Lottery and advertising, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	2	
Making and aiding in making photographs and prints of parts of U. S. bills, . . .	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	
Milk laws, violating, . . .	82	-	77	-	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	181	-	181	
Neglect of family, . . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	
Obscene language, using, . . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	
Obscene letters, depositing in mail, . . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	
Officer, assuming to be, . . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	
Officer, obstructing, . . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	
Opium laws, violating, . . .	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	3	
Park rules, violating, . . .	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	
Peddling, unlicensed, . . .	29	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	1	30	
Perjury, . . .	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	1	-	1	-	5	1	6	
Physician, unregistered, . . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	
Playing ball in street, . . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	
Polygamy, . . .	-	-	1	-	1	1	5	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	9	1	10	
Profanity, . . .	23	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	24	1	25	
Railroad, obstructing, . . .	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4	
Refusing to aid officer, . . .	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	
Rescue, . . .	1	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4	
Smuggling, . . .	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	
Sodomy, . . .	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	3	-	3	
Street musician, unlicensed, . . .	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	
Stubbornness, . . .	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	
Tickets, selling, unlawfully, . . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	
Tramps, . . .	-	-	25	-	35	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	63	-	63	
Unnatural act, . . .	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	4	-	4	
Uttering and having counterfeit national bank notes, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	4	-	4	
Vagabonds, . . .	-	-	11	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	3	17	
Vagrants, . . .	16	2	462	-	19	28	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	506	30	536	
Walking on railroad, . . .	222	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	222	-	222	
Totals, . . .	12,762	955	6,752	1,353	594	222	89	29	20	1	9	1	5	1	20,221	2,562	22,783	

Number of Prisoners committed, etc. — Concluded.

RECAPITULATION.

CRIMES.	SENTENCES.																
	Fine and Costs.		Less than 6 Months.		6 and Less than 12 Months.		1 Year and Less than 2 Years.		2 Years and Less than 3.		3 Years and Less than 5.		5 Years and More.		Aggregates.		
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Tot.
1. — Against the person, .	735	24	407	11	84	-	41	1	22	-	17	1	11	-	1,317	37	1,354
2. — Against property, .	957	55	902	69	310	21	160	4	68	2	25	1	4	1	2,426	153	2,579
3. — Against public order, etc.	12,752	955	6,752	1,353	594	222	89	29	20	1	9	1	5	1	20,221	2,562	22,783
Totals,	14,444	1,034	8,061	1,433	988	243	290	34	110	3	51	3	20	2	23,964	2,752	26,716

In the foregoing table the whole number of persons committed either for the non-payment of a fine and costs or upon a definite sentence is presented. In addition to these there have been 2,978 committed to serve indefinite sentences who were received at the different institutions as follows: to the State Prison, 188; to the Massachusetts Reformatory, 591; to the Reformatory Prison for Women, 219; to the State Farm, 1,980, making a total of 29,694 persons who have been committed upon a sentence to all the prisons in the State during the year ending Sept. 30, 1904. As compared with last year this is an increase of 2,350. The difference in the total number as compared with the statement upon page 60 is due to the fact that the above table includes only prisoners committed under sentence, while the figures in the statement on that page cover all the prisoners received whether under sentence of imprisonment, for non-payment of fines and costs, held to await trial or as witnesses. In the following table the crimes for which prisoners have been sentenced, together with information as to the number committed, are set forth: —

Showing the *Number of Male and Female Prisoners* committed under Sentence to *All Prisons* in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

CRIMES.	State Prison.	Massachusetts Reformatory Prison for Women.	State Farm.	JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.			AGGREGATES.		
	M.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
1.—AGAINST THE PERSON.									
Abandoning child, . . .	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	4	4
Abuse of female child, . .	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	2
Accessory after the fact to murder, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Assault, . . .	-	5	-	-	-	-	166	4	170
Assault, felonious, . . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Assault, indecent, . . .	-	3	-	-	-	-	13	-	16
Assault on female child, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Assault on officer, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	44	-	44
Assault to abuse female child, . . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Assault to carnally abuse, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Assault to murder, . . .	10	1	-	-	-	-	3	-	14
Assault to rape, . . .	13	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	16
Assault to rescue, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Assault to rob, . . .	3	1	-	-	-	-	2	6	6
Assault with dangerous weapon, . . .	-	3	-	-	-	-	77	1	81
Assault and battery, . . .	-	4	1	-	-	-	930	30	960
Assault and robbery, . . .	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Carnal abuse, . . .	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Kidnapping, . . .	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Libel, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1
Manslaughter, . . .	4	1	2	-	-	-	1	2	6
Murder, . . .	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9
Rape, . . .	4	1	-	-	-	-	3	8	8
Robbery and accessory, . . .	32	5	-	-	-	-	15	1	16
Threats, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	34	-	34
Throwing missiles, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	10
Totals, . . .	80	27	8	-	-	-	1,308	37	1,345
2.—AGAINST PROPERTY.									
Arson and attempt, . . .	5	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	6
Breaking and entering, . . .	43	87	-	-	-	-	109	1	239
Breaking and entering and larceny, . . .	12	56	-	-	-	-	31	-	99
Breaking glass, . . .	-	-	1	-	-	-	45	4	49
Burglars' tools, having in possession, . . .	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Cheating and defrauding, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3
Cigars, selling, not properly stamped, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Common and notorious thief, . . .	9	2	-	-	-	-	6	-	17
Concealing leased property, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	7
Concealing stolen property, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Defacing buildings, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4
Defrauding boarding-house or inn keeper, . . .	-	1	-	-	-	-	8	1	9
Embezzlement, . . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3
Embezzlement of letter, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Embezzlement of U. S. money, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Evading fare, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	92	-	92
False pretences, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2

Number of Male and Female Prisoners, etc. — Continued.

CRIMES.	State Prison. Massachusetts Reformatory Prison for Women.			State Farm.			JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.			AGGREGATES.		
	M.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
2. — AGAINST PROPERTY — Con.												
Fraudulent conveyance of property.	-	1	-	-	-	-	4	-	4	5	-	5
Larceny,	8	235	19	-	-	-	1,753	121	1,874	1,996	140	2,136
Larceny from a conveyance.	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	-	14	-	-	14
Larceny from person, . .	11	13	-	-	-	-	71	13	84	95	13	108
Larceny from railroad car, .	-	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	3	-	3
Larceny from realty, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	15	15	-	15
Larceny in a building, . .	6	14	-	-	-	-	36	1	37	56	1	57
Larceny of letters from post-office.	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Malicious burning, . . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Malicious mischief, . . .	-	3	-	-	-	-	62	7	69	65	7	72
Pilferer,	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	1
Receiving stolen goods, . .	1	4	1	-	-	-	22	3	25	27	4	31
Selling property held on conditional sale.	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Stealing,	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	6	6	-	6
Stealing a ride,	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	11	11	-	11
Stealing contents of letter from U. S. mail.	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Trespass,	-	-	-	-	-	-	71	1	72	71	1	72
Unlawfully taking letters with intent to obstruct mail.	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Unlawful taking,	-	1	-	-	-	-	15	-	15	16	-	16
Unlawful use of horse, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	-	22	22	-	22
U. S. mail, using to defraud,	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	2	-	2
Totals,	102	420	22	1	-	1	2,420	153	2,573	2,943	175	3,118
3. — AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.												
Abortion and accessory, . .	3	2	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	4	9
Adultery,	-	1	9	-	-	-	39	19	58	40	28	68
Affray,	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4	4	-	4
Bastardy,	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	2	-	2
Bathing rules, violating, .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Begging,	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	2	-	2
Bonfires, making,	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	-	3
Caucus and election laws, violating.	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	8	8	-	8
City ordinance or town by-laws, violating.	-	-	-	-	-	-	54	1	55	54	1	55
Common night-walker, . .	-	-	28	-	2	2	-	99	99	-	129	129
Common nuisance, keeping, .	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	-	3
Common raller and brawler, .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	4	-	4	4
Contempt of court,	-	-	-	-	-	-	42	3	45	42	3	45
Cruelty to animals,	-	-	-	-	-	-	28	-	28	28	-	28
Dangerous weapon, armed with, when arrested.	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	7	7	-	7
Default on recognizance, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Disorderly house, keeping, .	-	-	4	-	-	-	25	24	49	25	28	53
Disorderly in public conveyance.	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	-	16	16	-	16
Distributing circulars, unlawfully.	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	2	-	2
Disturbing a meeting, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	7	7	-	7
Disturbing the peace, . . .	-	1	-	-	-	-	404	43	447	405	43	448

Number of Male and Female Prisoners, etc. — Continued.

CRIMES.	State Prison.			State Farm.			JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.			AGGREGATES.		
	M.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
3.—AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.—Con.	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	1	6	5	1	6
Dog, keeping, unlicensed, . .	-	34	79	1,481	81	1,562	17,985	2,109	20,044	19,450	2,269	21,719
Drunkenness,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Erecting awning without permit.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Escape,	-	-	-	6	-	6	6	-	6	12	-	12
False affidavit, making, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4	4	-	4
False fire-alarm, giving, . .	-	1	-	-	-	-	4	-	4	5	-	5
False statements, making, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	2	-	2
False statements, making, in obtaining marriage license.	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	2	-	2
Fast driving,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Fire-arms, using, unlawfully, .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Fish and game laws, violating.	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	5	5	-	5
Food laws, violating,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Forgery and uttering,	5	11	-	-	-	-	17	-	17	33	-	33
Fornication,	-	-	8	-	-	-	91	107	198	91	115	206
Gaming and present at,	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	-	23	23	-	23
Giving liquor to prisoner, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	3	2	1	3
Habitual criminal,	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Health laws, violating,	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	11	11	-	11
Highway, obstructing,	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	6	6	-	6
House of ill-fame, keeping, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	8	12	4	8	12
Idle and disorderly,	-	12	23	31	3	34	86	45	131	129	71	200
Incest,	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Indecent exposure,	-	-	-	-	-	-	46	-	46	46	-	46
Junk, collecting, unlicensed, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Lewd cohabitation,	-	-	8	-	-	-	25	13	38	25	21	46
Lewdness,	-	1	11	1	1	2	22	23	45	24	35	59
Liquor laws, violating,	-	-	-	-	-	-	108	20	128	108	20	128
Loitering around railroad station.	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	8	8	-	8
Loitering on street,	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	6	6	-	6
Lord's Day, violating,	-	-	-	-	-	-	43	1	44	43	1	44
Lottery and advertising,	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	7	7	-	7
Making and aiding in making photographs and prints of parts of U. S. bills.	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Milk laws, violating,	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	-	3
Neglect of family,	-	-	-	-	-	-	181	-	181	181	-	181
Obscene language, using,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Obscene letters, depositing in mail.	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Officer, assuming to be,	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	2	-	2
Officer, obstructing,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Optum laws, violating,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	3	1	2	3
Park rules, violating,	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	-	3
Peddling, unlicensed,	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	1	30	29	1	30
Perjury,	5	3	-	-	-	-	4	1	5	12	1	13
Physician, unregistered,	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	-	3
Playing ball in street,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Polygamy,	2	-	-	-	-	-	9	1	10	11	1	12
Profanity,	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	1	25	24	1	25
Railroad, obstructing,	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4	4	-	4
Refusing to aid officer,	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	2	-	2
Rescue,	-	2	-	-	-	-	4	-	4	6	-	6
Smuggling,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1

Number of Male and Female Prisoners, etc. — Concluded.

CRIMES.	State Prison. Massachusetts Reformatory Prison for Women.			State Farm.			JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.			AGGREGATES.		
	M.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
3.—AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.—Con.												
Sodomy,	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	4	-	4
Street musician, unlicensed,	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	-	3
Stubbornness,	-	55	12	-	-	-	2	-	2	57	12	69
Tickets, selling, unlawfully,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Tramps,	-	1	-	73	-	73	63	-	63	137	-	137
Unnatural act,	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4	4	-	4
Uttering and having coun- terfeit national bank notes,	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4
Vagabonds,	-	-	-	12	-	12	14	3	17	26	3	29
Vagrants,	-	25	5	280	8	288	506	30	536	811	43	854
Walking on railroad, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	222	-	222	222	-	222
Totals,	22	151	191	1,884	95	1,979	20,213	2,560	22,773	22,270	2,846	25,116

RECAPITULATION.

1.—Against the person, . .	80	27	8	-	-	-	1,308	37	1,345	1,415	45	1,460
2.—Against property, . . .	102	420	22	1	-	1	2,420	163	2,573	2,943	175	3,118
3.—Against public order, etc.	22	151	191	1,884	95	1,979	20,213	2,560	22,773	22,270	2,846	25,116
Totals,	204	598	221	1,885	95	1,980	23,941	2,750	26,691	26,628	3,066	29,694

COMPARISON WITH THE PRECEDING YEAR.

Under the present regulation of the reports, it is not permissible to print extended tables of comparative statistics, but the rule has been sufficiently relaxed in regard to this report to allow a comparison with the year immediately preceding, and on the next page there will be found a comparison of the commitments to the different institutions named in this document. It will be seen that in the year ending Sept. 30, 1904, there was a smaller number of commitments for crimes against the person but a slightly increased number for crimes against property, and a considerable increase for crimes against public order. A reference to the table on page 75 shows that the additional commitments for the offence of drunkenness made a very large part of the increase in the commitments in the third class.

Comparison of Commitments to the Various Institutions in the Last Two Years, classified by Sex of Prisoners.

MALES.

INSTITUTIONS.	1.—CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON.		2.—CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY.		3.—CRIMES AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.		AGGREGATE CRIMES OF ALL CLASSES.		Increase.	Decrease.
	1903.	1904.	1903.	1904.	1903.	1904.	1903.	1904.		
State Prison,	73	80	78	102	19	22	170	204	34	-
Massachusetts Reformatory,	29	27	393	420	135	151	557	598	41	-
State Farm,	1	-	2	1	1,464	1,884	1,467	1,885	418	-
Jails and houses of correction.	1,339	1,308	2,272	2,420	18,654	20,213	22,265	23,941	1,676	-
Totals,	1,442	1,415	2,745	2,943	20,272	22,270	24,459	26,628	2,169	-

FEMALES.

Reformatory Prison for Women.	4	8	30	22	180	191	214	221	7	-
State Farm,	-	-	-	-	107	95	107	95	-	12
Jails and houses of correction.	42	37	130	153	2,392	2,560	2,564	2,750	186	-
Totals,	46	45	160	175	2,679	2,846	2,885	3,066	193	12

MALES AND FEMALES.

State Prison,	73	80	78	102	19	22	170	204	34	-
Massachusetts Reformatory,	29	27	393	420	135	151	557	598	41	-
Reformatory Prison for Women.	4	8	30	22	180	191	214	221	7	-
State Farm,	1	-	2	1	1,571	1,979	1,574	1,980	406	-
Jails and houses of correction.	1,381	1,345	2,402	2,573	21,046	22,773	24,829	26,691	1,862	-
Totals,	1,488	1,460	2,905	3,118	22,951	25,116	27,344	29,694	2,350	-

Ages of Prisoners committed in the Year.

PRISONS.	12 to 15 Years.	16 Years.	17 Years.	18 Years.	19 Years.	20 Years.	21 to 25 Years.	26 to 30 Years.	31 to 40 Years.	41 to 50 Years.	51 to 60 Years.	61 to 70 Years.	Above 70 Years.	Age Unknown.	Totals.
State Prison,	-	-	1	-	9	7	56	42	53	17	11	6	2	-	204
Massachusetts Reformatory,	21	57	69	79	67	68	169	50	18	-	-	-	-	-	598
Reformatory Prison for Women,	-	3	14	10	13	13	72	33	40	15	5	2	1	-	221
State Farm,	2	-	5	12	14	14	141	215	594	529	311	119	19	5	1,980
Jails and houses of correction,	71	48	136	208	316	345	2,948	3,849	8,909	6,278	2,781	750	92	10	26,691
Totals,	94	108	225	309	419	447	3,386	4,189	9,614	6,839	3,058	877	114	15	29,694

Birthplaces of Prisoners committed in the Year.

BIRTHPLACES.	State Prison.	Massachusetts Reformatory.	Reformatory Prison for Women.	State Farm.	Jails and Houses of Correction.	Totals.
Massachusetts,	79	321	86	918	10,325	11,729
Other places in United States,	56	117	45	232	4,122	4,572
Australia,	-	-	-	2	13	15
Austria,	2	2	-	4	67	75
Belgium,	-	-	-	1	10	11
British provinces,	12	73	32	144	2,714	2,975
Denmark,	-	2	-	-	18	20
England,	5	16	13	110	1,325	1,469
Finland,	1	2	-	7	106	116
France,	2	-	-	4	33	39
Germany,	6	2	2	6	138	154
Greece,	1	5	-	-	20	26
Ireland,	11	14	25	471	6,122	6,643
Italy,	9	6	2	5	262	284
Norway,	-	-	-	1	53	54
Poland,	1	5	3	9	161	179
Portugal,	-	1	-	3	13	17
Russia,	10	14	2	1	161	188
Scotland,	1	5	5	29	490	530
Sweden,	-	5	6	25	332	368
Turkey,	-	1	-	-	11	12
Wales,	-	-	-	3	53	56
Western Islands,	1	1	-	1	25	28
West Indies,	-	2	-	1	47	50
At sea,	1	-	-	-	9	10
Miscellaneous,	6	3	-	1	51	61
Unknown,	-	1	-	2	10	13
Totals,	204	598	221	1,980	26,691	29,694

Parentage of Prisoners committed in the Year.

PARENTAGE.	State Prison.	Massachusetts Reformatory.	Reformatory Prison for Women.	Jails and Houses of Correction.	Totals.
American,	69	122	51	4,091	4,333
Foreign,	111	314	140	21,282	21,847
Mixed,	22	184	27	1,236	1,418
Unknown,	2	28	3	83	116
Totals,	204	598	221	26,691	*27,714

* There were 1,980 prisoners at the State Farm, which, added to this number, gives 29,694 as the total number of prisoners committed under sentence.

Conjugal Condition of Prisoners committed in the Year.

CONJUGAL CONDITION.	State Prison.	Massachusetts Reformatory.	Reformatory Prison for Women.	State Farm.	Jails and Houses of Correction.	Totals.
Married,	83	50	111	748	9,431	10,423
Single,	120	548	110	1,225	17,249	19,252
Unknown,	1	-	-	7	11	19
Totals,	204	598	221	1,980	26,691	29,694

Education of Prisoners committed in the Year.

EDUCATION.	State Prison.	Massachusetts Reformatory.	Reformatory Prison for Women.	State Farm.	Jails and Houses of Correction.	Totals.
Read or write,	193	552	204	1,811	23,647	26,407
Illiterate,	10	46	17	162	3,037	3,272
Unknown,	1	-	-	7	7	15
Totals,	204	598	221	1,980	26,691	29,694

Habits of Prisoners committed in the Year.

HABITS.	State Prison.	Massachusetts Reformatory.	Reformatory Prison for Women.	State Farm.	Jails and Houses of Correction.	Totals.
Intemperate,	89	150	142	1,978	26,090	28,449
Temperate,	114	448	79	2	599	1,242
Unknown,	1	-	-	-	2	3
Totals,	204	598	221	1,980	26,691	29,694

Former Commitments of Prisoners committed in the Year.

PRISONS.	NUMBER OF FORMER COMMITMENTS.											
	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6 to 15.	16 to 30.	31 to 50.	51 to 100.	100 and More	None.	Totals.
State Prison,	23	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	175	204
Massachusetts Reformatory.	56	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	532	598
Reformatory Prison for Women.	31	12	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	175	221
State Farm,	311	163	97	51	47	62	-	-	-	-	1,249	1,980
Jails and houses of correction.	2,351	2,838	1,892	1,334	1,028	4,175	1,081	199	68	2	11,723	26,691
Totals,	2,772	3,029	1,992	1,385	1,075	4,237	1,081	199	68	2	13,854	29,694

Comparison of Commitments for Drunkenness in the Last Two Years.

COUNTIES.	OCT. 1, 1902 TO SEPT. 30, 1903.			OCT. 1, 1903 TO SEPT. 30, 1904.		
	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
Barnstable,	6	-	6	5	-	5
Berkshire,	408	11	419	423	4	427
Bristol,	1,794	295	2,089	1,398	216	1,614
Dukes County,	-	-	-	-	-	-
Essex,	1,961	182	2,143	2,000	215	2,215
Franklin,	80	3	83	61	2	63
Hampden,	1,441	123	1,564	1,379	142	1,521
Hampshire,	177	6	183	211	5	216
Middlesex,	2,283	218	2,501	2,251	214	2,465
Nantucket,	-	-	-	-	-	-
Norfolk,	240	8	248	198	7	205
Plymouth,	207	5	212	334	12	346
Suffolk,	5,994	996	6,990	7,931	1,235	9,166
Worcester,	1,942	62	2,004	1,744	57	1,801
Total to jails and houses of correction.	16,533	1,909	18,442	17,935	2,109	20,044
Massachusetts Reformatory,	44	-	44	34	-	34
Reformatory Prison for Women, . . .	-	87	87	-	79	79
State Farm,	1,142	95	1,237	1,481	81	1,562
Totals,	17,719	2,091	19,810	19,450	2,269	21,719

Ages of Prisoners committed for Drunkenness to All the Penal Institutions in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

AGES.	Massachusetts Reformatory.	Reformatory Prison for Women.	STATE FARM.			JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.			AGGREGATES.		
	M.	F.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
12 to 15 years..	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
16 years, . . .	1	-	-	-	-	4	-	4	5	-	5
17 years, . . .	1	-	1	-	1	17	-	17	19	-	19
18 years, . . .	1	1	-	-	-	43	-	43	44	1	45
19 years, . . .	2	1	6	-	6	79	5	84	87	6	93
20 years, . . .	3	1	5	1	6	142	4	146	150	6	156
21 to 25 years..	13	25	85	8	93	1,423	156	1,579	1,521	189	1,710
26 to 30 years..	9	13	152	12	164	2,358	348	2,706	2,519	373	2,892
31 to 40 years..	*4	23	481	31	512	6,221	864	7,085	6,706	918	7,624
41 to 50 years..	-	9	427	16	443	4,770	518	5,288	5,197	543	5,740
51 to 60 years..	-	3	225	11	236	2,186	157	2,343	2,411	171	2,582
61 to 70 years..	-	2	86	2	88	616	47	663	702	51	753
Above 70 years,	-	1	12	-	12	67	10	77	79	11	90
Age unknown,	-	-	1	-	1	8	-	8	9	-	9
Totals, . . .	34	79	1,481	81	1,562	17,935	2,109	20,044	19,450	2,269	21,719

* Includes one prisoner 48 years old who was later transferred to the Salem house of correction.

Birthplaces of Prisoners committed for Drunkenness to All the Penal Institutions in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

BIRTHPLACES.	Massachusetts Reformatory.	Reformatory Prison for Women.	STATE FARM.			JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.			AGGREGATES.		
	M.	F.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
Massachusetts, . . .	26	25	735	25	760	7,130	601	7,731	7,891	661	8,542
Other places in United States, . . .	3	15	139	4	143	2,523	245	2,768	2,665	264	2,929
Austria, . . .	-	-	1	-	1	32	1	33	33	1	34
British provinces, . . .	2	8	103	6	109	1,760	215	1,975	1,865	229	2,094
Denmark, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	11	11	-	11
England, . . .	-	9	72	12	84	821	195	1,016	893	216	1,109
Finland, . . .	1	-	6	-	6	88	-	88	95	-	95
France, . . .	-	-	1	-	1	15	2	17	16	2	18
Germany, . . .	-	-	3	-	3	83	2	85	86	2	88
Ireland, . . .	2	15	376	28	404	4,530	761	5,291	4,908	804	5,712
Italy, . . .	-	1	2	-	2	48	2	50	50	3	53
Norway, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	38	3	41	38	3	41
Poland, . . .	-	1	6	-	6	88	3	91	94	4	98
Russia, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	55	3	58	55	3	58
Scotland, . . .	-	4	17	4	21	332	57	389	349	65	414
Sweden, . . .	-	1	15	1	16	256	9	265	271	11	282
Wales, . . .	-	-	2	1	3	36	8	44	38	9	47
West Indies, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	18	-	18	18	-	18
Miscellaneous, . . .	-	-	3	-	3	65	2	67	68	2	70
Unknown, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	6	6	-	6
Totals, . . .	34	79	1,481	81	1,562	17,935	2,109	20,044	19,450	2,269	21,719

Former Commitments of Prisoners committed for Drunkenness to All the Penal Institutions in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

NUMBER OF TIMES PREVIOUSLY COMMITTED.	Massachusetts Reformatory. Reformatory Prison for Women.		STATE FARM.			JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.			AGGREGATES.		
	M.	F.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
1 time,	8	15	243	17	260	1,594	186	1,780	1,845	168	2,013
2 times,	1	6	136	8	144	2,012	230	2,242	2,149	244	2,393
3 times,	-	2	84	3	87	1,340	191	1,531	1,424	196	1,620
4 times,	-	-	41	2	43	989	155	1,144	1,030	157	1,187
5 times,	-	-	38	2	40	770	122	892	808	124	932
6 to 15 times,	-	-	57	1	58	3,186	464	3,650	3,243	465	3,708
16 to 30 times,	-	-	-	-	-	835	136	971	835	136	971
31 to 50 times,	-	-	-	-	-	162	27	189	162	27	189
More than 50 times,	-	-	-	-	-	51	16	67	51	16	67
Unknown,	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	-	3
Total commitments,	9	23	599	33	632	10,942	1,477	12,419	11,560	1,533	13,093
Number of first commitments,	25	56	882	48	930	6,993	682	7,675	7,900	736	8,636
Whole number of commitments,	34	79	1,481	81	1,562	17,935	2,109	20,044	19,460	2,269	21,719

REMOVAL OF PRISONERS.

Showing Crimes of Prisoners removed by the Board of Prison Commissioners to the Reformatories, in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

CRIMES.	Massachusetts Reformatory.	Reformatory Prison for Women.	Total.
Assault with dangerous weapon,	1	-	1
Breaking and entering,	10	-	10
Breaking and entering and larceny,	4	-	4
Breaking glass,	1	-	1
Forgery and uttering,	2	-	2
Larceny,	14	-	14
Lewdness,	-	1	1
Receiving stolen goods,	1	-	1
Robbery,	1	-	1
Stubbornness,	3	2	5
Tramps,	2	-	2
Vagrants,	13	1	14
Totals,	52	4	56

*Showing Number of Male and Female Prisoners in All Prisons at **Certain Dates.***

JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.

COUNTY.	PRISON.	SEPT. 30, 1903.				
		Jails.		Houses of Correction.		Totals.
		M.	F.	M.	F.	
Barnstable, . . .	Barnstable Jail and House of Correction, .	3	2	4	1	10
Berkshire, . . .	Pittsfield Jail and House of Correction, .	14	2	51	2	69
Bristol, . . .	New Bedford Jail and House of Correction, .	16	2	222	51	291
Dukes County, . .	Taunton Jail,	52	5	-	-	57
	Edgartown Jail,	-	-	-	-	-
	Ipawich House of Correction,	-	-	45	4	49
Essex,	Lawrence Jail and House of Correction, .	9	1	118	24	147
	Newburyport Jail,	17	-	-	-	17
	Salem Jail and House of Correction, . . .	20	-	102	15	137
Franklin,	Greenfield Jail and House of Correction, .	7	-	23	1	31
Hampden,	Springfield Jail and House of Correction, .	27	1	182	21	231
Hampshire, . . .	Northampton Jail and House of Correction, .	6	-	33	3	42
Middlesex,	Cambridge Jail and House of Correction, .	33	6	235	21	295
	Lowell Jail,	72	12	-	-	84
Nantucket,	Nantucket Jail and House of Correction, .	1	-	-	-	1
Norfolk,	Dedham Jail and House of Correction, .	9	1	69	4	83
Plymouth,	Plymouth Jail and House of Correction, .	25	2	19	1	47
Suffolk,	Boston Jail,	184	51	-	-	235
	Deer Island House of Correction,	-	-	1,388	285	1,673
	Fitchburg Jail and House of Correction, .	14	-	104	-	118
Worcester,	Worcester Jail and House of Correction, .	29	-	200	19	248
	Totals,	538	85	2,790	452	3,865

STATE PRISONS.

LOCATION.	PRISON.	SEPT. 30, 1903.		
		Males.	Fe- males.	Totals.
Boston (Charlestown),	State Prison,	812	-	812
Concord,	Massachusetts Reformatory,	903	-	903
Sherborn,	Reformatory Prison for Women,	-	219	219
Bridgewater, . . .	State Farm,	821	49	870
Rutland,	Temporary Industrial Camp for Prisoners, .	-	-	-
	Totals,	2,536	268	2,804
Recapitulation, . .	Number in jails and houses of correction, .	3,328	537	3,865
	Number in State prisons,	2,536	268	2,804
	Totals,	5,864	805	6,669

Showing Number of Male and Female Prisoners in All Prisons at Certain Dates.

JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.

DEC. 31, 1903.					MARCH 31, 1904.					JUNE 30, 1904.					SEPT. 30, 1904.				
Jails.		Houses of Correction.		Totals.	Jails.		Houses of Correction.		Totals.	Jails.		Houses of Correction.		Totals.	Jails.		Houses of Correction.		Totals.
M.	F.	M.	F.		M.	F.	M.	F.		M.	F.	M.	F.		M.	F.	M.	F.	
-	-	8	2	10	5	-	6	-	11	1	-	3	-	4	4	1	1	-	6
26	2	43	1	72	8	-	56	2	66	21	2	43	2	73	9	1	66	3	79
4	1	195	47	247	6	2	169	45	212	6	1	169	39	215	26	8	131	27	192
42	4	-	-	46	48	6	-	-	54	51	7	-	-	58	44	6	-	-	50
-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	89	6	95	-	-	50	5	55	-	-	39	5	44	-	-	37	5	42
12	2	105	19	138	14	-	111	13	138	13	-	94	14	121	6	-	88	24	118
24	-	-	-	24	19	-	-	-	19	9	-	-	-	9	7	-	-	-	7
39	2	112	9	162	19	2	114	11	146	16	-	101	15	132	12	-	103	14	129
8	1	31	2	42	2	-	34	2	38	8	-	35	2	45	4	-	44	1	49
12	2	168	13	195	17	-	163	20	190	10	1	160	13	184	11	-	164	16	191
1	-	38	2	41	4	-	32	1	37	2	-	25	1	28	6	-	39	1	46
20	4	244	30	298	11	5	256	31	303	20	8	208	33	269	43	11	187	28	269
82	15	-	-	97	75	16	-	-	91	92	22	-	-	114	92	19	-	-	111
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	2	81	2	102	29	5	64	4	102	15	2	54	2	73	13	-	47	5	65
16	1	34	1	52	17	2	50	3	72	12	-	60	8	80	40	3	35	9	87
201	35	-	-	236	188	44	-	-	232	198	45	-	-	243	186	37	-	-	223
-	-	1,251	261	1,512	-	-	1,225	240	1,465	-	-	1,245	323	1,568	-	-	1,446	347	1,793
5	-	121	-	126	11	-	96	-	107	12	-	78	-	90	6	-	106	-	112
30	4	230	12	276	29	9	206	18	262	18	6	187	14	225	24	4	172	19	219
539	75	2,750	407	3,771	503	91	2,612	395	3,601	506	94	2,506	471	3,577	533	90	2,666	499	3,788

STATE PRISONS.

DEC. 31, 1903.			MARCH 31, 1904.			JUNE 30, 1904.			SEPT. 30, 1904.		
Males.	Fe-males.	Totals.	Males.	Fe-males.	Totals.	Males.	Fe-males.	Totals.	Males.	Fe-males.	Totals.
821	-	821	838	-	838	855	-	855	872	-	872
937	-	937	933	-	933	927	-	927	954	-	954
-	213	213	-	189	189	-	176	176	-	190	190
897	45	942	863	48	911	967	41	1,008	986	56	1,042
-	-	-	-	-	-	42	-	42	44	-	44
2,655	258	2,913	2,634	237	2,871	2,791	217	3,008	2,856	246	3,102
3,289	482	3,771	3,115	486	3,601	3,012	565	3,577	3,199	589	3,788
2,655	258	2,913	2,634	237	2,871	2,791	217	3,008	2,856	246	3,102
5,944	740	6,684	5,749	723	6,472	5,803	782	6,585	6,055	835	6,890

Prisoners committed to All Prisons upon Sentences from United States Courts, in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

CRIMES.	State Prison.	Massachusetts Reformatory.	JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.							Totals.
			Boston.	Cambridge.	Dedham.	Greenfield.	Lawrence.	Pittsfield.	Worcester.	
Concealing property,	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Counterfeiting and uttering national bank notes,	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Counterfeiting U. S. notes and having same in his possession,	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Embezzlement of letter,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Embezzlement of U. S. money,	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Forgery of signature,	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Larceny,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Making and aiding in making photographs and prints of parts of U. S. bills,	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Manslaughter,	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
Perjury,	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2
Selling cigars not properly stamped,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Smuggling,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Stealing contents of letter from U. S. mail,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Stealing letters from post-office,	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Unlawfully taking letters, intent to obstruct mail,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Unmailable matter, depositing in mail,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
U. S. mail, using to defraud,	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	2
Totals,	6	3	5	3	1	1	2	1	1	23

RELATING TO PRISONERS HELD IN CUSTODY SEPT. 30, 1904.

On Sept. 30, 1904, there were 6,890 prisoners in custody in all the prisons in the State, an increase of 221 as compared with last year. The State Prison shows an increase of 60; the Massachusetts Reformatory an increase of 51; the Reformatory Prison for Women a decrease of 29; the State Farm an increase of 172; the Temporary Industrial Camp for Prisoners, established this year, had 44 in custody; and in the jails and houses of correction there was a decrease of 44 in the number of sentenced prisoners, and of 33 in those awaiting trial. The tables which immediately follow refer to prisoners remaining in custody at the close of the year covered by this report.

*Showing Whole Number of Prisoners remaining in All Prisons
Sept. 30, 1904.*

INSTITUTIONS.	SENTENCES.			FINES AND COSTS.			TOTALS.		
	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
State Prison,	872	-	872	-	-	-	872	-	872
Massachusetts Reformatory,	954	-	954	-	-	-	954	-	954
Reformatory Prison for Women,	-	190	190	-	-	-	-	190	190
State Farm,	986	56	1,042	-	-	-	986	56	1,042
Temporary Industrial Camp for Prisoners,	44	-	44	-	-	-	44	-	44
Jails and houses of correction,	2,412	484	2,896	495	59	554	2,907	543	3,450
Awaiting trial in jails,	-	-	-	-	-	-	292	46	338
Totals,	5,268	730	5,998	495	59	554	6,055	885	6,890

*Showing Crimes of Sentenced Prisoners remaining in Jails and
Houses of Correction Sept. 30, 1904.*

PRISONS.	1.—CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON.			2.—CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY.			3.—CRIMES AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.			AGGREGATE CRIMES OF ALL CLASSES.		
	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
Barnstable Jail and House of Cor- rection.	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Boston Jail,	5	-	5	17	1	18	50	10	60	72	11	83
Cambridge Jail and House of Cor- rection.	34	4	38	75	6	81	107	28	135	216	38	254
Dedham Jail and House of Cor- rection.	8	1	9	19	-	19	22	4	26	49	5	54
Deer Island House of Correction,	81	5	86	366	22	388	999	320	1,319	1,446	347	1,793
Edgartown Jail,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fitchburg Jail and House of Cor- rection.	12	-	12	25	-	25	69	-	69	106	-	106
Greenfield Jail and House of Cor- rection.	3	-	3	9	1	10	34	-	34	46	1	47
Ipswich House of Correction,	3	-	3	11	-	11	23	5	28	37	5	42
Lawrence Jail and House of Cor- rection.	17	-	17	30	-	30	42	24	66	89	24	113
Lowell Jail,	9	-	9	19	2	21	57	15	72	85	17	102
Nantucket Jail and House of Cor- rection.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Bedford Jail and House of Correction.	22	1	23	42	-	42	67	26	93	131	27	158
Newburyport Jail,	-	-	-	2	-	2	4	-	4	6	-	6
Northampton Jail and House of Correction.	6	-	6	1	-	1	32	1	33	39	1	40
Pittsfield Jail and House of Cor- rection.	10	-	10	14	-	14	43	3	46	67	3	70
Plymouth Jail and House of Cor- rection.	5	-	5	10	-	10	28	9	37	43	9	52
Salem Jail and House of Correc- tion.	14	-	14	34	1	35	56	13	69	104	14	118
Springfield Jail and House of Cor- rection.	8	-	8	43	-	43	113	16	129	164	16	180
Taunton Jail,	4	-	4	2	-	2	27	6	33	33	6	39
Worcester Jail and House of Cor- rection.	7	-	7	31	1	32	135	18	153	173	19	192
Totals,	249	11	260	750	34	784	1,908	498	2,406	2,907	543	3,450

Showing Sentences of Prisoners remaining in Jails and Houses of Correction Sept. 30, 1904.

COUNTIES.	SENTENCES.																
	Fine and Costs.		Less than 6 Months.		6 and Less than 12 Months.		1 Year and Less than 2 Years.		2 Years and Less than 3.		3 Years and Less than 5.		5 Years and More.		Aggregates.		
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Tot.
Barnstable,	12	1	29	1	12	-	4	1	8	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	70
Berkshire,	46	9	58	15	37	5	10	3	5	-	2	6	-	-	67	3	197
Bristol,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	164	33	197
Dukes County,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Essex,	54	7	87	26	32	7	32	1	17	2	11	-	-	-	236	43	279
Franklin,	4	-	14	-	18	-	17	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	46	1	47
Hampden,	45	6	69	6	13	3	14	-	19	1	1	-	-	-	164	16	180
Hampshire,	1	-	23	1	9	-	2	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	39	1	40
Middlesex,	61	3	116	28	54	15	29	5	22	-	12	-	-	-	301	55	356
Nantucket,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Norfolk,	3	-	21	3	4	1	8	1	6	-	4	-	-	-	49	5	54
Plymouth,	15	-	7	5	6	3	7	1	5	-	3	-	-	-	43	9	52
Suffolk,	174	31	770	220	272	77	129	20	102	1	64	-	-	-	1,518	358	1,876
Worcester,	80	2	111	13	35	1	26	2	15	1	11	-	-	-	279	19	298
Totals,	495	59	1,305	318	492	112	268	35	202	5	120	7	25	7	2,907	543	3,450

* One prisoner had life sentence.

Showing Crimes of Prisoners remaining under Sentence in All Prisons Sept. 30, 1904.

CRIMES.	STATE PRISON.		MASS. REFORM- ATORY.	REFORMATORY PRISON FOR WOMEN.	STATE FARM.		TEMPORARY IN- DUSTRIAL CAMP FOR PRISONERS.	JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.			AGGREGATES.				
	M.	M.			F.	M.		F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
1. — AGAINST THE PERSON.															
Abandoning child,	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3		
Abuse of female child,	12	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	15	-	15	
Assault,	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	31	-	31	36	-	36	
Assault, felonious,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	2	-	2	
Assault, indecent,	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	12	15	-	15	
Assault on female child,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1	
Assault on officer,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	11	12	-	12	
Assault to abuse female child,	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	6	
Assault to carnally abuse,	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	4	-	4	
Assault to murder,	59	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	6	65	-	65	
Assault to rape,	33	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4	38	-	38	
Assault to ravish,	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	3	-	3	
Assault to rob,	13	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	22	-	22	
Assault to rob, armed,	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4	
Assault and battery,	-	-	7	1	1	-	1	1	75	4	79	84	5	89	
Assault and robbery,	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	
Assault with dangerous weapon,	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	37	-	37	43	-	43	
Attempt to kill by mingling poison with drink,	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	

Showing Crimes of Prisoners remaining, etc. — Continued.

CRIMES.	STATE PRISON.	MASS. REFORM- ATORY	REFORMATORY PRISON FOR WOMEN.	STATE FARM.			TEMPORARY IN- DUSTRIAL CAMP FOR PRISONERS.	JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.				AGGREGATES.		
	M.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	M.	F.	Tot.		M.	F.	Tot.
1. — AGAINST THE PERSON —														
Con.														
Blackmail,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Carnal abuse,	4	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	6
Manslaughter,	34	-	1	1	-	1	-	4	2	6	-	41	4	45
Manslaughter, accessory,	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Mayhem,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Murder,	68	-	1	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	65	2	67
Murder, accessory,	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	2	-	2
Murder on high seas,	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Rape,	47	8	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4	-	54	-	54
Robbery,	113	9	1	-	-	-	-	18	3	21	-	140	4	144
Robbery, accessory,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	2	-	2
Robbery, armed,	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	7
Threats,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4	-	4	-	4
Totals,	409	44	9	4	-	4	1	218	11	229		676	20	696
2. — AGAINST PROPERTY.														
Arson and attempt,	16	4	2	1	-	1	-	2	-	2	-	23	2	25
Breaking and entering,	131	144	-	1	-	1	-	155	1	156	-	431	1	432
Breaking and entering, armed,	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Breaking and entering and lar- ceny,	81	101	1	-	-	-	-	37	-	37	-	219	1	220
Breaking glass,	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2
Burglars' tools, having,	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4
Burglary,	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4
Burning insured property,	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3
Burning standing trees,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Cigars, selling, not properly stamped,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1
Common and notorious thief,	27	2	-	-	-	-	-	5	1	6	-	34	1	35
Concealing leased property,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1
Concealing personal property,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	2	-	2
Defrauding inn-keeper,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Embezzlement,	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	6	-	13	-	13
Embezzlement of U. S. money,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1
Entering building and putting in fear,	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	5
False pretences,	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	3	-	3
Fraudulent conveyance of prop- erty,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	2	-	2
Larceny and attempt,	40	393	16	1	-	1	1	358	19	377	-	793	35	828
Larceny from conveyance,	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	7	-	11	-	11
Larceny from person,	28	20	-	-	-	-	-	58	8	66	-	106	8	114
Larceny from railroad car,	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	3	-	3
Larceny from realty,	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	6	-	8	-	8
Larceny in a building,	18	22	-	-	-	-	-	24	-	24	-	64	-	64
Malicious burning,	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	6
Malicious mischief,	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	-	6	-	6
Opening letters deposited in U. S. mail,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1
Pilferer,	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Receiving stolen goods,	3	10	2	-	-	-	-	9	1	10	-	22	3	25
Selling property held on condi- tional sale,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1
Stealing,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	-	1	1	2
Stealing letters from post-office,	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	4	-	4
Unlawful conveyance of property,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1
Unlawful taking,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	-	4	-	4
Unlawful use of horse,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	6	-	6	-	6
U. S. mail, using, in scheme to defraud,	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	3	-	3
Totals,	376	716	22	4	-	4	1	696	81	726		1,792	53	1,845

Showing Crimes of Prisoners remaining, etc. — Concluded.

CRIMES.	STATE PRISON.	MASS. REFORMATORY.	REFORMATORY PRISON FOR WOMEN.	STATE FARM.			TEMPORARY INDUSTRIAL CAMP FOR PRISONERS.	JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.				AGGREGATES.		
	M.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	M.	F.	Tot.		M.	F.	Tot.
3.—AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.														
Abortion and accessory, . . .	6	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	2	10
Adultery,	2	1	0	-	-	-	2	28	18	46	-	33	24	57
Bigamy,	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Caucus and election laws, violating,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1
City ordinance or town by-laws, violating,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	1	1
Common night-walker,	-	-	22	-	1	1	-	24	24	-	-	47	-	47
Common raller and brawler, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	1	-	1
Contempt of court,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	-	3	-	3
Counterfeit money, forging and having,	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	6
Cruelty to animals,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	2	-	2
Dangerous weapon, armed with, when arrested,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1
Disorderly house, keeping, . . .	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	10	7	17	-	10	11	21
Disturbing the peace,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	13	3	16	-	14	3	17
Drunkenness,	-	31	64	681	42	723	39	1,201	344	1,545	-	1,962	460	2,402
Escape,	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	3	-	3	-	3	-	3
False affidavit, making,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	-	3	-	3
False fire-alarm, giving,	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
False testimony, giving, at court,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1
Forgery and uttering,	21	19	1	-	-	-	-	23	-	23	-	68	1	64
Fornication,	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	2	1	3	-	2	9	11
Habitual criminal,	13	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	14	-	14
House of ill-fame, keeping, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	4	-	2	2	4
Idle and disorderly,	-	12	19	27	4	31	-	21	13	34	-	60	36	96
Incest,	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	13
Indecent exposure,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	14	-	14	-	15	-	15
Inducing women to immorality, .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1
Lewd cohabitation,	1	-	6	-	-	-	-	18	6	24	-	19	12	31
Lewdness,	-	-	11	-	1	1	-	3	5	8	-	3	17	20
Liquor laws, violating,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	3	19	-	16	3	19
Lottery and advertising,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1
Making and aiding in making photographs and prints of parts of U. S. bills,	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Neglect of family,	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	29	-	29	-	30	-	30
Perjury,	12	3	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4	-	19	-	19
Polygamy,	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	14	1	15	-	18	1	19
Railroad, obstructing,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1
Rescue,	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	3	-	3
Smuggling,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1
Sodomy,	7	1	-	2	-	2	-	1	-	1	-	11	-	11
Stubbornness,	-	64	11	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	66	11	77
Tramps,	-	3	-	54	-	54	-	19	-	19	-	76	-	76
Unnatural act,	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	8	-	11	-	11
Vagabonds,	-	-	-	5	-	5	-	5	1	6	-	10	1	11
Vagrants,	-	49	6	201	8	209	-	48	11	59	-	298	24	322
Totals,	87	194	159	978	56	1,034	42	1,499	442	1,941	-	2,800	657	3,457

RECAPITULATION.

1.—Against the person,	409	44	9	4	-	4	1	218	11	229	676	20	696
2.—Against property,	376	716	22	4	-	4	1	695	31	726	1,792	53	1,845
3.—Against public order, etc., .	87	194	159	978	56	1,034	42	1,499	442	1,941	2,800	657	3,457
Totals,	372	954	190	986	56	1,042	44	2,412	484	*2,896	5,268	730	5,998

* There were also 554 held on fines and 338 awaiting trial. Of those held for non-payment of fines, 368 were committed for drunkenness.

Showing Whole Number of *Sentenced Prisoners* held in Custody
Sept. 30, 1904.

CRIMES.	HELD ON FINES AND COSTS AND SENTENCES.												
	State Prison.	Mass. Reform- atory.	Reformatory Prison for Women.	State Farm.			Temporary In- dustrial Camp for Prisoners.	Jails and Houses of Correction.			Aggregates.		
	M.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
1.—Against the person, . .	409	44	9	4	-	4	1	249	11	260	707	20	727
2.—Against property, . .	876	716	22	4	-	4	1	750	34	784	1,847	56	1,903
3.—Against public order, etc., .	87	194	159	978	56	1,084	42	1,908	498	2,406	3,209	718	3,922
Totals,	872	954	190	986	56	1,042	44	2,907	543	3,450	5,768	789	6,552

Showing Crimes of Prisoners *awaiting Trial* Sept. 30, 1904.

MALES.

CRIMES.	JAILS.												
	Barnstable.	Pittsfield.	New Bedford.	Taunton.	Lawrence.	Newburyport.	Salem.	Greenfield.	Springfield.	Northampton.	Cambridge.	Lowell.	Dedham.
Abuse of female child,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Adultery,	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	-	-	-
Assault,	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	-
Assault, indecent,	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assault on officer,	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assault to murder,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Assault to rape,	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
Assault to ravish,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Assault with dangerous weapon, . .	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assault and battery,	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	5	-
Bastardy,	-	2	2	-	-	1	-	-	1	2	-	-	-
Breaking and entering,	2	1	4	1	-	-	-	-	8	-	2	6	12
Breaking and entering and larceny, . .	2	-	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	2	-	1
Burglary,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Common nuisance, keeping,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
Counterfeit money, forging and having, .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3
Cruelty to animals,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
Drunkenness,	-	2	1	1	-	3	-	1	1	-	1	6	37
Embezzlement,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Forgery and uttering,	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1
Fornication,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Idle and disorderly,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Incest,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Larceny,	2	3	1	-	-	1	-	2	1	2	1	1	23
Larceny from person,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Larceny in a building,	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Lewd cohabitation,	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Liquor laws, violating,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Murder,	-	2	-	-	1	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	4
Obscene letters, depositing in mail, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Peddling, unlicensed,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Perjury,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2
Poor debtors,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Rape,	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Totals,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Showing Crimes of Prisoners awaiting Trial, etc. — Continued.

MALES — Concluded.

CRIMES.	JAILS.																	
	Barnstable.	Pittsfield.	New Bedford.	Taunton.	Lawrence.	Newburyport.	Salem.	Greenfield.	Springfield.	Northampton.	Cambridge.	Lowell.	Dedham.	Plymouth.	Boston.	Fitchburg.	Worcester.	Totals.
Receiving stolen goods,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1	4
Robbery,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
Setting fires,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Stealing,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	2
Taxes, non-payment of,	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Tramps,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
U. S. mail, using, in schemes to defraud,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Vagrants,	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	1	1	1	9
Witnesses,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	4
Totals,	4	8	26	11	5	1	11	2	11	6	14	7	11	32	114	6	23	292

FEMALES.

Adultery,	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	1	-	1	-	9
Assault and battery,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Common night-walker,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Disorderly house, keeping,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2
Drunkenness,	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	15	-	2	-	21
Idle and disorderly,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Larceny,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	4
Lewd cohabitation,	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	4
Murder,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Polygamy,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Refusing information as to parentage of child,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Totals,	1	1	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	3	26	-	4	-	46

MALES AND FEMALES.

Abuse of female child,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2
Adultery,	-	1	5	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	-	-	6	3	1	-	2	23
Assault,	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	1	1	-	-	1	-	6
Assault, indecent,	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Assault on officer,	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Assault to murder,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	3
Assault to rape,	-	-	2	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Assault to ravish,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
Assault with dangerous weapon,	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Assault and battery,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	6	-	-	9
Bastardy,	-	-	2	-	-	1	-	1	1	2	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	10
Breaking and entering,	2	1	4	1	-	2	-	3	-	2	-	2	6	12	1	4	-	40
Breaking and entering and larceny,	2	-	3	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	10
Burglary,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Common night-walker,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Common nuisance, keeping,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2
Counterfeited money, forging and having,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	3
Cruelty to animals,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	2
Disorderly house, keeping,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2
Drunkenness,	-	1	3	1	1	-	3	-	1	2	1	1	6	52	1	7	-	80
Embezzlement,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Forgery and uttering,	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	3
Fornication,	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	3
Idle and disorderly,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Incest,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Larceny,	-	2	4	1	-	-	1	-	2	1	2	1	1	25	2	7	-	50
Larceny from person,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2
Larceny in a building,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1

Showing Crimes of Prisoners awaiting Trial, etc. — Concluded.

MALES AND FEMALES — Concluded.

CRIMES.	JAILS.											
	Barnstable.	Pittsfield.	New Bedford.	Taunton.	Lawrence.	Newburyport.	Salem.	Greenfield.	Springfield.	Northampton.	Cambridge.	Lowell.
Lewd cohabitation,	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Liquor laws, violating,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Murder,	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Obscene letters, depositing in mail,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Peddling, unlicensed,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Perjury,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Polygamy,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Poor debtors,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Rape,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Receiving stolen goods,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Refusing information as to parentage of child,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Robbery,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Setting fires,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Stealing,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Taxes, non-payment of,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tramps,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
U. S. mail, using, in schemes to defraud,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vagrants,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Witnesses,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Totals,	5	9	34	11	5	1	11	2	11	6	15	9

Showing Crimes of Prisoners under Sentence for Life in All Prisons.

CRIMES.	STATE PRISON.		REFORMATORY PRISON FOR WOMEN.		STATE FARM.		CAMBRIDGE JAIL.		AGGREGATES.		
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Tot.
Accessory to murder,	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1
Arson,	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1
Assault to ravish,	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1
Attempt to kill by mingling poison with drink,	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1
Murder, death penalty remitted,	5	-	-	-	1	5	1	1	6	1	6
Murder in second degree,	58	1	2	-	60	1	61	1	61	1	61
Murder on the high seas,	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1
Rape,	3	-	-	-	3	-	3	-	3	-	3
Robbery,	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1
Robbery, armed,	5	-	-	-	5	-	5	-	5	-	5
Totals,	76	1	3	1	79	2	81	1	81	2	81

INSANE CRIMINALS.

Showing Removals of Prisoners to Insane Asylums during the Last Two Years.

PRISONS.	1903.			1904.		
	Average Number of Prisoners.	Number removed to Insane Asylum.	Number returned from Insane Asylum.	Average Number of Prisoners.	Number removed to Insane Asylum.	Number returned from Insane Asylum.
Barnstable,	14	1	-	10	-	-
Boston Jail,	208	-	-	227	-	-
Cambridge,	317	3	-	293	5	1
Dedham,	73	1	-	90	3	-
Deer Island House of Correction,	1,274	4	-	1,552	-	-
Edgartown,	1	-	-	-	-	-
Fitchburg,	114	-	-	108	-	-
Greenfield,	31	-	-	41	2	-
Ipswich,	41	-	-	56	1	-
Lawrence,	134	-	-	133	2	-
Lowell,	106	1	1	108	1	-
Nantucket,	1	-	-	-	-	-
New Bedford,	301	3	-	237	3	-
Newburyport,	14	-	-	16	-	-
Northampton,	32	-	1	40	-	-
Pittsfield,	68	4	-	72	4	-
Plymouth,	51	1	-	69	3	-
Salem,	135	2	-	147	5	1
Springfield,	193	2	-	189	-	-
Taunton,	53	3	-	46	4	-
Worcester,	271	2	-	247	2	-
Total in jails and houses of correction.	3,432	27	2	3,681	35	2
State Prison,	811	*13	4	834	18	8
Massachusetts Reformatory,	858	10	-	932	7	1
Reformatory Prison for Women,	210	1	-	194	3	1
State Farm,	833	39	-	949	32	-
Temporary Industrial Camp for Prisoners.	-	-	-	43	-	-
Total in all prisons,	6,144	90	6	6,633	95	12

* One removed to the Government Hospital for Insane Criminals, Washington, D. C.

ARRESTS.

The three tables immediately following this statement have been prepared from information contained in the reports made by the police commissioners of the city of Boston, the chiefs of police or city marshals of other cities, the chiefs of police in towns, and from officers making arrests in towns not having a chief of police. There has been an increase of 6,734 in the total arrests during the year as compared with the preceding year. The arrests for drunkenness show an increase of 5,765, while there were 969 more arrests for other crimes. The total number arrested in cities increased 5,521,

and in the towns 1,213 more were reported than last year. The whole increase in arrests appears in the number arrested for crimes against public order, as a decrease is shown both in the number arrested for crimes against the person and crimes against property. The total number of arrests for the year was 113,162.

Showing Number of Arrests in Cities and Towns for Each of the Three Classes of Crimes in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

WHERE ARRESTED.	1.—CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON.			2.—CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY.			3.—CRIMES AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.			AGGREGATES.		
	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
In cities,	5,918	485	6,403	8,431	732	9,163	72,666	8,067	80,733	87,015	9,284	96,299
In towns,	1,586	72	1,658	1,973	82	2,055	12,699	451	13,150	16,258	605	16,863
Totals,	7,504	557	8,061	10,404	814	11,218	85,365	8,518	93,883	103,273	9,889	113,162

Showing Number of Arrests for all Crimes in Each County in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

COUNTIES.	1.—CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON.			2.—CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY.			3.—CRIMES AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.			AGGREGATES.		
	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
Barnstable,	21	1	22	16	2	18	51	2	53	88	5	93
Berkshire,	265	18	283	268	9	277	2,498	79	2,577	3,081	106	3,187
Bristol,	578	45	623	798	77	875	5,743	878	6,621	7,119	1,000	8,119
Dukes County,	13	-	13	31	1	32	39	1	40	83	2	85
Essex,	1,198	43	1,241	1,229	64	1,293	10,647	910	11,557	13,074	1,017	14,091
Franklin,	54	5	59	57	3	60	385	4	389	496	12	508
Hampden,	378	31	409	517	33	550	3,909	368	4,277	4,804	432	5,236
Hampshire,	63	3	66	76	6	82	599	20	619	738	29	767
Middlesex,	985	82	1,067	1,830	107	1,937	11,642	1,020	12,662	14,457	1,209	15,666
Nantucket,	3	1	4	1	-	1	15	1	16	19	2	21
Norfolk,	331	13	344	524	12	536	2,271	81	2,352	3,126	106	3,232
Plymouth,	213	11	224	267	9	266	2,822	112	2,934	3,292	132	3,424
Suffolk,	2,763	262	3,025	3,933	435	4,368	36,947	4,650	41,597	43,643	5,347	48,990
Worcester,	639	42	681	867	56	923	7,797	392	8,189	9,303	490	9,793
Totals,	7,504	557	8,061	10,404	814	11,218	85,365	8,518	93,883	103,273	9,889	113,162

*Showing Arrests for **Drunkenness** and for Other Crimes in Each City and in Towns in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.*

CITIES.	POPULATION BY CENSUS OF 1900.	NUMBER OF ARRESTS.								
		FOR DRUNKENNESS.			FOR OTHER CRIMES.			AGGREGATES.		
		M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
Beverly, . . .	18,884	169	5	174	108	5	108	272	10	282
Boston, . . .	560,892	29,635	3,550	33,085	11,694	1,632	13,326	41,229	5,182	46,411
Brockton, . . .	40,063	1,155	33	1,188	841	59	900	1,996	92	2,088
Cambridge, . . .	91,886	1,434	105	1,539	1,471	74	1,545	2,905	179	3,084
Chelsea, . . .	34,072	1,267	82	1,349	700	66	766	1,967	148	2,115
Chicopee, . . .	19,167	306	13	319	182	22	204	488	35	523
Everett, . . .	24,336	253	9	262	156	12	168	409	21	430
Fall River, . . .	104,863	1,666	380	2,046	1,608	240	1,848	3,274	620	3,894
Fitchburg, . . .	31,531	338	16	353	328	23	351	666	38	704
Gloucester, . . .	26,121	751	31	782	238	10	248	989	41	1,030
Haverhill, . . .	37,175	1,035	86	1,121	482	53	535	1,517	139	1,656
Holyoke, . . .	45,712	815	80	895	542	39	581	1,357	119	1,476
Lawrence, . . .	62,559	1,314	221	1,535	731	97	828	2,045	318	2,363
Lowell, . . .	94,999	2,829	482	3,311	1,132	141	1,273	3,961	623	4,584
Lynn, . . .	68,513	2,775	234	3,009	1,221	90	1,311	3,996	324	4,320
Malden, . . .	33,664	191	13	204	178	17	195	369	30	399
Marlborough, . . .	13,609	319	2	321	119	3	122	438	5	443
Medford, . . .	18,244	102	7	109	103	5	108	205	12	217
Melrose, . . .	12,962	86	8	94	88	2	90	174	10	184
New Bedford, . . .	62,442	999	157	1,156	674	93	767	1,673	250	1,923
Newburyport, . . .	14,478	377	24	401	216	20	236	593	44	637
Newton, . . .	33,587	464	13	477	297	38	335	761	51	812
North Adams, . . .	24,200	628	22	650	299	24	323	927	46	973
Northampton, . . .	18,643	335	4	339	69	9	78	404	13	417
Pittsfield, . . .	21,766	813	12	825	333	11	344	1,146	23	1,169
Quincy, . . .	23,899	447	11	458	304	21	325	761	32	783
Salem, . . .	35,956	824	42	866	424	17	441	1,248	59	1,307
Somerville, . . .	61,643	821	45	866	664	48	712	1,485	93	1,578
Springfield, . . .	62,059	1,441	160	1,601	711	72	783	2,152	232	2,384
Taunton, . . .	31,036	1,308	48	1,356	258	24	282	1,566	72	1,638
Waltham, . . .	23,481	213	10	223	175	20	195	388	30	418
Woburn, . . .	14,254	507	18	525	110	11	121	617	29	646
Worcester, . . .	118,421	3,615	214	3,829	1,432	150	1,582	5,047	364	5,411
In cities, . . .	1,880,087	59,132	6,136	65,268	27,883	3,148	31,031	87,015	9,284	96,299
In towns, . . .	925,259	7,361	224	7,585	3,897	381	4,278	16,258	605	16,863
Totals, . . .	2,805,346	66,493	6,360	72,853	36,780	3,529	40,309	103,273	9,889	113,162

PROBATION.

Complete reports, as required by section 85 of chapter 217 of the Revised Laws, and chapter 196 of the Acts of 1902, have been received from all the probation officers excepting one, whose records were destroyed by fire and who has sent no reports for the last few months. The statistics of probation work which are printed on the pages immediately following have been prepared from the returns of the officers. Tables of comparison cannot be included in this report, but it may be interesting to note, as showing the extension of the probation system, that there was a considerable increase in the number of cases investigated by the probation officers, and that the number of cases taken on probation in the lower courts was 8,790, an increase of 650 over the preceding year. The number in the superior courts was 1,402, being 147 more than last year. It was noted last year that a number of the officers did not keep such records as would enable them to answer questions as to the results of cases taken on probation, but in consequence of the inquiries then made on this subject, and owing to the conferences of the probation officers, the records are now kept in a way to give quite satisfactory information in this regard.

In the report of last year reference was made to a conference held in October, 1903, when a committee of probation officers was appointed to take into consideration the methods of exchanging information and of keeping suitable records. That committee made a very careful study of the subjects referred to it, and prepared a complete report which was submitted to the chairman of the Prison Commission in May last. The report was printed at the Massachusetts Reformatory, and was distributed to the justices and probation officers, so that they could have an opportunity to examine it before the meeting of the probation officers was called to consider the subjects to which it referred. In June a conference of probation officers was held, and all the matters embodied in the report were thoroughly canvassed. These subjects may be briefly summarized as continuance of probation, suspended sentence, indefinite probation, probationary fines, reports to prison commissioners, special investigations, surrender warrants and like subjects. From recent inquiries it appears that about one-half the probation officers in the State have supplied themselves with nearly all the record books and blanks recommended

by the committee, and such as have not obtained them in consequence of this report were already using forms that were sufficient. Aside from the benefits that would be derived from systematized records, the conferences have also been useful in making the probation officers better acquainted, and giving some of the less experienced the advantage of comparing notes with the probation officers of the larger jurisdictions. The chairman of the Board has had a few conferences with the justices of the superior court on the subject of the probation law during the year, and upon several occasions has discussed the matter with some of the justices of the lower courts.

It is difficult to reconcile the various opinions as to what may be done to improve the probation service; but from occasional conferences of probation officers, and the continued exchange of information, the plan that appears to be the most useful will meet with general adoption.

In addition to the statistics contained in the reports, some of the officers add interesting notes as to their work. A curious note from one probation officer in Franklin County is that "there has not been a case placed in the hands of the probation officer in the last year." The officer of the Worcester central court says: "More than 40,000 persons have been interviewed by me with more or less care, and the results, if not wholly satisfactory, have been encouraging. The hardest thing to resist is the appeals of friends and oftentimes attorneys to help those who have failed to redeem their pledges to live a correct life. This court offers as good a chance to succeed in this work as any, I am sure, and the consideration of the chief of police and the help of his officers is a source of great encouragement. Not all are helped by leniency, and I think courts and officers often err in that direction when, after a fair trial, defendants have forgotten their pledges. Sure punishment after that is a better remedy."

The probation officer in South Boston reports that he has a great many non-support cases put under his care, and that he has collected many thousands of dollars for the support of the families of the men whose cases are disposed of in this way. In one instance the officer has collected nearly two thousand dollars from a defendant, in the last five years, and has paid the sum over to the family.

Showing Cases of *Drunkenness* investigated by the Probation Officers
from Oct. 1, 1903 to Sept. 30, 1904.

COURTS.	STATEMENTS OF PERSONS ARRESTED.				Number of Cases of Drunkenness Investigated by Order of the Court. (R. L., c. 212, § 40.)
	Number referred to Probation Officer.	Number found to be True.	Number found to be Untrue.	Number reported as Doubtful.	
MUNICIPAL.					
Boston,	22,882	20,374	2,508	-	12,065
Brighton,	390	141	249	-	382
Charlestown,	2,232	2,060	172	-	-
Dorchester,	805	722	83	-	-
East Boston,*	1,245	1,206	39	-	525
Roxbury,	2,694	1,418	1,276	-	977
South Boston,	2,161	1,878	283	-	2,161
West Roxbury,	486	420	66	-	8
Brookline,	169	169	-	-	241
POLICE.					
Brockton,	1,189	1,189	-	-	1,091
Chelsea,	1,601	1,549	52	-	874
Chicopee,	346	346	-	-	-
Fitchburg,	367	336	18	13	311
Holyoke,	889	884	5	-	546
Lawrence,	1,492	1,437	55	-	612
Lee,	14	8	6	-	-
Lowell,	2,244	2,189	55	-	1,244
Lynn,	2,976	2,658	318	-	2,075
Marlborough,	322	235	8	79	-
Newburyport,	379	248	131	-	311
Newton,	478	460	18	-	360
Somerville,	138	121	17	-	859
Springfield,	927	886	41	-	735
Williamstown,	4	4	-	-	1
DISTRICT.					
Barnstable, First,	-	-	-	-	-
" Second,	1	1	-	-	-
Berkshire, Central,	315	289	26	-	884
" Northern,	4	4	-	-	122
" Southern,	-	-	-	-	-
" Fourth,	403	403	-	-	256
Bristol, First,	1,344	1,297	5	42	-
" Second,	2,055	1,284	771	-	1,444
" Third,	1,190	1,190	-	-	1,173
" Fourth,†	123	120	3	-	8
Dukes County,	-	-	-	-	10
Essex, First,	453	422	31	-	1,128
" Second,	141	140	1	-	-
" Northern (Central),	1,158	1,144	14	-	-
" Eastern,	752	610	142	-	68
Franklin,	8	8	-	-	2
" Eastern,	-	-	-	-	-
Hampden, Eastern,	-	-	-	-	37
" Western,	213	195	8	10	170
Hampshire,	51	49	2	-	-
" Eastern,	79	75	4	-	-
Middlesex, Central,	107	107	-	-	-
" First Northern,	-	-	-	-	54
" First Eastern,	705	691	14	-	504
" Second Eastern,	335	304	31	-	27
" Third Eastern,	1,466	1,334	132	-	116
" Fourth Eastern,	40	40	-	-	27
" First Southern,	187	186	1	-	-

* This is a district court, but for convenience it is put with the other Boston courts.

† The Fourth District Court of Bristol, with jurisdiction in the towns of Attleborough, North Attleborough, Mansfield and Norton, and with sittings in the town of Attleborough, was established by chapter 214, Acts of 1903, that took effect on the first of January, 1904.

Showing Cases of Drunkenness, etc. — Concluded.

COURTS.	STATEMENTS OF PERSONS ARRESTED.				Number of Cases of Drunkenness investigated by Order of the Court. (R. L., c. 212, § 40.)
	Number referred to Probation Officer.	Number found to be True.	Number found to be Untrue.	Number reported as Doubtful.	
DISTRICT — Con.					
Norfolk, Northern,	263	211	52	-	358
" East,	-	-	-	-	719
" Southern,	101	97	4	-	59
" Western,	96	95	1	-	43
Plymouth, Second,	-	-	-	-	-
" Third,	31	31	-	-	76
" Fourth,	-	-	-	-	-
Worcester, Central,	2,499	1,605	894	-	361
" First Northern,	271	261	10	-	123
" First Eastern,	66	62	4	-	-
" Second Eastern,	258	258	-	-	13
" First Southern,	321	307	14	-	238
" Second Southern,	101	96	5	-	-
" Third Southern,	-	-	-	-	-
" Western,	-	-	-	-	-
Winchendon,*	26	25	1	-	4
Totals,	61,593	53,879	7,570	144	33,347

* The District Court of Winchendon, with jurisdiction in the town of Winchendon, and with sittings at Winchendon, was established by chapter 372, Acts of 1904, that took effect on the first of July, 1904.

Showing Cases taken on Probation under Chapter 217 of the Revised Laws in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

COURTS.	CRIMES.											
	Assault and battery.	Breaking and entering.	Common night-walker.	Disturbing the peace.	Drunkenness.	Larceny.	Malicious mischief.	Neglect of family.	Stubbornness.	Trespass.	Truancy.	Miscellaneous.
MUNICIPAL.												
Boston,	21	1	117	1	1,489	96	3	25	11	2	4	92
Brighton,	8	1	-	-	20	2	-	3	2	-	-	1
Charlestown,	-	-	-	2	82	2	-	-	-	-	-	86
Dorchester,	10	3	-	1	25	11	-	2	3	-	-	13
East Boston,*	-	-	-	-	501	1	-	-	-	-	-	502
Roxbury,	46	23	-	1	123	59	4	19	23	1	37	35
South Boston,	5	-	-	-	178	2	-	14	3	-	-	5
West Roxbury,	1	5	-	-	46	10	2	5	7	1	4	8
Brookline,	15	1	-	1	65	20	1	2	1	27	-	19
POLICE.												
Brockton,	7	-	-	7	331	35	2	6	3	1	-	53
Chelsea,	8	21	-	-	322	10	2	1	3	10	2	25
Chicopee,	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Fitchburg,	3	6	-	4	123	13	2	12	2	3	-	8
Holyoke,	2	-	-	2	115	-	-	-	6	-	-	5
Totals,	117	30	120	12	3,489	341	12	73	54	31	21	200

* This is a district court, but for convenience it is put with the other Boston courts.

Showing Cases taken on Probation, etc. — Concluded.

COURTS.	CRIMES.											Totals.	
	Assault and battery.	Breaking and entering.	Common night-walker.	Disturbing the peace.	Drunkenness.	Larceny.	Malicious mischief.	Neglect of family.	Stubbornness.	Trespass.	Truancy.		Miscellaneous.
POLICE—Con.													
Lawrence,	-	-	-	-	57	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	57
Lee,	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7
Lowell,	8	7	-	1	223	48	4	35	23	-	17	7	366
Lynn,	4	6	1	-	74	16	1	33	9	-	1	-	152
Marlborough,	-	1	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8
Newburyport,	-	5	-	-	25	2	7	1	1	-	3	-	44
Newton,	11	2	-	7	83	13	1	6	-	-	13	-	142
Somerville,	15	10	-	3	168	16	8	3	5	18	2	14	262
Springfield,	-	-	-	-	152	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	154
Williamstown,	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
DISTRICT.													
Barnstable, First,	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	1	-	-	5
" Second,	3	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Berkshire, Central,	-	2	-	-	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20
" Northern,	-	-	-	-	112	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	112
" Southern,	-	-	-	-	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16
" Fourth,	1	-	-	1	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32
Bristol, First,	-	1	-	-	51	8	-	3	1	-	6	70	
" Second,	56	14	-	62	55	92	22	42	34	5	13	63	458
" Third,	4	-	-	3	58	5	-	4	2	-	2	78	
" Fourth,	4	1	-	8	31	3	-	1	3	-	3	54	
Dukes County,	1	-	-	-	10	3	-	-	-	-	2	16	
Essex, First,	4	1	-	-	293	10	2	1	1	-	8	320	
" Second,	-	-	-	-	16	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	17
" Northern (Central),	3	3	-	2	196	4	1	3	3	8	1	2	226
" Eastern,	-	-	-	-	152	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	152
Franklin,	-	-	-	-	8	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	10
" Eastern,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hampden, Eastern,	-	-	-	-	46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46
" Western,	-	-	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
Hampshire,	-	-	-	1	31	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	35
" Eastern,	1	-	-	-	11	1	2	2	-	-	1	18	
Middlesex, Central,	3	4	-	1	69	7	1	-	-	-	9	94	
" First Northern,	2	-	-	-	10	2	3	-	1	-	-	18	
" First Eastern,	2	-	-	3	102	6	5	1	1	-	1	121	
" Second Eastern,	1	2	-	2	75	5	-	2	-	-	5	92	
" Third Eastern,	12	10	-	28	122	40	1	9	4	-	12	238	
" Fourth Eastern,	2	-	-	-	36	8	1	1	1	1	5	56	
" First Southern,	2	-	-	-	12	1	-	-	-	-	1	16	
Norfolk, Northern,	1	3	-	-	30	8	1	-	2	-	1	8	54
" East,	11	4	-	5	35	12	2	4	5	-	5	8	91
" Southern,	1	-	-	-	14	2	1	-	-	3	4	25	
" Western,	5	-	-	1	18	3	-	-	-	-	2	29	
Plymouth, Second,	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
" Third,	-	1	-	-	12	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	15
" Fourth,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Worcester, Central,	1	-	-	-	146	4	-	-	2	-	-	-	153
" First Northern,	2	-	-	1	15	-	-	-	-	-	1	19	
" First Eastern,	-	-	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	
" Second Eastern,	1	-	-	-	81	8	-	-	-	-	-	40	
" First Southern,	3	-	-	1	29	3	-	-	3	-	-	39	
" Second Southern,	4	-	-	3	42	-	-	1	1	-	1	53	
" Third Southern,	-	-	-	1	95	-	1	-	-	-	2	100	
" Western,	3	-	-	5	58	4	1	1	-	-	-	72	
Winchendon,	1	-	-	-	8	1	2	-	-	-	2	-	14
Totals,	293	144	118	158	6,348	605	87	242	167	87	76	465	8,790

Showing *Ages* of Persons taken on *Probation* in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

CRIMES.	AGES.															Totals.
	Under 10 Years.	10 to 12 Years.	13 Years.	14 Years.	15 Years.	16 Years.	17 Years.	18 Years.	19 Years.	20 Years.	21 Years.	22 to 30 Years.	31 to 40 Years.	41 to 50 Years.	Over 50 Years.	
Arson,	-	4	1	-	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8
Assault,	1	3	1	4	3	1	2	2	-	-	-	9	17	9	12	58
Assault, Indecent,	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Assault on officer,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	4
Assault with dangerous weapon,	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Assault and battery,	6	16	8	12	6	8	3	4	5	2	4	60	45	31	13	223
Bonfires, making,	1	8	-	-	2	1	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16
Bread, illegal sale of,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	2	1	1	6
Breaking and entering,	12	32	11	17	7	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	85
Breaking and entering and larceny,	6	21	9	10	6	2	-	1	-	-	-	4	1	-	-	59
Breaking glass,	2	3	2	4	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	3	2	-	-	19
City ordinance, violating,	5	8	5	7	5	4	1	2	1	1	-	3	-	1	1	44
Common night-walker,	-	-	-	-	1	2	2	5	5	12	75	11	-	-	-	118
Common rafter and brawler,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	3
Conveying leased property,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2
Cruelty to animals,	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	1	8
Disorderly house, keeping,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	2	1	1	1	6
Disorderly in public conveyance,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	2
Disturbing the peace,	-	1	4	7	6	9	6	13	10	2	2	19	44	24	11	158
Dog, keeping unlicensed,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	3
Drunkenness,	-	-	1	-	3	16	25	47	65	88	115	1,573	2,156	1,424	835	6,348
Evading fare,	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
False fire-alarm, giving,	-	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	5
Fast driving,	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2
Fire-works, using unlawfully,	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Fornication,	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	1	2	1	4	1	-	1	12
Fraudulent conveyance,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2
Gaming and present at,	1	2	1	4	5	4	4	-	-	-	-	9	5	2	-	37
Health laws, violating,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2
House of ill-fame, keeping,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	-	3
Idle and disorderly,	-	-	2	1	7	6	4	3	8	7	3	16	7	3	-	67
Indecent exposure,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	1	-	1	-	5
Indecent language, using,	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Junk dealer, unlicensed,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Larceny,	32	121	67	43	37	27	44	32	24	18	18	72	42	14	3	594
Larceny from railroad car,	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Larceny from the person,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	2
Larceny in a building,	-	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7
Lewd cohabitation,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	2
Lewdness,	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	-	-	5
Liquor laws, violating,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	7	1	2	11
Loitering,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	6
Lord's Day, violating,	-	-	1	6	8	1	2	3	1	1	1	1	-	1	-	21
Malicious mischief,	11	18	16	7	8	5	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	68
Neglect of family,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	2	14	75	97	43	9	242
Opium laws, violating,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2
Park rules, violating,	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Peddling, unlicensed,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	3
Playing ball in street,	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Profanity,	-	-	-	-	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	3	-	1	-	8
Receiving stolen goods,	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	2	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	7
Refusing information to assessor,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	2
Removing baggage, unlawfully,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2
Rules of board of aldermen, violating,	-	4	3	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11
School laws, violating,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	6	-	9
Stealing a ride,	1	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Street, obstructing,	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Stubbornness,	-	8	6	19	26	36	31	25	15	1	-	-	-	-	-	167
Threats,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	7	1	1	13
Throwing missiles,	6	6	1	4	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20
Trespass,	6	31	14	5	7	7	4	1	-	2	-	6	3	-	1	87

Showing Ages of Persons, etc. — Concluded.

CRIMES.	AGES.															Totals.
	Under 10 Years.	10 to 12 Years.	13 Years.	14 Years.	15 Years.	16 Years.	17 Years.	18 Years.	19 Years.	20 Years.	21 Years.	22 to 30 Years.	31 to 40 Years.	41 to 50 Years.	Over 50 Years.	
Truancy,	11	41	22	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	-	-	76
Unlawful use of horse,	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	3	-	-	7
Vagabonds,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2
Vagrants,	-	1	-	2	2	2	3	6	4	1	-	12	3	1	-	42
Walking on railroad,	4	9	-	-	2	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	3	-	16
Miscellaneous,	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	2	1	-	-	2	2	-	-	11
Totals,	108	368	179	158	149	147	149	158	151	138	178	1,974	2,474	1,571	*888	8,790

* Includes 7 whose ages were unknown.

Results in Probation Cases reported during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

COURTS.	Number surrendered to the Court for violating the Terms of Probation.	Number disappeared and defaulted.	Number arrested for New Offenses during Probation.	Number who had their Probation extended.	Number of Cases on File or discharged at Expiration of Probation.
MUNICIPAL.					
Boston,	317	295	1	49	1,165
Brighton,	-	1	2	1	23
Charlestown,	8	28	9	4	29
Dorchester,	2	10	-	16	47
East Boston,*	21	-	24	-	165
Roxbury,	35	7	1	-	245
South Boston,	12	-	1	-	223
West Roxbury,	5	13	2	36	52
Brookline,	3	5	-	2	44
POLICE.					
Brockton,	14	23	-	-	14
Chelsea,	32	-	1	-	283
Chicopee,	3	-	4	-	36
Fitchburg,	20	13	-	4	146
Holyoke,	7	-	12	2	111
Lawrence,	3	-	25	-	40
Lee,	-	-	5	44	20
Lowell,	54	-	1	10	25
Lynn,	13	8	5	3	65
Marlborough,	-	-	-	-	4
Newburyport,	-	-	-	-	12
Newton,	4	7	2	25	110
Somerville,	10	21	4	36	131
Springfield,	16	3	2	13	292
Williamstown,	-	-	-	-	4
DISTRICT.					
Barnstable, First,	-	-	-	-	-
" Second,	-	-	-	-	29
Berkshire, Central,	-	-	1	1	19
" Northern,	1	20	-	4	70
" Southern,	-	1	-	-	15
" Fourth,	3	-	1	-	34

* This is a district court, but for convenience it is put with the other Boston courts.

Results in Probation Cases, etc. — Concluded.

COURTS.	Number surrendered to the Court for violating the Terms of Probation.	Number disappeared and defaulted.	Number arrested for New Offences during Probation.	Number who had their Probation extended.	Number of Cases on File or Discharged at Expiration of Probation.
DISTRICT — Con.					
Bristol, First,	-	-	12	-	43
" Second,	45	50	3	-	395
" Third,	5	9	-	29	60
" Fourth,	6	5	1	2	26
Dukes County,	-	-	-	-	5
Essex, First,	1	-	13	-	322
" Second,	3	5	3	1	17
" Northern (Central),	4	1	-	11	171
" Eastern,	4	5	8	3	147
Franklin,	1	-	-	8	6
" Eastern,	-	-	-	-	-
Hampden, Eastern,	1	3	2	-	58
" Western,	5	-	-	6	8
Hampshire,	3	-	1	-	31
" Eastern,	-	2	-	6	16
Middlesex, Central,	-	2	2	1	94
" First Northern,	2	-	1	-	9
" First Eastern,	6	5	4	24	73
" Second Eastern,	12	2	1	6	57
" Third Eastern,	17	9	3	33	155
" Fourth Eastern,	3	-	1	18	38
" First Southern,	1	2	2	1	11
Norfolk, Northern,	6	6	1	11	74
" East,	6	1	-	7	80
" Southern,	2	2	-	-	59
" Western,	3	5	1	4	39
Plymouth, Second,	-	-	-	-	-
" Third,	-	5	-	-	77
" Fourth,	-	-	-	-	-
Worcester, Central,	8	-	-	345	20
" First Northern,	1	-	1	2	22
" First Eastern,	-	3	2	6	15
" Second Eastern,	3	13	9	27	44
" First Southern,	1	17	-	63	31
" Second Southern,	-	-	1	29	18
" Third Southern,	3	-	-	-	51
" Western,	-	1	-	8	2
Winchendon,	-	1	-	-	6
Totals,	734	604	177	896	5,782

SUSPENDED SENTENCE.

In the report of 1903 there was a slight reference to the French system of probation, wherein the court first imposes the sentence and then suspends execution of it and places the defendant in the custody of the probation officer. This procedure is authorized by section 1 of chapter 220 of the Revised Laws, but it has not yet been generally approved in the practice of the courts, although during the year this method has been more freely used in a few courts than heretofore. The Brockton police court and the Lowell police court seem to take the lead in this matter, and they report for the year 359 and 293 cases, respectively, which were disposed of by probation after the sentence had been imposed and suspended.

PROBATION IN SUPERIOR COURTS.

There are now ten officers holding their appointments from the superior courts, and all the counties have an officer for the superior court, except the four western courts of Berkshire, Franklin, Hampden and Hampshire, where there is no officer specially assigned to the probation work of the superior court. In addition to the court work of these officers, they are occasionally called upon to investigate the cases of persons under imprisonment, and may in their discretion recommend release, which can be granted by the county commissioners with the approval of the district attorney. Complete returns as to this part of the work have not been received, but the officer in the north Middlesex court reports that upon his recommendation 28 prisoners were released from the house of correction, and the other officer in Middlesex County says that 10 persons have been released on his recommendation. It is the custom in the superior court to make the probation indefinite, and one officer says that of the 204 now under his care, 85 have been on probation for three years and 63 for two years. It is stated in one of the reports that of the 134 probationers, 14 have been rearrested for new offences, and 29 have been surrendered to the court for violating the terms of their probation.

Showing Cases taken on Probation in the Superior Courts in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

CRIMES.	JURISDICTION IN COUNTIES.						
	Barnstable, Bristol, Dukes County and Nantucket.	Essex.	Middlesex.	Middlesex Northern.	Norfolk and Plymouth.	Suffolk.	Worcester.
Abandoning child,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Abuse of female child,	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Adultery,	17	7	-	4	2	3	11
Arson,	-	-	-	-	4	4	-
Assault,	-	1	1	1	2	-	5
Assault to rape,	-	-	-	1	1	2	1
Assault to rob,	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
Assault with dangerous weapon,	-	2	-	1	1	1	-
Assault and battery,	5	7	-	5	-	30	4
Breaking and entering,	2	39	10	13	22	102	18
Breaking and entering railroad car,	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Breaking and entering and larceny,	10	1	2	12	-	16	-
Carnal abuse,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Common night-walker,	4	-	-	-	-	34	-
Concealing mortgaged or leased property,	-	-	-	-	1	1	-
Conspiracy,	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Conspiracy to burn building,	-	-	-	6	-	-	-
Cruelty to animals,	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Disorderly house, keeping,	1	-	-	1	1	3	-
Disturbing the peace,	36	1	-	-	2	2	1
Drunkenness,	36	29	11	64	38	400	22
Embezzlement,	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
False affidavit, making,	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
False pretences,	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Forgery and uttering,	3	4	-	-	1	5	1
Game laws, violating,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Gaming,	5	3	-	-	1	-	-
Idle and disorderly,	5	-	-	-	-	35	-
Larceny,	10	21	7	15	5	86	16
Larceny from person,	-	2	-	1	-	4	3
Larceny in building,	3	3	2	-	-	4	-
Larceny in railroad car,	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Lewd cohabitation,	3	1	-	-	-	12	4
Lewdness,	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Liquor laws, violating,	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Lord's Day, violating,	-	-	-	2	-	1	-
Lottery tickets, selling,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Malignant burning,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Malignant mischief,	-	-	-	-	-	10	4
Manlaughter,	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Neglect of family,	1	-	-	2	-	9	1
Pay-slips, padding,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Perjury,	1	-	-	-	-	1	-
Physician, practising illegally,	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Polygamy,	-	1	-	-	1	1	-
Rape,	1	-	-	-	1	1	1
Receiving stolen goods,	1	1	-	2	-	2	-
Robbery,	-	-	-	-	-	2	1
School laws, violating,	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Stubbornness,	1	-	-	-	-	6	-
Threats,	-	-	-	1	-	3	-
Trespass,	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
Truancy,	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Unlawful use of team,	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unnatural act,	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
Vagrants,	-	-	-	-	-	19	1
Totals,	107	125	35	134	83	808	110
							1,402

CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS.

From reports of criminal cases that have been received from all the courts for the year ending Sept. 30, 1904, as provided by section 6 of chapter 222 of the Revised Laws, the following statistics of criminal prosecutions have been prepared. In the report of last year, reference was made to the establishment of the Fourth District Court of Bristol. The reports from this court date from Jan. 1, 1904, to Sept. 30, 1904. By chapter 372 of the Acts of 1904 the District Court of Winchendon was established, and the first session of this court was held July 1, 1904. The returns of criminal cases for the three months ending September 30 are included in the tables for the present year.

Chapter 259 of the Acts of 1904 provides that the towns of Ashburnham, Lunenburg and Princeton be annexed to and made a part of the judicial district of the police court of Fitchburg. Chapter 264 of the Acts of 1904 provides that the towns of Tewksbury, Billerica, Dracut, Chelmsford, Dunstable and Tyngsborough, in the county of Middlesex, be annexed to and made a part of the judicial district and subject to the jurisdiction of the police court of Lowell.

TRIALS FOR MURDER.

In the tables of statistics all the cases of murder that were before the courts during the year ending Sept. 30, 1904, have been included. The details concerning the trials for murder are set forth in the following paragraphs:—

GEORGE WILLIAM HERBERT, *alias* Gottlieb W. Huber, *alias* Gottlieb William Huber, was indicted in Berkshire County, Jan. 15, 1903, for the murder of Gertrude Ottillie Bertha Rentel, *alias* Huber, on Sept. 14, 1902, in the town of Monterey. Upon being brought to trial the defendant pleaded guilty of murder in the second degree. This plea being accepted by the government, Herbert was, on Jan. 22, 1904, sentenced to the State Prison for life.

ANGLES SNELL was indicted in Bristol County, Nov. 6, 1903, for the murder of Tillinghast Kirby in the town of Westport. The defendant was brought to trial Sept. 6, 1904, and on Sept. 15, 1904,

a verdict of guilty was found. The case has been carried to the Supreme Judicial Court on exceptions which have not yet been decided.

JOHN E. GALLAGHER was indicted in Bristol County, Feb. 8, 1904, for the murder, in the second degree, of Joseph F. McMahon, on Nov. 21, 1899, in the city of Taunton. The defendant was brought to trial Feb. 15, 1904; on the following day he was found guilty of murder in the second degree, and was sentenced to the State Prison for life.

PANTELOS CALAVUTINOS was indicted in Bristol County, June 9, 1904, for the murder, in the second degree, of Constantine Chipouras, in the city of Taunton. The defendant was brought to trial June 20, 1904, and on June 23, 1904, the jury returned a disagreement and was discharged.

NICOLO FIORE was indicted in Essex County, Jan. 16, 1903, for the murder of Benedetto D'Pietro, on Dec. 3, 1902, in the city of Haverhill. Upon being brought to trial, Feb. 2, 1903, the defendant pleaded not guilty. The case was continued until the October term of the same year, when the defendant was indicted for manslaughter and pleaded guilty; he was, on Oct. 15, 1903, sentenced to the State Prison for a term of not less than fourteen nor more than seventeen years.

ANDREAS SAMICZKI, *alias*, was indicted in Hampden County, Sept. 25, 1902, for the murder of Anna Samiczki, on Sept. 14, 1902, in the town of Southwick. On Dec. 29, 1903, the defendant retracted a former plea of not guilty, and pleaded guilty of murder in the second degree. This plea being accepted by the government, Samiczki was thereupon sentenced to the State Prison for life.

CONSTANT KROBECK was indicted in Norfolk County, April 8, 1903, for the murder, in the second degree, of Fred A. Peterson, on March 15, 1903, in the city of Quincy. Upon being brought to trial, Dec. 18, 1903, the defendant pleaded guilty of murder in the second degree. This plea having been accepted by the government, he was, on Jan. 4, 1904, sentenced to the State Prison for life.

ROSARIO DISANO was indicted in Norfolk County, April 8, 1904, for the murder, in the second degree, of Hiram H. Poole, on Aug. 2, 1903, in the town of Canton. Upon being brought to trial, April 28, 1904, the defendant pleaded guilty of murder in the second degree, and the government accepting this plea, Disano was sentenced to the State Prison for life.

SELMA AKERSON was indicted in Norfolk County, Dec. 9, 1903, for the murder of her infant child on Sept. 10, 1903, in the city of Quincy. Upon being brought to trial the defendant pleaded guilty of manslaughter. This plea having been accepted by the government, she was, on April 5, 1904, sentenced to the Reformatory Prison for Women.

BESSIE L. MOODY was indicted in Norfolk County, Sept. 9, 1904, for the murder, in the second degree, of her infant child, on May 26, 1904, in the city of Quincy. Upon being brought to trial the defendant pleaded guilty of manslaughter, which plea was accepted by the government, and she was, on Sept. 23, 1904, sentenced to the house of correction for one year.

EMIDIO DE LUCCA was indicted in Norfolk County, Sept. 11, 1903, for the murder, in the second degree, of Domenico Mangini, on July 2, 1903, in the town of Stoughton. The defendant was brought to trial Dec. 28, 1903, and a verdict of not guilty was found.

CYRUS L. RYAN was indicted in Plymouth County, Feb. 4, 1904, for the murder of Soo Hoo Yee Yoke, on Jan. 28, 1904, in the town of Hanover. The defendant was brought to trial June 6, 1904, when he pleaded guilty of murder in the second degree. This plea having been accepted by the government, Ryan was, on June 15, 1904, sentenced to the State Prison for life.

JOHN MARROTTA was indicted in Suffolk County, June 6, 1903, for the murder of Katherine J. Keenan, on April 6, 1903, in the city of Boston. When brought to trial, Oct. 27, 1903, the defendant pleaded guilty of manslaughter, and upon the following day was sentenced to the State Prison for a term of not less than ten nor more than thirteen years.

EMANUEL T. BURNETT was indicted in Suffolk County, April 9, 1904, for the murder of Martha Chandler, *alias* Mattie Burnett, on March 23, 1904, in the city of Boston. Upon being brought to trial the defendant pleaded guilty of murder in the second degree. This plea was accepted by the government, and on May 20, 1904, Burnett was sentenced to the State Prison for life.

RAY C. JOHNSON was indicted in Suffolk County on Feb. 6, 1904, for the murder of Sarah A. Peters at Boston, on Jan. 5, 1904. When brought to trial, on June 27, 1904, the charge of murder in the first degree was *nol pros'd*, and Johnson was tried for murder in the second degree. The jury returned a verdict of guilty, and on July 2, 1904, Johnson was sentenced to the State Prison for life. Pending exceptions taken at the trial, the execution of the sentence was stayed.

ALMA A. LOVELY was indicted in Worcester County, May 11, 1904, for the murder, in the second degree, of a male infant, on Jan. 15, 1904, in the town of Sterling. Upon being brought to trial the defendant pleaded guilty of manslaughter. The plea having been accepted by the government, she was, on Aug. 24, 1904, sentenced to the Reformatory Prison for Women.

Summarizing the above it will be seen that there have been sixteen cases of murder brought to trial during the year. Six of the sixteen defendants pleaded guilty of murder in the second degree, two were tried and found guilty of murder in the second degree, and all were sentenced to the State Prison for life. Five pleaded guilty of manslaughter; of this number, two were sentenced to the Reformatory Prison for Women, and two to the State Prison for long terms, and one received a sentence of one year in the house of correction. In one case the jury disagreed; one was found not guilty, and one case is still pending the final decision of the court on exceptions taken at the trial.

CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS IN SUPERIOR COURTS.

Statement of Criminal Cases Pending in the Superior Courts Oct. 1, 1903, and of such Cases Begun in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

COUNTIES.	1. — CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON.			2. — CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY.			3. — CRIMES AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.			AGGREGATES.		
	Cases pending Oct. 1, 1903.	Cases begun.	Totals.	Cases pending Oct. 1, 1903.	Cases begun.	Totals.	Cases pending Oct. 1, 1903.	Cases begun.	Totals.	Cases pending Oct. 1, 1903.	Cases begun.	Totals.
Barnstable,	14	2	16	26	11	37	24	7	31	64	20	84
Berkshire,	12	42	54	21	51	72	26	59	85	58	152	210
Bristol,	121	68	189	174	101	275	463	232	695	748	401	1,149
Dukes County, . . .	3	1	4	7	14	21	6	1	7	16	16	31
Essex,	124	134	258	112	196	308	191	311	502	427	641	1,068
Franklin,	5	8	13	9	17	26	22	14	36	36	39	75
Hampden,	9	36	45	44	67	111	61	48	109	114	151	265
Hampshire,	4	12	16	5	20	25	36	36	72	45	68	113
Middlesex,	9	119	128	19	243	262	61	361	422	89	713	802
Nantucket,	2	1	3	2	2	4	2	2	4	6	5	11
Norfolk,	23	88	111	37	88	125	44	111	155	104	237	341
Plymouth,	20	46	66	18	49	67	113	192	305	151	287	438
Suffolk,	35	458	493	83	891	974	123	1,832	1,955	241	3,181	3,422
Worcester,	12	115	127	9	199	208	44	464	508	65	748	813
Totals,	393	1,080	1,473	564	1,919	2,483	1,206	3,660	4,866	2,163	6,659	8,822

Statement of Criminal Cases commenced before the Grand Jury, and of such Cases coming to the Superior Courts by Appeal in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

COUNTIES.	1. — CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON.			2. — CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY.			3. — CRIMES AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.			AGGREGATES.		
	Grand Jury Cases.	Appealed Cases.	Totals.	Grand Jury Cases.	Appealed Cases.	Totals.	Grand Jury Cases.	Appealed Cases.	Totals.	Grand Jury Cases.	Appealed Cases.	Totals.
Barnstable,	2	-	2	11	-	11	5	2	7	18	2	20
Berkshire,	38	9	47	43	8	51	26	33	59	102	50	152
Bristol,	22	46	68	63	38	101	46	186	232	131	270	401
Dukes County, . . .	1	1	2	14	-	14	-	1	1	14	2	16
Essex,	72	62	134	164	32	196	69	242	311	305	336	641
Franklin,	7	1	8	15	2	17	7	7	14	29	10	39
Hampden,	27	9	36	62	5	67	22	26	48	111	40	151
Hampshire,	9	3	12	18	7	25	7	29	36	29	39	68
Middlesex,	58	61	119	185	58	243	56	295	351	299	414	713
Nantucket,	1	-	1	2	-	2	1	1	2	4	1	5
Norfolk,	15	23	38	75	13	88	21	90	111	111	126	237
Plymouth,	25	21	46	43	6	49	23	169	192	91	196	287
Suffolk,	188	270	458	571	320	891	175	1,657	1,832	934	2,247	3,181
Worcester,	46	69	115	117	52	169	52	412	464	215	533	748
Totals,	505	575	1,080	1,378	541	1,919	510	3,150	3,660	2,393	4,266	6,659

CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS IN SUPERIOR COURTS — *Continued.*

Table showing the Crimes in Cases *Pending* Oct. 1, 1903, and Cases *Begun* in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904, in the Superior Courts.

CRIMES.	COUNTIES.														Totals.
	Barnstable.	Berkshire.	Bristol.	Dukes Co.	Essex.	Franklin.	Hampden.	Hampshire.	Middlesex.	Nantucket.	Norfolk.	Plymouth.	Suffolk.	Worcester.	
1. — AGAINST THE PERSON.															
Abandoning child,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
Abuse of female child,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	5	-	-	-	13	-	20
Accessory after fact to murder, .	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Assault,	16	135	8	162	7	20	6	71	2	30	40	8	42	542	
Assault, felonious,	13	32	24	1	19	2	7	6	31	8	15	101	13	272	
Assault and battery,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	267	
Blackmail,	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	
Boxing matches, giving and aid- ing,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	10	
Confining or putting in fear to steal,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	
Conspiracy,	1	-	4	-	25	-	2	-	8	2	-	2	-	44	
Kidnapping,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	4	-	3	9	
Libel,	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	
Manslaughter,	-	1	2	-	6	-	-	1	1	-	4	1	7	12	35
Mayhem,	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2
Murder,	-	1	5	-	-	1	2	-	-	7	2	16	3	37	
Poisoning,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Prize-fighting,	-	-	-	-	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	19
Rape,	-	2	11	-	7	1	1	-	-	-	4	2	7	8	43
Robbery and attempt,	1	2	5	-	12	1	11	-	8	-	1	5	70	10	126
Threats,	1	-	1	-	5	1	-	2	2	-	1	1	15	2	31
Throwing missiles,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	4
Totals,	16	54	189	4	258	13	45	16	128	3	61	66	493	127	1,473
2. — AGAINST PROPERTY.															
Arson and attempt,	-	4	5	-	6	1	5	1	8	-	17	3	3	1	54
Attempt to procure railroad tick- ets to be stamped,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	6
Breaking and entering,	21	28	102	10	107	4	55	11	123	1	65	27	298	67	919
Breaking and entering and lar- ceny,	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	6
Breaking glass,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	-	16
Burglar's tools, having,	8	-	-	-	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	15
Burglary,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	-	17
Burning insured property, . . .	-	-	1	-	-	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	6
Burning wood,	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Defacing buildings,	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3
Defrauding boarding-house or inn keeper,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Destroying trees,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Electricity, unlawful diversion of,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Embezzlement,	-	-	2	-	-	1	4	-	1	-	3	3	-	-	14
Entering building to steal, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3
Evading fare,	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	3	-	6
Fraud, cheating and false pre- tences,	-	-	1	1	3	-	1	-	1	-	3	2	-	-	12
Larceny,	6	31	131	9	159	10	29	11	107	1	31	28	559	65	1,177
Larceny from person,	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3
Larceny in building,	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	15
Malicious mischief,	1	3	10	-	10	1	3	-	9	-	1	1	14	11	64
Receiving stolen goods,	-	3	6	-	8	2	4	-	3	-	1	2	14	5	48
Registered bottles and cans, ille- gal use of,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	6
Selling mortgaged or leased prop- erty,	1	-	4	1	1	-	-	-	5	-	1	6	2	2	21
Selling property held on condi- tional contract,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Stealing a ride,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Timber, cutting, unlawfully, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	2

CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS IN SUPERIOR COURTS — Continued.
Cases Pending and Begun in the Superior Courts — Continued.

CRIMES.	COUNTIES.															Totals.
	Barnstable.	Berkshire.	Bristol.	Dukes Co.	Essex.	Franklin.	Hampden.	Hampshire.	Middlesex.	Nantucket.	Norfolk.	Plymouth.	Suffolk.	Worcester.		
2. — AGAINST PROPERTY																
— Con																
Trade-marks, unlawful use of, . .	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	
Trespass,	-	-	7	-	5	-	8	-	3	-	4	-	22	2	51	
Unlawful taking,	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	5	
Unlawful use of team,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	4	
Totals,	37	72	275	21	308	26	111	25	262	2	125	67	974	178	2,483	
3. — AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.																
ABORTION.																
Abortion,	-	1	8	-	7	-	2	-	-	1	-	-	8	6	33	
Admitting minor to pool-room, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	
Adulterating food,	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	
Adultery,	7	7	49	-	42	2	12	1	30	-	14	13	35	31	243	
Advertising, unlawfully,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	
Affray,	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	6	
Attempt to desert vessel,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	
Attorney, practising illegally as, .	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	3	
Bestiality,	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	5	
Bigamy,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Bonfires, making,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	2	
Bribery and accessory,	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	5	
Building laws, violating,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	
Caucus and election laws, violating.	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	16	-	18	
Cigarettes, selling, to minors, . .	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	
City ordinance or town by-laws, violating.	1	-	3	-	16	-	2	-	5	-	3	3	63	5	101	
Cock-fighting,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	
Common night-walker,	-	-	15	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67	-	83	
Common nuisance,	-	1	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	5	-	10	
Common railer and brawler, . . .	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	4	-	6	
Common victualler, unlicensed, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	
Corporation laws, violating, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	
Counterfeiting,	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	
Cruelty to animals,	1	2	8	-	4	-	1	1	3	-	-	6	13	5	44	
Dangerous weapons, armed with, when arrested.	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	4	
Default on recognizance,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	1	4	
Disorderly house, keeping,	-	2	8	-	4	1	-	-	2	-	1	-	9	4	31	
Disorderly in public conveyance, . .	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	9	2	19	
Disturbing a meeting,	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	5	
Disturbing the peace,	-	2	47	-	21	3	1	2	25	-	4	9	21	18	153	
Dog, keeping, unlicensed,	-	-	5	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	
Drug laws, violating,	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	
Drunkenness,	29	221	-	-	173	12	16	43	158	-	30	92	1,041	237	2,062	
Enticing seamen to desert,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	
Escape,	-	1	-	-	6	2	-	1	2	-	3	1	-	-	16	
False fire-alarm, giving,	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	
False measures, using,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	2	
False oath, taking,	-	-	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	
False statements, giving,	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	4	
Fish and game laws, violating, . .	2	-	9	-	9	-	2	-	-	-	1	11	-	8	42	
Food laws, violating,	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	21	
Forgery and uttering,	1	6	29	2	13	-	9	1	6	-	4	5	48	8	132	
Fornication,	-	1	5	-	4	-	1	-	1	-	-	1	16	8	37	
Gaming and present at,	-	1	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	24	2	44	
Great seal of Commonwealth, using, for commercial purpose.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	
Health laws, violating,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	3	-	4	
Highway, obstructing,	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	
Hotel or lodging-house, keeping, unlicensed.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	2	
House of ill-fame, conspiring to send women to.	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	

CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS IN SUPERIOR COURTS — *Continued.**Cases Pending and Begun in the Superior Courts — Concluded.*

CRIMES.	COUNTIES.											
	Barnstable.	Berkshire.	Bristol.	Dukes Co.	Essex.	Franklin.	Hampden.	Hampshire.	Middlesex.	Nantucket.	Norfolk.	Plymouth.
3. — AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC. — Con.	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
House of ill-fame, keeping,	-	1	19	-	10	-	-	-	2	-	1	-
Idle and disorderly,	-	1	7	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-
Incest,	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Indecent exposure,	-	1	7	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-
Inducing women to immorality,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance laws, violating,	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
Junk dealer, unlicensed,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Labor laws, violating,	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Lewd cohabitation,	1	1	19	-	14	4	3	6	8	-	-	33
Lewdness,	-	-	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
Liquor laws, violating,	11	7	99	1	86	4	46	7	91	3	58	111
Lord's Day, violating,	-	-	13	1	-	-	-	-	11	-	-	10
Lottery, advertising, etc.,	-	-	4	-	1	-	-	2	1	-	-	-
Marrying without authority,	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Milk laws, violating,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	6	-
Motor vehicle laws, violating,	-	2	-	-	3	-	1	-	4	-	-	-
Neglect of family,	-	1	27	1	7	1	8	2	14	-	1	7
Obscenity,	-	2	5	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	-
Officer, obstructing,	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Oleomargarine laws, violating,	-	3	10	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	23
Opium nuisance, keeping,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
Park rules, violating,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pawnbroker, unlicensed,	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	3	-	1	1
Peddling, unlicensed,	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Perjury,	1	-	6	-	1	1	-	-	3	-	4	1
Physician, unregistered,	-	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
Plenic grove, keeping, unlicensed,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Polygamy,	1	1	12	-	6	2	-	-	4	-	-	3
Profanity,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Railroad, obstructing,	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-
Rescue,	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
School laws, violating,	-	-	2	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
Seduction,	-	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sodomy and attempt,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Soliciting to corrupt juror,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stubbornness,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Trade laws, violating,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
Tramps,	-	-	1	-	3	1	-	-	-	-	3	-
Truancy,	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unlawful contract, making,	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unnatural act,	-	1	1	-	1	-	1	-	3	-	2	-
Vaccinated, refusing to be,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-
Vagabonds,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-
Vagrants,	-	5	8	-	11	-	1	-	2	-	9	-
Walking on railroad,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Totals,	31	84	685	6	502	38	109	72	412	6	155	305
											1,955	508
												4,866

RECAPITULATION.

1. — Against the person,	16	54	189	4	258	13	45	16	128	3	61	66	493	127	1,473
2. — Against property,	37	72	275	21	308	26	111	25	262	2	125	67	974	178	2,483
3. — Against public order, etc.,	31	84	685	6	502	38	109	72	412	6	155	305	1,955	508	4,866
Totals,	84	210	1,149	31	1,068	75	265	113	802	11	341	438	3,422	813	8,822

CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS IN SUPERIOR COURTS — *Concluded.*

Disposition of Criminal Cases Pending at the Beginning of the Year and of such Cases Begun in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904, in the Superior Courts.

COUNTIES.	Cases pending at Beginning of Year.	Cases begun during Year.	Indictments found.	No Indictments.	On File before Trial.	Not pros'd or quashed for informality.	Brought to Trial.	Pleas of Guilty.	Pleas of Nolo Contendere.	VERDICTS.			Sentences imposed.	On File after Trial.	Pending for Sentence.	Untried at Close of Year.	Defendants in Default.
										Guilty.	Not Guilty.	Disagreements.					
Barnstable, . . .	64	20	59	10	✓	✓	5	27	✓	4	1	1	6	✓	8	59	✓
Berkshire, . . .	58	152	103	23	65	✓	8	35	✓	20	15	1	51	✓	5	28	✓
Bristol, . . .	748	401	109	22	219	188	44	154	20	26	16	8	111	190	124	303	32
Dukes County, . .	15	16	14	✓	✓	1	2	12	✓	1	1	✓	5	✓	6	20	✓
Essex, . . .	427	641	277	28	103	35	81	310	15	60	17	1	240	✓	154	362	✓
Franklin, . . .	86	39	39	2	11	3	18	23	✓	12	3	3	21	2	12	18	✓
Hampden, . . .	114	151	93	17	73	34	✓	77	2	20	5	✓	80	2	21	37	3
Hampshire, . . .	45	68	✓	✓	11	2	8	24	✓	6	✓	2	25	22	21	37	9
Middlesex, . . .	89	713	273	26	45	81	66	556	9	38	29	✓	312	159	38	37	12
Nantucket, . . .	6	5	3	1	✓	✓	5	1	1	2	3	✓	2	✓	✓	✓	✓
Norfolk, . . .	104	237	101	10	119	24	37	90	6	17	16	1	82	4	29	58	11
Plymouth, . . .	151	287	85	6	23	77	101	12	12	63	19	6	151	39	8	98	2
Suffolk, . . .	241	3,181	649	208	398	199	374	2,031	19	265	146	10	1,248	265	107	182	80
Worcester, . . .	66	748	✓	✓	482	1	66	201	3	61	17	6	170	✓	2	110	37
Totals, . . .	2,168	6,659	1,805	348	1,550	549	818	3,682	86	575	288	37	2,504	666	526	1,328	191

*Disposition of Cases for Violation of **Liquor Laws**, commenced before the Grand Jury and coming to the Superior Courts by Appeal, in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.*

COUNTIES.	Cases pending at Beginning of Year.	Cases begun during Year.	Indictments found.	No Indictments.	On File before Trial.	Not pros'd or quashed for informality.	Brought to Trial.	Pleas of Guilty.	Pleas of Nolo Contendere.	VERDICTS.			Sentences imposed.	On File after Trial.	Pending for Sentence.	Untried at Close of Year.	Defendants in Default.
										Guilty.	Not Guilty.	Disagreements.					
Barnstable, . . .	10	1	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	3	✓	✓	✓	✓	1	✓	1	10	✓
Berkshire, . . .	2	5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	4	✓	✓	✓	✓	1	✓	✓	6	✓
Bristol, . . .	68	31	✓	8	5	1	6	8	✓	1	1	4	11	9	18	51	4
Dukes County, . .	1	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1	✓
Essex, . . .	47	39	✓	✓	10	5	6	27	✓	2	4	✓	21	✓	29	18	✓
Franklin, . . .	4	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1	✓	1	✓	1	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Hampden, . . .	38	8	✓	✓	1	31	✓	5	1	✓	✓	✓	9	✓	2	8	✓
Hampshire, . . .	3	4	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Middlesex, . . .	29	62	✓	✓	✓	✓	23	38	✓	11	12	✓	34	19	15	11	✓
Nantucket, . . .	3	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	3	1	1	2	1	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Norfolk, . . .	19	39	✓	✓	10	1	13	17	1	5	7	1	25	1	4	11	6
Plymouth, . . .	84	77	1	✓	✓	✓	36	17	6	22	13	1	54	7	1	28	✓
Suffolk, . . .	22	101	✓	✓	1	4	54	45	1	11	45	1	56	10	10	12	5
Worcester, . . .	13	95	✓	✓	42	✓	24	30	1	21	8	✓	44	✓	✓	8	✓
Totals, . . .	298	462	1	3	69	44	167	197	13	76	91	8	261	46	80	164	23

CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS IN LOWER COURTS.

Number of Cases Begun in Municipal, Police and District Courts, and before Trial Justices, in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

CRIMES.	COUNTIES.														Totals.
	Barnstable.	Berkshire.	Bristol.	Dukes Co.	Essex.	Franklin.	Hampden.	Hampshire.	Middlesex.	Nantucket.	Norfolk.	Plymouth.	Suffolk.	Worcester.	
1. — AGAINST THE PERSON.															
Abandoning child, . . .	-	6	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	-	1	4	1	16
Abuse of female child, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	14
Administering a drug, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Assault, felonious, . . .	1	21	5	-	22	3	4	2	38	-	6	14	55	7	178
Assault and battery, . . .	40	262	63	13	1,305	67	415	81	987	4	394	286	2,816	769	8,070
Blackmail, . . .	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	5
Boxing matches, giving, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	5	-	14
Carnal knowledge of female child, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Confining and putting in fear, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Conspiracy, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	8
Habeas corpus, . . .	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	10
Intimidation, . . .	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Libel, . . .	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	5
Manslaughter, . . .	-	2	3	-	1	-	2	1	5	-	1	-	6	7	23
Mayhem, . . .	-	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	5
Murder and accessory, . .	-	-	1	-	3	-	1	-	1	-	2	2	18	2	30
Rape and attempt, . . .	1	5	6	-	5	4	5	2	4	-	5	2	15	12	66
Robbery, . . .	-	-	3	-	15	-	1	3	12	-	3	6	127	6	176
Threats, . . .	-	8	10	-	39	-	5	-	59	2	23	7	85	32	270
Throwing missiles, . . .	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	10	-	17
Totals, . . .	42	304	663	13	1,401	74	436	89	1,121	6	436	320	3,174	837	8,916
2. — AGAINST PROPERTY.															
Arson, . . .	1	1	13	-	3	7	6	3	7	-	17	7	13	7	85
Breaking and entering, . .	24	16	126	9	215	-	80	13	214	1	78	71	738	59	1,644
Breaking and entering and larceny, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Breaking glass, . . .	-	9	-	-	-	-	10	-	25	-	-	7	16	30	97
Burglary, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Burning insured property, .	-	1	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Burning woods, . . .	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	6
Concealing or conveying property held on conditional contract of sale, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	-	30
Concealing or selling mortgaged or leased property, . .	-	6	13	-	11	-	3	-	25	-	2	8	81	10	109
Cutting public shade trees, .	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	5	-	-	-	-	-	7
Cutting woods, . . .	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Defacing buildings, . . .	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	6
Defrauding boarding-house or inn keeper, . . .	-	2	-	-	4	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	8
Embezzlement, . . .	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	3	1	1	12
Evading fare, . . .	-	2	29	-	22	5	1	1	15	-	21	7	33	35	171
Exposing poison to animals, .	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Extortion, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
False entries in corporation book, . . .	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
False pretences, . . .	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Fraud, . . .	-	8	12	-	28	4	-	3	22	-	9	4	8	19	117
Fraudulent use of transfer, .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Gas meter, disconnecting, unlawfully, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Larceny, . . .	18	153	629	14	788	43	408	53	1,186	1	275	174	3,344	728	7,814
Malevolent mischief, . . .	3	81	102	3	155	8	33	3	160	-	61	17	309	136	1,021
Receiving stolen goods, . .	-	2	11	-	15	1	14	2	24	-	2	6	44	16	136
Refusing to labor after food and lodging at almshouse, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Registered bottles and cans, illegal use of, . . .	-	-	-	-	16	-	-	-	38	-	17	-	37	4	112

CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS IN LOWER COURTS — *Continued.**Number of Cases Begun in Municipal, etc., Courts, etc. — Continued.*

CRIMES.	COUNTIES.														Totals.
	Barnstable.	Berkshire.	Bristol.	Dukes Co.	Essex.	Franklin.	Hampden.	Hampshire.	Middlesex.	Nantucket.	Norfolk.	Plymouth.	Suffolk.	Worcester.	
2. — AGAINST PROPERTY															
— Con.															
Removing baggage, unlawfully.	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	16	-	-	-	-	-	18
Stealing a ride,	-	2	8	-	3	-	11	-	1	-	-	1	4	-	30
Trade-marks, illegal use of,	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Trespass,	1	27	34	1	91	3	24	6	162	1	75	15	251	67	758
Unlawful taking,	-	2	19	-	12	2	2	-	25	-	10	-	59	3	134
Unlawful use of horse and team.	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	6
Totals,	47	266	1,000	27	1,374	75	601	85	1,936	3	567	319	4,926	1,120	12,346
3. — AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.															
Abduction,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	4
Abortion and accessory, .	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	8	18
Admitting minor to pool-room.	-	-	2	-	4	-	-	-	3	-	4	4	16	4	36
Adulterating food, . . .	-	-	-	5	12	-	18	-	52	-	6	1	130	7	231
Adultery,	3	15	30	3	53	1	13	7	41	-	12	27	58	43	306
Affray,	-	9	-	-	1	-	-	4	-	-	1	4	33	9	61
Attorney, practising illegally as.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
Auctioneer, unlicensed, .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2
Bastardy,	6	14	48	-	41	2	8	1	86	-	20	15	104	72	417
Bicycle laws, violating, .	-	3	13	-	13	-	3	-	7	-	4	6	-	3	52
Bonfires, making, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	13	-	26	2	48
Bread laws, violating, .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	10	-	11
Building laws, violating, .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2
Burial laws, violating, .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	6	-	1	8
Butter laws, violating, .	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	16
Cattle laws, violating, .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	3
Caucus and election laws, violating.	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	28	-	32
Cemetery, desecrating, .	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Cigarettes, selling, to minors.	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	10	1	17
City ordinance or town by-laws, violating.	3	36	113	-	169	2	110	-	276	-	82	104	1,401	132	2,428
Coal and coke, selling, unlicensed.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Common night-walker, .	-	4	27	-	9	-	4	-	-	1	-	1	194	1	241
Common nuisance, keeping.	-	-	25	-	5	-	2	-	-	-	-	6	62	3	103
Common rafter and brawler, concealing birth or death of child.	-	-	2	-	3	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	10	-	19
Contempt of court, . . .	-	10	8	-	3	-	1	-	4	-	-	2	19	2	49
Contempt of U S flag, .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Conveying tools to house of correction,	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Counterfeiting,	-	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	1	8
Cruelty to animals, . . .	5	12	33	1	54	6	9	4	44	8	28	14	130	35	378
Dangerous dog, keeping, .	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	4	-	2	-	-	-	15
Dangerous weapon, armed with, when arrested.	-	5	2	-	9	-	2	1	4	-	3	3	8	10	47
Detention of tax accounts, Disorderly house, keeping, Disorderly in public conveyance.	-	8	23	-	23	2	11	-	10	-	2	1	22	12	114
Disturbing a meeting, .	-	-	6	-	34	-	18	4	18	-	35	-	11	-	119
Disturbing the peace, . .	-	4	6	-	9	-	-	-	7	-	5	-	1	-	33
Dog, keeping, unlicensed, .	7	214	516	6	282	36	144	24	558	-	240	175	208	451	2,861
Drunkenness,	2	7	18	-	15	2	4	2	47	-	5	5	24	16	147
Eavesdropping,	16	1,959	4,864	20	8,653	237	3,259	532	9,414	10	1,527	2,110	34,516	6,103	73,210

CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS IN LOWER COURTS — *Continued.**Number of Cases Begun in Municipal, etc., Courts, etc. — Continued.*

CRIMES.	COUNTIES.														Totals.
	Barnstable.	Berkshire.	Bristol.	Dukes Co.	Essex.	Franklin.	Hampden.	Hampshire.	Middlesex.	Nantucket.	Norfolk.	Plymouth.	Suffolk.	Worcester.	
3. — AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC. — Con.															
Engineer, unlicensed, . .	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	1	2
Escape,	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	4	1	6	-	27
Explosives, keeping and selling, illegally, . .	-	-	-	-	13	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	15
False affidavit of assessment of poll tax, . .	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
False fire-alarm, giving, . .	-	-	2	-	5	-	1	2	3	-	1	2	1	-	17
False measures, using, . .	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	4
Fast driving,	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Ferry, operating, unlawfully,	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Firearms, selling, to minors, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Fireworks, discharging, unlawfully,	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	5
Fish and game laws, violating, . .	4	9	55	6	16	3	17	3	19	-	15	10	8	37	202
Food laws, violating, . .	-	-	64	-	8	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	78
Forgery and uttering, . .	1	1	6	-	5	2	8	2	12	-	1	6	64	2	110
Fornication,	1	16	60	1	28	-	62	5	37	-	-	5	222	40	477
Fugitives from justice, . .	-	-	-	-	1	-	6	1	6	-	-	-	12	-	26
Funeral proceedings, interrupting, . .	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Gaming and present at, . .	2	19	120	-	402	3	31	-	77	-	47	134	699	17	1,551
Giving liquor to prisoner, . .	-	1	-	-	2	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	6
Harbor laws, violating, . .	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Health laws, violating, . .	-	10	25	-	10	-	5	-	39	-	6	-	6	-	101
Highway, obstructing, . .	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Hotel, keeping, unlicensed, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2
House of ill-fame, keeping, . .	-	-	2	-	2	-	1	-	3	-	2	20	1	-	31
Idle and disorderly, . .	-	6	54	-	103	1	-	-	25	-	15	4	218	11	437
Incest,	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	1	2	-	-	-	2	-	8
Indecent exposure, . .	-	5	12	2	15	4	6	-	15	-	3	5	36	16	119
Indecent language, . .	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Inducing women to immorality,	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Inspection and sale of articles, violating, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	9
Insurance laws, violating, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	3
Junk dealer, unlicensed, . .	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	4	-	8
Labor laws, violating, . .	-	4	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	8	24
Lewd cohabitation, . .	1	-	14	1	15	2	9	4	13	-	-	4	51	12	126
Lewdness,	-	5	39	-	95	2	1	-	23	-	5	11	8	11	200
Liquor laws, violating, . .	3	23	83	4	173	3	62	8	505	-	117	256	268	213	1,718
Lobster laws, violating, . .	-	-	4	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	12	-	35
Lottering around railroad station,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	4
Lord's Day, violating, . .	-	7	90	-	75	-	44	-	240	-	40	124	991	151	1,762
Lottery and advertising, . .	-	1	1	-	2	-	-	-	3	-	-	12	45	-	64
Lying in hospital, keeping, unlicensed,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Marriage laws, violating, . .	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	5
Milk laws, violating, . .	-	-	-	-	11	-	3	-	4	-	1	9	187	2	217
Motor vehicle laws, violating, . .	-	-	-	-	107	-	29	-	219	-	33	86	109	8	591
Neglect of family, . . .	4	37	211	1	160	4	57	6	268	-	56	62	394	115	1,375
Obcenity,	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	4	-	1	2	23	8	35
Officer, assuming to be, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	2	6
Officer, obstructing, . .	-	1	1	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	6
Oleomargarine laws, violating,	-	1	24	-	21	-	-	1	14	-	5	8	21	47	142
Optum laws, violating, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	-	14
Park rules, violating, . .	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	36	-	85	34	29	1	186
Pawnbroker, unlicensed, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Peddling, unlicensed, . .	-	7	11	-	45	-	21	1	63	-	10	11	39	19	237
Perjury,	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	1	-	2	-	21	1	28

CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS IN LOWER COURTS — *Continued.**Number of Cases Begun in Municipal, etc., Courts, etc. — Concluded.*

CRIMES.	COUNTIES.														Totals.
	Barnstable.	Berkshire.	Bristol.	Dukes Co.	Essex.	Franklin.	Hampden.	Hampshire.	Middlesex.	Nantucket.	Norfolk.	Plymouth.	Suffolk.	Worcester.	
3. — AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC. — Con.															
Physician, unregistered, . .	-	-	3	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	8
Pilot, unlicensed,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	4
Polygamy,	-	-	6	-	3	-	-	-	5	-	-	1	12	4	31
Pool-room, keeping, unlicensed.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Poor debtors,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Procuring female for prostitution.	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Profanity,	-	1	2	-	15	-	1	-	4	-	10	5	133	-	171
Public exhibition, promoting.	-	-	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19
Railroad laws, violating, .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	86	4	102
Railroad, obstructing, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	10	-	12
Refusing information to assessor.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Refusing to aid officer, . .	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	10	-	1	-	3	2	21
Refusing to make returns of births to Secretary of Commonwealth.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Rescue,	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	18	3	25
Rescue of animals,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2
Road laws, violating, . . .	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
School laws, violating, . .	-	5	3	-	7	3	4	3	1	-	3	5	9	14	57
Seduction,	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Sewer laws, violating, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2
Sodomy,	-	1	1	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2
Stubbornness,	2	21	70	1	61	1	17	-	120	-	17	17	186	47	560
Tobacco laws, violating, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Tobacco, selling, to minors,	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	4
Tramps,	-	-	65	-	20	4	-	3	60	-	17	15	15	4	203
Truancy,	-	37	40	1	45	37	36	-	111	-	22	24	313	54	720
Unnatural act,	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	5	-	8
Vaccinated, refusing to be, .	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	1
Vagabonds,	-	-	31	-	6	-	4	1	12	-	-	9	17	-	80
Vagrants,	-	46	32	1	116	15	191	2	211	-	134	8	472	216	1,444
Vicious life, leading, . . .	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Victualler, unlicensed, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
Vinegar laws, violating, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	5
Walking on railroad,	-	-	-	-	42	17	83	-	84	-	9	-	39	51	325
Water supply, polluting, . .	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3
Totals,	61	2,573	6,897	53	11,091	391	4,329	633	12,866	14	2,656	3,398	41,892	8,048	94,902

RECAPITULATION.

1. — Against the person, . .	42	304	663	13	1,401	74	436	89	1,121	6	436	320	3,174	837	8,916
2. — Against property, . .	47	266	1,000	27	1,374	75	601	85	1,936	3	567	319	4,926	1,120	12,546
3. — Against public order, etc.	61	2,573	6,897	53	11,091	391	4,329	633	12,866	14	2,656	3,398	41,892	8,048	94,902
Totals,	150	3,143	8,560	93	13,866	540	5,366	807	15,923	23	3,659	4,037	49,992	10,005	116,164

NOTE. — There were also 743 neglected children before the courts in the year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS IN LOWER COURTS — *Continued.*

*Disposition of Criminal Cases Pending at the Beginning of the Year and of such Cases Begun in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904, in the Municipal, Police and District Courts, and before Trial Justices.**

COURTS AND TRIAL JUSTICES.	Cases pending at Beginning of Year.	Cases begun during Year.	Quashed or disposed of before Trial.	PLEAS.		FINDINGS.		
				GUILTY.	Not Guilty.	GUILTY.	Not Guilty.	Bound Over.
MUNICIPAL.								
Boston,	51	30,289	14,504	11,416	3,316	13,868	761	550
Brighton,	-	659	13	474	190	606	22	15
Charlestown,	96	3,492	79	2,490	829	592	181	79
Dorchester,	-	1,320	46	941	292	1,146	63	23
East Boston,†	109	2,361	156	1,467	567	1,929	133	27
Roxbury,	-	5,161	24	3,477	1,472	4,434	349	140
South Boston,	4	3,438	555	1,934	817	611	153	62
West Roxbury,	-	883	155	423	283	630	47	34
Brookline,	-	517	6	356	153	472	37	4
POLICE.								
Brockton,	-	2,310	172	1,302	662	1,830	182	56
Chelsea,	-	2,389	17	1,776	722	2,266	173	40
Chicopee,	-	507	6	446	55	473	17	10
Fitchburg,	7	813	7	523	231	661	77	16
Holyoke,	18	1,497	-	1,306	169	1,411	56	16
Lawrence,	-	2,338	27	1,699	613	506	65	45
Lee,	23	135	-	98	59	129	18	11
Lowell,	171	4,830	699	3,306	717	3,751	126	68
Lynn,	36	4,609	108	3,737	814	4,179	166	91
Marlborough,	-	453	75	296	80	70	19	12
Newburyport,	-	638	22	433	171	539	41	24
Newton,	143	809	293	412	214	575	30	10
Somerville,	-	1,629	50	1,114	418	1,399	68	37
Springfield,	-	2,608	77	2,234	322	2,386	79	25
Williamstown,	15	79	11	33	36	53	11	1
DISTRICT.								
Barnstable, First,	-	77	2	30	51	57	7	15
" Second,	-	73	4	34	40	47	6	15
Berkshire, Central,	-	1,143	122	731	291	976	25	20
" Northern,	-	985	44	741	197	831	49	11
" Southern,	1	257	8	173	74	236	11	11
" Fourth,	-	544	20	373	139	84	35	9
Bristol, First,	1	1,909	449	1,088	356	1,321	101	24
" Second,	-	4,045	1,532	1,589	1,106	2,219	266	78
" Third,	2	2,084	56	1,605	380	1,873	58	34
" Fourth,	-	522	12	283	221	405	71	28
Dukes County,	-	93	14	44	30	50	8	15
Essex, First,	-	1,931	125	1,286	441	1,545	120	41
" Second,	-	267	14	179	69	209	29	8
" Northern (Central),	322	1,788	101	1,255	441	1,580	78	40
" Eastern,	-	1,063	234	676	286	767	59	38
Franklin,	-	454	10	299	143	392	40	15
" Eastern,	-	86	7	54	21	54	11	6
Hampden, Eastern,	-	267	2	191	68	237	13	8
" Western,	97	487	9	300	131	369	49	14
Hampshire,	40	672	46	521	142	583	29	29
" Eastern,	-	135	7	93	39	29	9	1
Middlesex, Central,	1	506	24	346	205	459	76	22
" First Northern,	28	235	7	78	106	141	47	11
" First Eastern,	74	1,441	78	984	448	1,219	110	29
" Second Eastern,	34	715	73	394	193	503	53	21
" Third Eastern,	-	2,804	48	2,170	852	2,680	227	72
" Fourth Eastern,	-	996	5	740	223	881	63	14
" First Southern,	60	478	36	284	175	367	15	3
Norfolk, Northern,	-	1,006	15	554	399	863	53	31
" East,	26	1,493	154	696	433	921	131	27
" Southern,	-	310	12	201	111	281	22	9
" Western,	49	333	8	114	176	238	44	12

* For number of sentences imposed see table following.

† This is a district court, but for convenience it is put with the other Boston courts.

CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS IN LOWER COURTS — *Continued.**Disposition of Criminal Cases Pending and Begun, etc. — Concluded.*

COURTS AND TRIAL JUSTICES.	Cases pending at Beginning of Year.	Cases begun during Year.	Quashed or disposed of before Trial.	PLEAS.		FINDINGS.		
				Gilty.	Not Gilty.	Gilty.	Not Gilty	Bound Over.
DISTRICT — Con.								
Plymouth, Second,	-	1,021	-	669	265	872	53	12
" Third,	152	525	102	311	176	425	48	17
" Fourth,	-	181	26	88	63	135	9	7
Worcester, Central,	-	5,760	1,625	2,722	1,124	3,590	288	121
" First Northern, . .	-	463	1	338	99	393	30	15
" First Eastern, . . .	2	153	11	92	41	120	9	3
" Second Eastern, . .	-	545	23	337	154	434	31	18
" First Southern, . .	53	656	32	434	150	111	30	29
" Second Southern, .	75	349	15	183	102	285	21	2
" Third Southern, . .	-	448	8	357	57	404	16	1
" Western,	5	289	7	187	100	259	21	7
Winchendon,	-	49	1	45	4	46	3	-
TRIAL JUSTICES.								
Essex,	3	1,232	33	672	483	989	133	34
Middlesex,	6	1,027	35	817	163	905	64	13
Nantucket,	-	23	1	10	13	18	3	1
Worcester,	-	490	17	329	138	432	40	13
Totals,	1,704	116,164	*22,367	67,294	24,321	76,351	5,588	2,395

* This number includes 15,737 cases of drunkenness that were released from arrest without arraignment. The only large number of such cases appears in the Boston Municipal Court, where 14,357 cases were disposed of in that way.

Number of Sentences imposed by Municipal, Police and District Courts, and Trial Justices, in Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

COURTS AND TRIAL JUSTICES.	SENTENCES FOR CRIMES.					Aggregate of Sentences.
	1. — Against the Person.	2. — Against Property.	3. — AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.			
			Drunkenness.	Other Crimes in this Class.	All Crimes in this Class.	
MUNICIPAL.						
Boston,	942	1,082	6,241	3,195	9,436	11,460
Brighton,	28	42	278	136	414	484
Charlestown,	102	252	1,262	222	1,484	1,838
Dorchester,	47	88	694	117	811	946
East Boston,*	51	140	664	231	895	1,086
Roxbury,	277	409	2,051	559	2,610	3,296
South Boston,	159	186	1,291	341	1,632	1,977
West Roxbury,	50	51	300	109	409	510
Brookline,	29	59	159	65	224	312
POLICE.						
Brockton,	77	51	984	451	1,435	1,563
Chelsea,	117	111	1,215	265	1,480	1,708
Chicopee,	41	19	242	44	286	346
Fitchburg,	24	47	248	122	370	441
Holyoke,	136	155	837	175	1,012	1,303
Lawrence,	141	89	1,313	265	1,578	1,808
Lee,	9	10	67	29	96	115

* This is a district court, but for convenience it is put with the other Boston courts.

CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS IN LOWER COURTS — *Continued.**Number of Sentences imposed by Municipal, etc., Courts, etc. — Concluded.*

COURTS AND TRIAL JUSTICES.	SENTENCES FOR CRIMES.					
	1.—Against the Person.	2.—Against Property.	3.—AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.			Aggregate of Sentences.
			Drunkenness.	Other Crimes in this Class.	All Crimes in this Class.	
POLICE—Con.						
Lowell,	113	256	2,854	373	3,227	3,596
Lynn,	149	179	838	478	1,316	1,644
Marlborough,	10	10	208	43	251	271
Newburyport,	23	32	261	56	317	372
Newton,	42	80	208	108	316	388
Somerville,	88	85	696	265	961	1,184
Springfield,	71	153	1,098	318	1,416	1,640
Williamstown,	7	3	16	5	21	31
DISTRICT.						
Barnstable, First,	9	4	12	18	30	43
“ Second,	19	3	2	15	17	39
Berkshire, Central,	49	31	611	122	733	813
“ Northern,	24	33	328	76	404	461
“ Southern,	29	10	110	43	153	192
“ Fourth,	51	26	163	82	245	322
Bristol, First,	72	63	799	104	903	1,028
“ Second,	194	280	718	659	1,377	1,851
“ Third,	119	104	1,066	315	1,381	1,604
“ Fourth,	14	44	71	120	191	249
Dukes County,	6	7	8	18	26	39
Essex, First,	98	59	798	269	1,067	1,224
“ Second,	22	4	120	39	159	185
“ Northern (Central),	88	53	923	153	1,076	1,217
“ Eastern,	61	35	278	100	378	474
Franklin,	30	32	172	97	269	331
“ Eastern,	8	6	30	8	38	52
Hampden, Eastern,	17	11	74	58	132	160
“ Western,	18	26	174	80	254	298
Hampshire,	38	22	385	47	432	492
“ Eastern,	6	7	54	18	72	85
Middlesex, Central,	20	79	76	162	238	337
“ First Northern,	23	10	24	45	69	102
“ First Eastern,	71	74	369	155	524	669
“ Second Eastern,	32	88	187	111	298	368
“ Third Eastern,	84	220	1,168	426	1,594	1,898
“ Fourth Eastern,	29	35	535	105	640	704
“ First Southern,	13	17	111	103	214	244
Norfolk, Northern,	55	49	153	313	466	570
“ East,	74	46	469	244	713	833
“ Southern,	31	22	83	81	164	217
“ Western,	51	11	76	49	125	187
Plymouth, Second,	38	16	191	258	449	503
“ Third,	42	6	236	84	320	368
“ Fourth,	17	6	52	63	105	128
Worcester, Central,	146	257	1,767	538	2,305	2,708
“ First Northern,	17	16	197	60	257	290
“ First Eastern,	14	4	57	9	66	84
“ Second Eastern,	21	32	229	90	319	372
“ First Southern,	52	19	215	115	330	401
“ Second Southern,	41	20	97	77	174	235
“ Third Southern,	9	11	232	61	283	303
“ Western,	35	9	126	40	166	210
Winchendon,	3	1	18	9	27	31
TRIAL JUSTICES.						
Essex,	119	59	362	226	588	766
Middlesex,	12	22	308	62	370	404
Nantucket,	2	-	8	2	10	12
Worcester,	23	18	158	87	245	286
Totals,	4,779	5,486	38,425	13,968	52,393	62,658

CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS IN LOWER COURTS — *Continued.*

Number of Search Warrants, etc., in the Municipal, Police and District Courts in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

COURTS.	WARRANTS TO SEARCH FOR STOLEN PROPERTY.		WARRANTS TO SEARCH FOR INTOXICATING LIQUORS.						OTHER SEARCH WARRANTS.		Number of Inquests.	Number of Fire Inquests.
	Number is- sued.	Cases in which Property was found.	Number is- sued.	Number of Seizures.	Liquor not found.	Number of Forfeitures.	Liquor re- turned to Claimant.	Cases appealed or pending.	Number is- sued.	Number of Seizures.		
MUNICIPAL.												
Boston,	16	1	286	48	231	33	10	11	300	88	98	-
Brighton,	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
Charlestown,	13	6	21	11	10	11	-	-	7	5	2	-
Dorchester,	3	-	9	9	-	9	-	1	4	4	1	-
East Boston,*	10	2	33	11	22	7	4	-	3	1	1	-
Roxbury,	18	5	28	22	6	20	2	-	10	7	7	-
South Boston,	3	-	24	7	17	5	2	-	20	2	7	-
West Roxbury,	1	-	23	10	13	7	3	-	2	-	4	-
Brookline,	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-
POLICE.												
Brookton,	7	5	346	180	166	161	19	-	24	8	6	-
Chelea,	6	3	114	52	62	47	5	-	6	1	2	-
Chicopee,	2	2	2	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Fitchburg,	17	6	148	71	77	53	11	8	1	1	-	-
Holyoke,	3	1	7	3	4	1	1	-	-	-	2	-
Lawrence,	32	15	40	16	14	16	-	8	26	26	6	-
Lee,	2	1	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lowell,	21	6	708	151	537	141	13	1	11	8	-	-
Lynn,	17	8	19	9	10	9	-	-	21	17	11	-
Marlborough,	-	-	24	13	11	9	3	-	-	-	-	-
Newburyport,	10	4	24	13	11	13	-	-	-	-	2	-
Newton,	16	10	7	4	2	4	-	-	1	1	3	-
Somerville,	3	1	18	14	4	13	-	3	2	2	10	-
Springfield,	9	6	2	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	18	-
Williamstown,	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
DISTRICT.												
Barnstable, First,	10	4	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	-
“ Second,	2	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Berkshire, Central,	3	3	6	5	1	5	-	-	-	-	7	-
“ Northern,	6	2	3	1	2	-	-	-	18	17	8	-
“ Southern,	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
“ Fourth,	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bristol, First,	5	1	19	16	3	14	2	-	4	2	6	-
“ Second,	2	-	8	6	2	2	-	-	31	11	6	-
“ Third,	14	8	18	11	7	5	1	-	3	1	3	-
“ Fourth,	8	3	27	21	6	13	6	1	6	6	8	-

* This is a district court, but for convenience it is put with the other Boston courts.

CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS IN LOWER COURTS — *Concluded.**Number of Search Warrants, etc. — Concluded.*

COURTS.	WARRANTS TO SEARCH FOR STOLEN PROPERTY.		WARRANTS TO SEARCH FOR INTOXICATING LIQUORS.						OTHER SEARCH WARRANTS.		Number of Inquests. Number of Fire Inquests.	
	Number issued.	Cases in which Property was found.	Number issued.	Number of Seizures.	Liquor not found.	Number of Forfeitures.	Liquor returned to Claimant.	Cases appealed or pending.	Number issued.	Number of Seizures.		
DISTRICT — Con.												
Dukes County, . . .	10	1	6	4	2	4	-	-	-	-	1	-
Essex, First, . . .	14	6	144	55	87	35	11	8	4	8	17	-
“ Second, . . .	4	3	13	6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
“ Northern (Central), .	11	7	18	6	12	6	-	-	4	8	8	-
“ Eastern, . . .	3	3	44	23	20	-	1	-	2	2	-	-
Franklin, . . .	13	5	2	2	-	1	-	-	3	3	14	-
“ Eastern, . . .	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
Hampden, Eastern, . .	3	2	4	4	-	3	1	-	-	-	4	-
“ Western, . . .	5	2	20	10	2	6	2	8	-	-	4	-
Hampshire, . . .	9	2	6	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	7	-
“ Eastern, . . .	2	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	1	-
Middlesex, Central, .	2	1	18	7	2	7	-	-	6	6	9	-
“ First Northern, . .	2	2	17	6	11	-	-	-	1	-	18	-
“ First Eastern, . .	16	6	55	26	29	20	6	-	1	1	9	-
“ Second Eastern, . .	9	3	96	33	63	32	1	-	-	-	8	-
“ Third Eastern, . .	2	1	26	23	8	9	4	2	2	1	1	-
“ Fourth Eastern, . .	1	-	77	15	62	15	-	-	6	5	6	-
“ First Southern, . .	13	2	15	7	6	6	-	1	1	1	*3	-
Norfolk, Northern, .	17	10	48	21	27	21	-	-	7	5	4	-
“ East, . . .	22	12	59	30	29	28	2	-	8	4	6	-
“ Southern, . . .	5	-	18	13	5	13	-	1	-	-	3	-
“ Western, . . .	5	1	30	18	12	18	-	-	2	-	4	-
Plymouth, Second, . .	6	2	108	62	46	62	-	-	17	11	3	-
“ Third, . . .	12	4	19	15	4	13	2	1	2	2	3	-
“ Fourth, . . .	4	-	20	17	3	17	-	-	-	-	-	-
Worcester, Central, .	12	4	249	35	214	34	1	-	6	2	63	-
“ First Northern, . .	3	1	10	4	6	4	-	-	-	-	7	-
“ First Eastern, . .	2	1	8	4	4	2	-	-	-	-	4	-
“ Second Eastern, . .	1	-	28	18	10	16	-	1	-	-	-	-
“ First Southern, . .	7	2	13	5	8	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
“ Second Southern, .	-	-	5	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	2	-
“ Third Southern, . .	3	1	9	1	8	-	-	-	1	1	4	-
“ Western, . . .	5	4	14	8	6	8	-	-	1	-	5	-
Winchendon, . . .	4	-	8	3	5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Totals, . . .	500	197	3,178	1,197	1,925	996	114	55	575	259	440	-

* There were also 23 medical statements filed.

COURTS AND PRISONS.

Showing Courts from which Prisoners were sentenced to State Prison, Reformatories and the State Farm in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

COURTS.	State Prison.	Massachusetts Reformatory.	Reformatory Prison for Women.	State Farm.	COURTS.	State Prison.	Massachusetts Reformatory.	Reformatory Prison for Women.	State Farm.
SUPERIOR.					DISTRICT—Con.				
Barnstable,	2	1	-	-	Essex, Second,	-	-	1	1
Berkshire,	7	3	-	3	“ Northern (Central),	7	-	7	32
Bristol,	12	8	2	8	“ Eastern,	-	-	1	18
Dukes County,	1	3	-	-	Franklin,	1	-	1	6
Essex,	22	20	5	11	“ Eastern,	-	-	-	-
Franklin,	5	-	-	-	Hampden, Eastern,	3	-	1	-
Hampden,	6	18	2	-	“ Western,	4	-	5	3
Hampshire,	4	1	2	2	Hampshire,	4	-	-	17
Middlesex,	20	30	2	14	“ Eastern,	-	-	-	-
Nantucket,	3	-	-	-	Middlesex, Central,	11	-	-	6
Norfolk,	3	7	2	2	“ First Northern,	2	-	1	1
Plymouth,	11	8	3	8	“ First Eastern,	14	-	1	30
Suffolk,	196	109	26	29	“ Second Eastern,	5	-	1	16
Worcester,	9	22	3	2	“ Third Eastern,	17	-	1	58
Totals,	198	230	47	79	“ Fourth Eastern,	3	-	-	10
MUNICIPAL.					“ First Southern,	1	-	-	10
Boston,	-	28	49	537	Norfolk, Northern,	2	-	-	4
Brighton,	-	1	-	10	“ East,	2	-	1	49
Charlestown,	-	3	3	7	“ Southern,	-	-	-	10
Dorchester,	-	5	2	-	“ Western,	-	-	-	9
East Boston,	-	14	1	-	Plymouth, Second,	-	-	-	17
Roxbury,	-	13	5	15	“ Third,	1	-	2	9
South Boston,	-	5	4	18	“ Fourth,	-	-	1	3
West Roxbury,	-	2	-	-	Worcester, Central,	32	-	7	161
Brookline,	-	-	1	10	“ First Northern,	-	-	1	-
POLICE.					“ First Eastern,	-	-	-	3
Brockton,	-	6	-	95	“ Second Eastern,	-	-	-	8
Chelsea,	-	6	4	37	“ First Southern,	2	-	2	11
Chicopee,	-	2	2	1	“ Second Southern,	-	-	-	-
Fitchburg,	-	6	2	6	“ Third Southern,	-	-	-	2
Holyoke,	-	10	2	1	“ Western,	1	-	1	-
Lawrence,	-	28	11	141	Winchendon,	-	-	-	-
Lee,	-	1	1	5	Totals,	-	361	171	1,882
Lowell,	-	27	23	110	U. S. COURTS.				
Lynn,	-	10	3	134	U. S. Circuit,	6	3	-	-
Marlborough,	-	1	-	9	TRIAL JUSTICES.				
Newburyport,	-	1	1	1	Essex,	-	-	-	11
Newton,	-	8	-	12	Middlesex,	-	4	2	7
Somerville,	-	6	2	30	Nantucket,	-	-	1	-
Springfield,	-	14	1	7	Worcester,	-	-	-	1
Williamstown,	-	-	1	-	Totals,	-	4	3	19
DISTRICT.									
Barnstable, First,	-	-	-	-	RECAPITULATION.				
“ Second,	-	-	-	3	Superior courts,	198	230	47	79
Berkshire, Central,	-	4	-	-	Municipal, police and dis-	-	361	171	1,882
“ Northern,	-	3	1	1	trict courts,	-	-	-	-
“ Southern,	-	-	-	3	U. S. courts,	6	3	-	-
“ Fourth,	-	1	1	-	Trial justices,	-	4	3	19
Bristol, First,	-	2	1	56	Totals,	204	598	221	1,980
“ Second,	-	27	8	65					
“ Third,	-	7	2	14					
“ Fourth,	-	-	2	32					
Dukes County,	-	-	-	1					
Essex, First,	-	6	2	27					

* This is a district court, but for convenience it is put with the other Boston courts.

† One had additional sentence from Norfolk Superior Court.

INDUSTRIES IN ALL THE PRISONS.

Under the present law all the industries in the State Prison, the Massachusetts Reformatory, the Reformatory Prison for Women, the State Farm and the jails and houses of correction are subject to the control of this Board, and reports concerning them are made at stated intervals by the principal officers of the institutions. The tables immediately following give information concerning prison work, which has been compiled from the reports of the officers.

Table showing how Prisoners were occupied in the State Prison, the Massachusetts Reformatory, the Reformatory Prison for Women, the State Farm, and the Industrial Camp on Sept. 30, 1904.

EMPLOYMENTS.	State Prison.	Massachusetts Reformatory.	Reformatory Prison for Women.	State Farm.	Industrial Camp.	Totals.
ON PRODUCTIVE INDUSTRIES.						
Box,	35	-	-	-	-	35
Brush,	34	-	-	-	-	34
Chair caning,	-	32	-	160	-	192
Cloth,	60	211	-	-	-	271
Clothing,	66	-	-	-	-	66
Dairy,	-	-	2	-	-	2
Hand-made shoe,	55	-	-	-	-	55
Harness,	50	-	-	-	-	50
Hosiery,	59	-	-	-	-	59
Laundry,	-	-	37	-	-	37
Printing,	-	14	-	-	-	14
Sewing,	-	-	4	-	-	4
Shirt,	-	-	43	-	-	43
Shoe,	199	175	-	-	-	374
Sundries,	-	4	-	-	-	4
Trunk,	14	-	-	-	-	14
Wood chair,	-	60	-	14	-	74
Totals,	572	496	86	174	-	1,328
ON MISCELLANEOUS WORK.						
Attendants in hospital,	4	15	6	27	-	52
Barbers,	4	6	-	10	-	20
Blacksmiths, pipers, tinsmiths, etc.,	9	-	-	4	-	18
Carpenters and helpers,	27	12	-	11	-	50

Table showing how Prisoners were occupied, etc. — Concluded.

EMPLOYMENTS.	State Prison.	Massachusetts Reformatory.	Reformatory Prison for Women.	State Farm.	Industrial Camp.	Totals.
ON MISCELLANEOUS WORK—Con.						
Clerks,	14	7	-	-	-	21
Firemen,	2	6	-	17	-	25
Gardeners, etc.,	2	17	-	-	-	19
Houseworkers, sweepers, etc.,	31	33	63	204	-	331
Machinists,	2	-	-	-	-	2
Painters and whitewashers,	5	7	-	13	-	25
Printers,	7	-	-	-	-	7
Runners and waiters,	89	60	-	-	-	149
Yard hands,	49	10	-	30	-	89
In engineer's department,	-	23	-	27	-	50
In farm work, etc.,	-	35	-	225	44	304
In library,	3	2	-	-	-	5
In repair shop,	23	24	-	15	-	62
In sewing room for prison,	-	-	21	33	-	54
In storehouse,	1	6	-	-	-	7
Totals,	272	263	90	616	44	1,285
NOT AT WORK.						
Confined to cells,	11	22	-	-	-	33
In hospital for treatment,	12	15	14	73	-	114
In trade schools for instruction,	-	149	-	-	-	149
Unemployed, including the aged, infirm, etc., not under the doctor's care,	-	-	-	179	-	179
Unassigned,	5	9	-	-	-	14
Totals,	28	195	14	252	-	489
RECAPITULATION.						
On productive industries,	572	496	86	174	-	1,328
On miscellaneous work,	272	263	90	616	44	1,285
Not at work,	28	195	14	252	-	489
Whole number of prisoners,	872	954	190	1,042	44	3,102

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE INDUSTRIES.

There have been many restrictions put upon the prison industries in the last twenty years; and under the conditions established by the act of 1897 there now remain three plans under which prisoners may

be employed, although in some cases the employment is sharply limited by the statutes. At the State Prison some prisoners are employed on public-account and others on the public-use plan; and the same may be said of the Reformatory Prison for Women. The Massachusetts Reformatory, in addition to these two plans, employs a few prisoners in caning chairs by the piece, this work furnishing useful occupation for the prisoners who are held in the third grade. The only manufacturing industry at the State Farm consists of cane-seating chairs, at which quite a large number of prisoners are employed, and some other chair work, which furnishes occupation for less than 20 inmates. The houses of correction at Cambridge, Deer Island, Dedham, New Bedford and Pittsfield employ prisoners on public account, and a few of the prisoners in the Lowell Jail are kept at work in the same way. All the other work in the houses of correction is done by the piece, and consists of chair-caning, with the single exception of Springfield, where one industry, specially exempted by the law of 1897, is maintained.

Table showing the Highest and Lowest Number of Prisoners employed in Each Industry in the State Institutions during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

INDUSTRIES.	STATE INSTITUTIONS.							
	STATE PRISON.		MASSACHUSETTS REFORMATORY.		REFORMATORY PRISON FOR WOMEN.		STATE FARM.	
	Highest.	Lowest.	Highest.	Lowest.	Highest.	Lowest.	Highest.	Lowest.
Box,	88	32	-	-	-	-	-	-
Brush,	35	34	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chair caning,	-	-	46	17	-	-	179	139
Cloth,	68	40	255	180	-	-	-	-
Clothing,	74	64	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dairy,	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-
Hand-made shoe,	55	45	-	-	-	-	-	-
Harness,	50	47	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hosiery,	60	32	-	-	-	-	-	-
Laundry,	-	-	-	-	38	25	-	-
Printing,	-	-	19	12	-	-	-	-
Sewing,	-	-	-	-	21	1	-	-
Shirt,	-	-	-	-	60	31	-	-
Shoe,	200	190	175	156	-	-	-	-
Sundries,	-	-	17	4	-	-	-	-
Trunk,	14	11	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wood chair,	-	-	60	51	-	-	14	14

Table showing the Highest and Lowest Number of Prisoners employed in Each Industry in the Jails and Houses of Correction during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904.

JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.	Industries.	NUMBER OF PRISONERS EMPLOYED.	
		Highest.	Lowest.
Cambridge Jail and House of Correction,	{ Broom,	6	2
	{ Brush,	45	27
	{ Mat,	14	6
Dedham Jail and House of Correction,	{ Shoe heels,	75	28
Deer Island House of Correction,	{ Clothing,	188	169
	{ Stone,	113	25
Fitchburg Jail and House of Correction,	{ Chair caning,	93	32
Greenfield Jail and House of Correction,	{ Chair caning,	31	11
Lawrence Jail and House of Correction,	{ Chair caning,	63	20
Lowell Jail,	{ Sorting waste,	25	25
New Bedford Jail and House of Correction,	{ Flexible shoe soles,	81	45
	{ Leather-board,	86	44
Northampton Jail and House of Correction,	{ Chair caning,	37	9
Pittsfield Jail and House of Correction,	{ Shoe heels,	39	12
Plymouth Jail and House of Correction,	{ Chair caning,	55	10
Salem Jail and House of Correction, . . .	{ Chair caning,	60	20
Springfield Jail and House of Correction,	{ Umbrella,	105	60
Worcester Jail and House of Correction,	{ Chair caning,	191	81

Table relating to the Income from Industries in All Prisons during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904, and showing the Proportion of Sentenced Prisoners engaged upon the Industries on that Date.

PRISONS.	Average Number of Prisoners employed.	Income.	SEPT. 30, 1904.		
			Whole Number of Sentenced Prisoners.	Number employed at Remunerative Industries.	Percentage employed at Remunerative Industries.
State Prison,	545	\$35,836 75	872	572	66
Massachusetts Reformatory,	493	19,124 27	954	496	52
Reformatory Prison for Women,	85	7,678 12	190	86	45
State Farm,	176	3,767 35	1,042	174	17
Jails and houses of correction,	981	26,665 20	*3,450	860	25
Totals,	2,280	\$93,071 69	*6,508	2,188	34

* There were also, at the Industrial Camp for Prisoners in Rutland, 44 prisoners who had been transferred from houses of correction.

Table showing Prisoners employed in the Jails and Houses of Correction during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904, with the Earnings, and the Percentage of Sentenced Prisoners employed on the Industries on that Date.

JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.	NUMBER EMPLOYED.			Earnings.	SEPT. 30, 1904.		
	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.		Number of Sentenced Prisoners.	Number on Industries.	Percentage on Industries.
Cambridge Jail and House of Correction,	65	35	53	\$1,771 58	254	60	24
Dedham Jail and House of Correction,	75	28	47	860 23	54	38	70
Deer Island House of Correction,	301	194	265	4,516 06	1,793	227	13
Fitchburg Jail and House of Correction,	93	32	55	3,520 36	106	76	72
Greenfield Jail and House of Correction,	31	11	22	964 06	47	20	43
Lawrence Jail and House of Correction,	63	20	39	-	113	-	-
Lowell Jail,	25	25	25	1,415 78	102	25	24
New Bedford Jail and House of Correction,	167	89	123	5,094 06	158	96	59
Northampton Jail and House of Correction,	87	9	20	384 88	40	30	75
Pittsfield Jail and House of Correction,	39	12	26	-	70	29	41
Plymouth Jail and House of Correction,	55	10	38	643 76	52	36	69
Salem Jail and House of Correction,	60	20	45	1,332 14	118	34	29
Springfield Jail and House of Correction,	105	60	82	4,064 51	180	80	44
Worcester Jail and House of Correction,	191	81	141	2,097 78	192	109	57
Totals,	-	-	981	\$25,665 20	3,279	860	26

Table showing the Number of Prisoners engaged upon Industries in All the Prisons, Sept. 30, 1904.

INDUSTRIES.	State Prison.	Massachusetts Reformatory.	Reformatory Prison for Women.	State Farm.	Jails and Houses of Correction.	Aggregates.
Box,	35	-	-	-	-	35
Broom,*	-	-	-	-	4	4
Brush,	34	-	-	-	45	79
Chair caning,	-	32	-	160	305	497
Cloth,*	60	211	-	-	-	271
Clothing,	*66	-	-	-	181	247
Dairy,	-	-	2	-	-	2
Flexible shoe soles,	-	-	-	-	48	48
Hand-made shoe,*	55	-	-	-	-	55
Harness,	50	-	-	-	-	50
Hosiery,*	59	-	-	-	-	59
Laundry,	-	-	37	-	-	37
Leather-board,	-	-	-	-	48	48
Mat,	-	-	-	-	11	11
Printing,	-	14	-	-	-	14
Sewing,*	-	-	4	-	-	4
Shirt,	-	-	43	-	-	43
Shoe,	199	175	-	-	-	374
Shoe heels,	-	-	-	-	67	67
Sorting waste,	-	-	-	-	25	25
Stone,	-	-	-	-	46	46
Sundries,	-	4	-	-	-	4
Trunk,	14	-	-	-	-	14
Umbrella,	-	-	-	-	80	80
Wood chair,	-	60	-	14	-	74
Totals,	572	496	86	174	860	2,188

* Goods made for public use only.

MAKING GOODS FOR PUBLIC USE.

Since the last annual report a sample room has been fitted up at the State Prison for the exhibition of all the articles that can now be made by the labor of prisoners for the use of public institutions generally. The State Prison was selected as the place for this exhibit, because it is easy of access, and supplies a place where the principal officers of all the hospitals, prisons and asylums that are to use these goods may inspect them at the least possible inconvenience. It may be possible in the future, if additional accommodations are afforded, to enlarge the scope of this work and to make further improvements in the class of goods now produced; but at

the present time it is not practicable to add to the list of articles, and the only change we can hope for is to improve the quality by continual experimenting, after obtaining the suggestions of the officers to whom these goods are sent. When the statute which required the use of these articles was enacted, it was believed that the law could be put into operation with less friction by placing reliance upon the co-operation of the officers, than by invoking the harsh measure of a penalty for non-compliance with it. The experience under the act has justified this confidence in the principal officers. They have, as a rule, yielded not only a ready compliance with the law, but have been very considerate in the way of giving notice as to their requirements, so that they could be met if possible. This condition, however, has depended wholly upon the personality of the officers, and of course a change in this respect might at any time bring about a state of affairs that would make it difficult to administer the law with any degree of satisfaction; and it is suggested that it may be advisable, for the sake of thoroughly systematizing the work, to provide some safeguard in the way of a plan of securing information and classification. At stated periods, the articles to be manufactured should be prescribed, and the price to be paid for them should be adjusted.

During the year the State Prison has continued to make all the clothing sold to institutions. It has also furnished the boots and shoes and the hosiery, and some of the coarser kinds of cotton cloth. A large number of blankets are woven here, but none are sold until they are returned to the reformatory to be finished for the use of institutions.

All the woollen cloth supplied to the different places has been made at the Massachusetts Reformatory, which also furnishes the cotton and woollen yarns. A large number of blankets has also been sold from the stock produced at Concord and Charlestown. Some orders for chairs and other furniture have also been filled at the reformatory.

Last year a few looms were made for the Reformatory Prison for Women, but after a short experiment with them it was found that they were too heavy for use at that place; they will therefore be removed, and lighter ones will be provided. The looms here, like those at Concord and Charlestown, are to be operated by hand, and it is not the intention to make at Sherborn any more cloth than is

needed at that place. The Reformatory Prison for Women supplies from the general industry the white shirts needed in the different institutions, and there is here also a sewing room where women's dresses and many other garments are made.

The Cambridge House of Correction makes brushes for public use, and also supplies the brooms and mats ordered by public institutions.

Sales of Goods to Institutions during the Year ending Sept 30, 1904.

From the State Prison,	\$77,684 03
Massachusetts Reformatory,	69,433 32
Reformatory Prison for Women,	5,803 00
Cambridge House of Correction,	4,295 49
	<hr/>
	\$157,165 84

INDUSTRIAL CAMP FOR PRISONERS.

In addition to the ordinary employment for prisoners in the houses of correction, some work has been provided for them at the Temporary Industrial Camp for Prisoners, in Rutland. In the preliminary pages of this report there is an account of what has been done in this direction, with a description of the buildings, and some suggestions as to the further development of this plan for employing prisoners.

LIBRARIES.

From information contained in the annual reports received from the officers of the different prisons, the following tabular statement as to the number of volumes in the libraries has been prepared. The library of the State Prison shows an increase in the number of volumes, and the Massachusetts Reformatory has a great many more books than were reported last year. There is also a small increase in the number of volumes at the Reformatory Prison for Women. In some of the houses of correction, where the number of volumes does not greatly exceed the number of prisoners, all the books are in constant use, and frequent renewals are needed. During the year the library at the Pittsfield House of Correction has been rearranged, and, although there are not many more books than last year, they are in better condition and more accessible.

Table showing the Average Number of Prisoners for the Year ending Sept. 30, 1904, and the Number of Volumes in the Library of Each Prison named in this Report.

INSTITUTIONS.	Average Number of Prisoners.	Number of Volumes in Library.
State Prison,	834	8,348
Massachusetts Reformatory,	932	5,000
Reformatory Prison for Women,	194	1,773
State Farm,	949	750
Temporary Industrial Camp for Prisoners,	43	-
Barnstable Jail and House of Correction,	10	90
Boston Jail,	227	710
Cambridge Jail and House of Correction,	293	1,125
Dedham Jail and House of Correction,	90	500
Deer Island House of Correction,	1,552	5,461
Edgartown Jail,	-	-
Fitchburg Jail and House of Correction,	108	600
Greenfield Jail and House of Correction,	41	300
Ipswich House of Correction,	56	200
Lawrence Jail and House of Correction,	133	300
Lowell Jail,	108	288
Nantucket Jail and House of Correction,	-	-
New Bedford Jail and House of Correction,	237	448
Newburyport Jail,	16	50
Northampton Jail and House of Correction,	40	300
Pittsfield Jail and House of Correction,	72	512
Plymouth Jail and House of Correction,	69	150
Salem Jail and House of Correction,	147	236
Springfield Jail and House of Correction,	189	974
Taunton Jail,	46	145
Worcester Jail and House of Correction,	247	675
Total,	-	28,935

REPORT OF THE AGENT FOR AIDING DISCHARGED PRISONERS.

To the Board of Prison Commissioners :

During the year ending Sept. 30, 1904, aid was furnished to 1,651 discharged male prisoners, 1,147 of whom had been inmates of the Massachusetts Reformatory, 63 of the Temporary Industrial Camp for Prisoners, in Rutland, 157 of the State Prison, 277 of the county prisons of this State, and 7 of prisons in other states. Those from the Massachusetts Reformatory and the Prison Camp were aided from the State appropriation for that purpose as follows :—

Railroad fares to homes and places of employment, .	\$1,225 27
Board while seeking work,	1,787 94
Clothing,	1,136 10
Tools,	232 40
Miscellaneous (employment fees, medicine, etc.), .	117 10
Total,	\$4,498 81

The men released from State Prison this year, and others who had been released in previous years, were aided as follows :—

Railroad fares,	\$383 42
Board,	1,245 55
Clothing,	534 64
Tools,	113 84
Miscellaneous,	61 75
Total,	\$2,339 20

The other 284 prisoners were helped from the funds of the Massachusetts Society for Aiding Discharged Convicts, at an outlay of \$1,396.26.

Much hardship is prevented and considerable suffering relieved by the aid furnished to these unfortunate men and boys at a time when they most urgently need it. Without some provision for their

encouragement and help there is no doubt that many of those who are released would soon be in prison again, as with few exceptions they are without means upon their discharge.

The status of the discharged prisoner has to some extent improved through the continued agitation in his behalf. It remains for the ex-prisoner to do more towards helping his own cause; this he can do by so conducting himself as to win and keep the respect and confidence of those who are disposed to befriend him. Honesty, good conduct and faithfulness not only contribute to his own success, but make it easier for those who follow him from prison to secure recognition and opportunities.

In making this report I am reminded of the men who have called during the year, and who are now striving to make an honest living. In their behalf let us hope that employers who find that unknowingly they have given work to an ex-prisoner will, when the fact comes to their knowledge, take pains to inquire into the particulars of the man's history and the circumstances of his offence, instead of immediately dismissing him. If this is done, I believe that some will be able to retain their employment and prove themselves faithful.

With sincere thanks to all who have participated in this work,

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE E. CORNWALL,

Agent.

ROOM 24, STATE HOUSE, BOSTON, Oct. 1, 1904.

REPORT OF THE AGENT FOR AIDING DISCHARGED FEMALE PRISONERS.

To the Board of Prison Commissioners :

It has been said that "He who converteth a sinner from the error of his way shall save a soul from death." If this is true in all cases, it must be true in the case of women who are saved from lives of vice and crime; every woman rescued when only on the border line of vice and crime means a financial gain to the State, and a new world with hopeful possibilities for the woman.

The work of this office goes on about the same as in former years, — the same unending round of visits, exhortations and counsel. The progress of the work may not be marked, but, viewing it from the beginning, considerable advancement has been made, especially recently, through the indeterminate sentence, in that the women's best energies are thereby stimulated. The indeterminate sentence calls out the best that is in her, not only while in prison, but in many cases when she leaves the prison. Already several women have married and settled down to the stern realities of life, with a realizing sense of their obligations as free women and true citizens, respecting the rights of others, hoping in turn to be respected.

It is a most difficult problem, or rather, series of problems, which confronts me, for each individual with whom I deal presents conditions somewhat different from any other individual. It is only through experience gained in actual work that one is enabled to reach a solution of the difficulties which are peculiar to the work in which I am engaged.

Although one meets with many disappointments in this line of work, still there is much to encourage, if we look above the clouds for the sunlight. It comes oftentimes in the form of a letter from a woman who has won a victory over self and temptation. I recall one in particular received from a woman in Montana, who three years ago attempted to take her life, her remorse being so great

over her past life. I called at her lodging house just in time to save her, took her to a home, where she was well cared for till arrangements could be made for her transportation to Montana. She was placed in a good home, where she is working to-day, — a trusted, honest woman. She writes: "I never have the slightest desire to return to the old life; in fact, it is like a horrible dream. I am in a new world, with new thoughts and higher aspirations, and I mean to press on, with God's help, and not live for self alone, but to be kind and helpful to others less fortunate. It was your timely call and your words of comfort that saved me when in Boston. Now, with God's help and my own determination to live right and do right, I shall succeed."

Surely life has no significance or importance but that which is given to it by the end to which it leads.

Of the 921 women furnished with employment last year, 517 still retain their places; of 1,761 women who have been helped this year, 998 have been furnished employment, 587 sent to home and friends, 79 sent to hospitals, 4 to insane asylums, 35 have died and 58 have been married.

The expenditures for the year ending Sept. 30, 1904, have been as follows: for food and lodging, \$676.63; clothing, \$661.92; employment fees, \$61; travel, \$907.35; boots, shoes, etc., \$128.95; books, stationery, etc., \$61.85; incidentals, \$348.29; total, \$2,845.99.*

In closing, I desire to extend my thanks to the Prison Commissioners, and to all officials for their kindness and consideration.

Respectfully submitted,

GEORGIA A. RUSSELL,

Agent.

ROOM 9, STATE HOUSE, BOSTON, Oct. 1, 1904.

* There has been paid during the year to the Temporary Asylum for Discharged Female Prisoners at Dedham the sum of \$530, for the support of women charged with crime whose cases were disposed of without sentence.

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